

AGENDA FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING OF THE EL CAMINO HOSPITAL BOARD

Monday, July 29, 2019 – 5:30 pm

Conference Rooms A&B (Ground Floor) El Camino Hospital | 2500 Grant Road Mountain View, CA 94040

MISSION: To provide oversight, information sharing and financial reviews related to budgeting, capital budgeting, long-range financial planning and forecasting, and monthly financial reporting for the El Camino Hospital Board of Directors. In carrying out its review, advisory and oversight responsibilities, the Committee shall remain flexible in order to best define financial strategies that react to changing conditions.

	AGENDA ITEM	PRESENTED BY		ESTIMATED TIMES
1.	CALL TO ORDER / ROLL CALL	John Zoglin, Chair		5:30 – 5:32 pm
2.	POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES	John Zoglin, Chair		5:32 – 5:33
3.	PUBLIC COMMUNICATION a. Oral Comments This opportunity is provided for persons in the audience to make a brief statement, not to exceed 3 minutes on issues or concerns not covered by the agenda. b. Written Correspondence	John Zoglin, Chair		5:33 – 5:36
4.	CONSENT CALENDAR Any Committee Member may remove an item for discussion before a motion is made.	John Zoglin, Chair	public comment	motion required 5:36 – 5:39
	 Approval a. Minutes of the Open Session of the Finance			
5.	REPORT ON BOARD ACTIONS ATTACHMENT 5	John Zoglin, Chair		information 5:39 – 5:44
6.	FY19 YEAR END (PERIOD 12) FINANCIALS ATTACHMENT 6	Iftikhar Hussain, CFO	public comment	motion required 5:44 – 5:54

A copy of the agenda for the Regular Meeting will be posted and distributed at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the meeting. In observance of the Americans with Disabilities Act, please notify us at 650-988-7504 prior to the meeting so that we may provide the agenda in alternative formats or make disability-related modifications and accommodations.

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7. CAPITAL FUNDING REQUEST ED REMODEL PROJECT ATTACHMENT 7	Jim Griffith, COO Ken King, Chief Admin Svcs Officer	public comment	motion required 5:54 – 6:09
8. MEDICAL STAFF DEVELOPMENT PLAN ATTACHMENT 8	Mark Adams, CMO Jim Griffith, COO Bruce Harrison, President SVMD	public comment	motion required 6:09 – 6:24
9. REVIEW OF PATIENT BILLINGS <u>ATTACHMENT 9</u>	Iftikhar Hussain, CFO		discussion 6:24 – 6:44
10. ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION	John Zoglin, Chair		motion required 6:44 – 6:45
11. POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES	John Zoglin, Chair		6:45 – 6:46
 12. CONSENT CALENDAR Any Committee Member may remove an item for discussion before a motion is made. Approval Gov't Code Section 54957.2: Minutes of the Open Session of the Finance Committee Meeting (May 28, 2019) Minutes of the Open Session of the Joint Board and Finance Committee Meeting (May 28, 2019) 	John Zoglin, Chair		motion required 6:46 – 6:49
 13. Health and Safety Code Section 32106(b) – for a report and discussion involving healthcare facility trade secrets: PHYSICIAN CONTRACTS Heart Failure Program Medical Director Agreement Cardiothoracic Surgery On-Call Panel Colon-Rectal Surgeon – Physician Income Guarantee 	Mark Adams, CMO		discussion 6:49 – 7:04
 14. Health and Safety Code Section 32106(b) – for a report and discussion involving healthcare facility trade secrets: Radiation Oncology Equipment – Funding Request to Support New Programs and Services 	Jim Griffith, COO		discussion 7:04 – 7:14
 15. Health and Safety Code Section 32106(b) – for a report and discussion involving healthcare facility trade secrets: LONG TERM FINANCIAL FORECAST 	Iftikhar Hussain, CFO KaufmanHall, Consultants		discussion 7:14 – 7:44
16. Gov't Code Sections 54957 for report and discussion on personnel matters – Senior Management:- EXECUTIVE SESSION	John Zoglin, Chair		discussion 7:44 – 7:49

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17. ADJOURN TO OPEN SESSION	John Zoglin, Chair		motion required 7:49 – 7:50
18. RECONVENE OPEN SESSION / REPORT OUT	John Zoglin, Chair		7:50 – 7:51
To report any required disclosures regarding permissible actions taken during Closed Session.			
 19. APPROVAL OF PHYSICIAN CONTRACTS a. Heart Failure Program Medical Director	John Zoglin, Chair Mark Adams, CMO John Griffith, COO John Zoglin, Chair	public comment	Motion(s) required 7:51 – 7:53
20. CAPITAL FUNDING REQUEST: Radiation Oncology Equipment Replacement	Jim Griffith, COO	public comment	motion required 7:53 – 7:55
21. CLOSING COMMENTS	John Zoglin, Chair		information 7:55 – 7:56
22. ADJOURNMENT	John Zoglin, Chair		motion required 7:56 – 7:57

Upcoming Finance Committee Meetings in FY20:

FC	Monday, July 29, 2019	FC	Monday, January 27, 2020
FC	Monday, September 23, 2019	FC	Monday, March 23, 2020
FC	Monday, November 25, 2019	FC	Monday, April 27, 2020
FC IC	Monday, January 27, 2020	FC ECHB	Tuesday, May 26, 2020



Minutes of the Open Session of the Finance Committee Tuesday, May 28, 2019 El Camino Hospital | Conference Room A&B 2500 Grant Road, Mountain View, CA 94040

Members Present
John Zoglin, Chair
Joseph Chow
Boyd Faust
Gary Kalbach
Richard Juelis

Members Absent
William Hobbs

Agenda Item		Comments/Discussion	Approvals/ Action
1.	CALL TO ORDER/ ROLL CALL	The open session meeting of the Finance Committee of El Camino Hospital (the "Committee") was called to order at 6:30pm by Chair John Zoglin. Roll call was taken. William Hobbs was absent. All other Committee members were present.	6:30 pm
2.	POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST	Chair Zoglin asked if any Committee members had a conflict of interest with any of the items on the agenda. No conflicts were reported.	
3.	PUBLIC COMMUNICATION	There were no comments from the public.	
4.	CONSENT CALENDAR	Chair Zoglin asked if any member of the Committee wished to remove an item from the consent calendar. Items 4(a) April 22nd Open Session Minutes and 4(d) Pacing Plan were pulled for discussion. The Committee requested the following corrections to the Minutes: 1. Show Criteria for "Post Implementation Review" as 18 months following approval of capital projects funded in the amount of \$2 million or more. 2. Reflect that Mr. Chow was present for the entire meeting. 3. Correct the spelling of Mr. Juelis' first name in the Roll Call section. The Committee also requested that the Pacing Plan be changed to show the following reviews: 1. Patient Billing Practices (Cttee Goal #2) – July Meeting 2. Ortho/Neuro/Spine Service Line – September Meeting 3. Maternal Child Health Service Line – November Meeting 4. SVMD, LLC – January Meeting 5. HVI Service Line – March Meeting Motion: To approve the consent calendar (a) Open Minutes of the Finance Committee Meeting for (April 22, 2019) as corrected; (b) FY19 Period 9 Financials and for Information: (c) Review Major Capital Projects in progress; (d) FY 20 Pacing Plan as amended; (e) Progress Against Goals; and (f) Article of Interest Movant: Faust Second: Juelis Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach Noes: None Abstentions: None	Consent Calendar approved with amendments to Minutes and Pacing Plan

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		A1	
		Absent: Hobbs	
_	DEDODE ON	Recused: None	
5.	REPORT ON	Chair Zoglin asked the Committee for any questions or feedback on the	
	BOARD ACTIONS	Report on Board Actions as further detailed in the packet. There were no comments.	
6.	FY19 PERIOD 10	Iftikhar Hussain, CFO, provided highlights of FY19 Period 10 Financials.	
	FINANCIALS	Mr. Hussain reviewed the April 2019 volumes, revenues and monthly financial trends, noting that there was a setback in LOS due to long stay outlier cases. He also reported that the run rate for April was \$15,908,000 against a budgeted operating margin of \$9,308,000. He reported that, for Q1 2019, the Surplus Cash return was 6.7 %, that the Cash Balance Plan return was 7.7% and that they were 2.6% and 2.7% respectively FYTD through March 31st. Mr. Hussain commented that the projected capital spend for FY19 is much less than budgeted due to delays in completion of major facilities projects. In response to Mr. Faust's question about why April was such a strong	
		month, Jim Griffith, COO, commented that it was due in part to more very sick patients coming in through the emergency department.	
7.	REVIEW AND	There were no objections to the financial reports. The Proposed FY20 Budget had been reviewed in detail at the	Recommended
	RECOMMEND FY20 BUDGET	 immediately preceding Joint Meeting of the Finance Committee and the Board. In response to questions from the Committee members, management provided the following information: To reduce pharmaceutical expenses management will be engaging physicians to use less expensive drugs that are equally clinically effective. While a \$4.45 million expense reduction may seem light in a \$1 billion budget, only those items for which there is a concrete plan for cost reduction were included. ECH is using its Centers of Excellence as differentiators to encourage insurance plans to direct volume to it. The total cost to complete all work related to the demolition of the Old Main Hospital is estimated at \$69 million, but only \$20 million will be spent in FY20. 	to approve FY20 Budget
		Motion: To recommend that the Board approve the Proposed FY20 Budget. Movant: Kalbach Second: Juelis Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Hobbs Recused: None	
8.	REVIEW AND RECOMMEND FY20 ORGANIZATIONAL GOALS	Chair Zoglin noted that it is the Finance Committee's roll to review the financial threshold goal and questioned whether 95% of operating margin is an appropriate level for the incentive plan threshold goal given that management has beaten the budget 5% - 90% over the last 8 years. The Committee members discussed this and management staff provided historical perspective that at one time the goal was 100%, then dropped to 90% and was brought back up to 95% two years ago. Dan Woods, CEO, commented that the two new major risks to the budget are SVMD's	Recommend to approve Proposed FY20 Organizational Goals

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		absorption of SJMG and the opening of Stanford's new hospital.	
		Metions To accommod that the Doord annual the Danger Levil	
		Motion: To recommend that the Board approve the Proposed FY20 Organizational Goals.	
		Movant: Kalbach	
		Second: Juelis	
		Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach	
		Noes: None	
		Abstentions: None	
		Absent: Hobbs	
		Recused: None	
9.	FACILITIES	Ken King, Chief Admin Svcs. Officer, gave an overview of the request to	Facilities
	CAPITAL FUNDING	fund MV Campus Site Signage. Mr. King explained that the plan includes	Capital
	REQUEST	120 new or retrofitted signs including two new major monument signs at	Funding
		North and South Drive, electrical work and lighting changes.	Request was
			approve.
		Motion: To approve funding for the MV Campus Site Signage not to	
		exceed \$2.5 million.	
		Movant: Faust	
		Second: Chow	
		Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach	
		Noes: None	
		Abstentions: None	
		Absent: Hobbs	
10	A D TOTIDAL TO	Recused: None	4 70 7 .
10.	ADJOURN TO	Motion: To adjourn to closed session at 7:25pm.	Adjourned to
	CLOSED SESSION	Movant: Kalbach	closed session
		Second: Chow	at 7:25pm.
		Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach Noes: None	
		Abstentions: None	
		Absent: Hobbs	
		Recused: None	
11	AGENDA ITEM 16:	Open session was reconvened at 7:52pm. Agenda Items 11-14 were	
11.	RECONVENE OPEN	covered in closed session. During the closed session, the Committee	
	SESSION/	approved Meeting Minutes of the Closed Session of the Finance	
	REPORT OUT	Committee (April 22, 2019) by a unanimous vote of all members present	
	1121 0111 001	(Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach).	
12.	AGENDA ITEM 17:		Physician
	APPROVAL OF	Motion: To approve the proposed Lithotripsy Professional Services	Contracts were
	PHYSICIAN	Agreement Renewal and the Behavioral Health Unit On-Call Panel	approved/recom
	CONTRACTS	Renewal.	mended to
		Movant: Kalbach	approve
		Second: Chow	
		Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach	
		Noes: None	
		Abstentions: None	
		Absent: Hobbs	
		Recused: None	
		Motion: To recommend the Board approve the Proposed Infection	
		Control Medical Director Agreement Renewal.	
		Movant: Kalbach	
		Second: Chow	

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	Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach	
	Noes: None	
	Abstentions: None	
	Absent: Hobbs	
	Recused: None	
13. AGENDA ITEM 18:	There were no additional closing comments.	
CLOSING	<u> </u>	
COMMENTS		
14. AGENDA ITEM 21:	Motion: To adjourn at 7:55pm	Meeting
ADJOURNMENT	Movant: Kalbach	adjourned at
	Second: Chow	7:55pm.
	Ayes: Zoglin, Chow, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach	
	Noes: None	
	Abstentions: None	
	Absent: Hobbs	
	Recused: None	

Attest as to the approval of the foregoing minutes by the Finance Committee of El Camino Hospital:

Chair Zoglin

Chair, Finance Committee





Minutes of the Special Joint Open Session of the Finance Committee and the El Camino Hospital Board of Directors Tuesday, May 28, 2019 2500 Grant Road, Mountain View, CA 94040 Conference Rooms F&G (ground floor)

Board Members PresentBoard Members AbsentMembers AbsentLanhee Chen, ChairPeter C. Fung, MDNone

Jeffrey Davis, MD*

Julie Kliger, MPA, BSN

Julia E. Miller, Secretary/Treasurer Committee Members Present

Bob Rebitzer Joseph Chow
George O. Ting, MD *via teleconference

Don Watters

John Zoglin, Vice Chair

William Hobbs*
Richard Juelis

Gary Kalbach

Agenda Item		Comments/Discussion	Approvals/ Action
1.	CALL TO ORDER/ ROLL CALL	The open session meeting of the Special Joint Meeting of the Finance Committee and the El Camino Hospital Board of Directors (the "Board") was called to order at 5:30pm by Vice Chair Zoglin. A verbal roll call was taken. Director Davis and Finance Committee member Bill Hobbs participated via teleconference. Directors Fung and Kliger and were absent. Chair Chen arrived at 5:34pm and Director Rebitzer arrived at 5:45pm during Agenda Item 4: FY20 Capital and Operating Budget. All other Board and Finance Committee Members were present at roll call.	
	POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES	Vice Chair Zoglin asked if any Board or Finance Committee members may have a conflict of interest with any of the items on the agenda. No conflicts were reported.	
3.	PUBLIC COMMUNICATION	None.	
4.	FY20 CAPITAL AND OPERATING BUDGET	Iftikhar Hussain, CFO, explained the major projected FY20 investments with significant financial impacts on the proposed budget as well as the budget drivers and assumptions. He reported that the proposed budget reflects projected inpatient volume growth of 3.8% and a projected 5.2% outpatient volume growth. Mr. Hussain explained that the projected decrease in operating margin for FY20 is being driven by depreciation, interest, investment in SVMD (\$18 million) and loss of one of CONCERN's major clients. He also noted that the current and projected key financial metrics (days of cash on hand, debt service ratio and debt capitalization ratio) all look good. On the expense side, Mr. Hussain explained the proposed operating expense increase of 5.2% is driven by labor costs, supplies and activation and operational costs of new buildings as well as the related increased depreciation and interest expense. He reported that the Truven/Action OI benchmarking analysis shows ECH at the 56.3 percentile for workforce productivity and explained the major categories the planned additional 137 FTE's are in. He also reported on the planned \$4.45 million in cost savings initiatives including elimination of incidental overtime through better shift change planning, and reductions in supply and pharmaceutical costs. Mr. Hussain explained that that there is a total of \$3.7 million planned for the Hospital's community benefit grant program, including \$320,000 in earnings from the Board's designated community benefit endowment fund.	

Safety Code Section 32106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trade secrets: Development of New Services and Programs: Budgetary Implications. Movant: Kalbach Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin Noes: None Absent: Fung, Hobbs**, Kliger Recused: None **Mr. Hobbs was no longer on the teleconference line when the meeting adjourned to closed session. 6. AGENDA ITEM 9: RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/ REPORT OUT Safety Code Section 32106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trade secrets: Development of New Services and Programs: 6:06pm to closed session at 6:06pm Colored Session at 6:06pm Noes: None Absent: Fung, Hobbs**, Kliger Recused: None **Mr. Hobbs was no longer on the teleconference line when the meeting adjourned to closed session. Open session was reconvened at 6:26pm by Chair Chen. Agenda items 6-8 were addressed in closed session. There were no actions taken in closed session.	Way 26, 2019 Fage 2		
Mr. Hussain and Jim Griffith, COO, responded as follows: 1. Despite a trend of declining deliveries (Maternal-Child Health Service Line), management projects growth in FY20 through OB/GYN physician recruitments that are in progress. 2. Occupancy assumptions are driven by an increase in inpatient rehab beds in Los Gatos, increase in BHS beds in MV, and procedural growth for in-patient surgery. 3. Management expects ECH's percentage of commercial payors to remain stable in the low 40's. Growth plans are built around a healthy mix of commercial and Medicare patients. 4. Increase in oncology services will be driven by adding an additional two hours of operations at the MV Infusion center, an additional third provider in place, and planned recruitment of two more providers as well as high demand for infusion services in LG. 5. The projected net revenue (as opposed to revenue) is based on the difference between ECH's billed charges and commercial contracted and government imposed reimbursement rates. 6. Approved planned capital spending may not be achieved when there are delays in obtaining approvals from the City of Mountain View and OSHPD. Funds for other planned and placeholder projects may not be spent as management is still evaluating these. 5. ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION Motion: To adjoun to closed ession at 6:06pm pursuant to Health and Softery Gode Section 32:106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trade secrets: Development of New Services and Programs: Budgetary Implications. Movant: Kalbach Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin Noes: None Absent: Fung, Hobbs**, Kliger Recused: None **Wirt. Hobbs was no longer on the teleconference line when the meeting adjourned to closed session. 6. AGENDA ITEM 9: **RECONVENE** Open Session was reconvened at 6:26pm by Chair Chen. Agenda items 6-8 were addressed in closed session. There were no actions taken in closed session.		\$292,937,000 of which \$268,937,000 is planned for facilities, \$6 million for IT Hardware and Software, \$18 million for other medical and non- medical	
Service Line), management projects growth in FY20 through OB/GYN physician recruitments that are in progress. 2. Occupancy assumptions are driven by an increase in inpatient rehab beds in Los Gatos, increase in BHS beds in MV, and procedural growth for in-patient surgery. 3. Management expects ECH's percentage of commercial payors to remain stable in the low 40's. Growth plans are built around a healthy mix of commercial and Medicare patients. 4. Increase in oncology services will be driven by adding an additional two hours of operations at the MV Infusion center, an additional third provider in place, and planned recruitment of two more providers as well as high demand for infusion services in LG. 5. The projected net revenue (as opposed to revenue) is based on the difference between ECH's billed charges and commercial contracted and government imposed reimbursement rates. 6. Approved planned capital spending may not be achieved when there are delays in obtaining approvals from the City of Mountain View and OSHPD. Funds for other planned and placeholder projects may not be spent as management is still evaluating these. 5. ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION Movant: Kalbach Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin Noes: None Absentions: None Absentions: None Absentions: None Absentions: None Absentions: None Absentions: None **Mr. Hobbs was no longer on the teleconference line when the meeting adjourned to closed session. 6. AGENDA ITEM 9: RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/ REPORT OUT			
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Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Fung, Hobbs**, Kliger Recused: None **Mr. Hobbs was no longer on the teleconference line when the meeting adjourned to closed session. 6. AGENDA ITEM 9: RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/ REPORT OUT Open session was reconvened at 6:26pm by Chair Chen. Agenda items 6-8 were addressed in closed session. There were no actions taken in closed session.		Safety Code Section 32106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trade secrets: Development of New Services and Programs:	session at
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TO A COUNTRY A COUNTRY AND A SECOND ASSESSMENT OF THE SECOND ASSESSMENT	RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/	were addressed in closed session. There were no actions taken in closed	
7. AGENDA ITEM 23: Motion: To adjourn at 6:2/pm. Meeting	7. AGENDA ITEM 23:	Motion: To adjourn at 6:27pm.	Meeting
ADJOURNMENT Movant: Kalbach Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin Noes: None adjourned of 6:27pm	ADJOURNMENT	Second: Miller Ayes: Chen, Chow, Davis, Faust, Juelis, Kalbach, Miller, Rebitzer, Ting, Zoglin	adjourned at 6:27pm

Abstentions: None	
Absent: Fung, Hobbs, Kliger	
Recused: None	

Attest as to the approval of the foregoing minutes by the Finance Committee and the Board of Directors of El Camino Hospital:

Lanhee Chen Julia E. Miller

Secretary, ECH Board of Directors Chair, ECH Board of Directors

John Zoglin

Chair, Finance Committee

Prepared by: Cindy Murphy, Director of Governance Services





Summary of Financial Operations

Fiscal Year 2019 – Period 11 7/1/2018 to 05/31/2019

Financial Overview

Volume

May

- May operating income is <u>favorable</u> to budget by 51.4% (\$4.7M) driven by <u>favorable</u> revenue 6.9% (\$5.7M) offset by <u>unfavorable</u> operating expense -1.4% (\$1.0M).
 - Mountain View operating income <u>favorable</u> by 104.1% (\$7.0M)
 - Los Gatos operating income unfavorable by -89.2% (-\$2.3M)
- May operating Income if <u>favorable</u> to <u>prior year</u> by 62.6% (\$5.4M)

Year to Date

- YTD operating income is <u>favorable</u> to budget by 24.9% (\$23.6M) driven by <u>favorable</u> revenue 1.9% (\$16.3M) and <u>favorable</u> operating expense 0.9% (\$7.2M). Favorable revenue is partially due to \$18 million in unusual items and continued improvement to revenue cycle by lowering denials and underpayments.
 - Mountain View operating income <u>favorable</u> by 44.9% (\$33.1M)
 - Los Gatos operating income unfavorable by -45.2% (-\$9.5M)
- YTD operating income is <u>unfavorable</u> to <u>prior year</u> by by 1.0% (\$1.2M)

Payor Mix

- YTD, Commercial is 2.2 percentage points unfavorable

Cost

- Prod FTEs were unfavorable to target for May by 1.5% and on target YTD.



Dashboard - ECH combined as of May 31, 2019

Volume Licenced Beds ADC 219 245 252 (7) 240 243 247 248 ADC Utilization MV 60% 67% 67% 70% 13% 66% 67% 66% 67% 68% Utilization Lombined 49% 55% 57% -2½ 54% 55% 55% 56% Adjusted Discharges 3,098 3,338 3,184 154 32,914 33,232 33,333 Total Discharges (Ext NNB) 1,669 1,832 1,805 27 1,866 18,460 19,032 Inpatient Cases MS Discharges 311 391 386 5 4,164 3,935 4,223 BHS 107 113 89 24 1,021 1,070 976 Rehab 41 133 37 16 402 474 399 0utpatient Cases 12,715 13,379 13,806 427 11,127 11,127 11,128 11,129 11,120 11,127 11,120 11,127 11,120 11,127 11,120 11,127 11,120 11			Month			YTD			
Uclime Ucenced Beds		PY	CY B	ud/Target	Variance	PY CY Bud/Target			Variance
Licenced Beds					CY vs Bud				CY vs Bud
ADC Utilization NV 60% 67% 70% -3% 66% 67% 68% Utilization LG 26% 32% 30% 1% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% Utilization Combined 49% 55% 57% -2% 64% 55% 55% 55% 64% 55% 55% 65% 64% 55% 55% 65% 64% 65% 65% 66% 67% 68% MS 30% 440 MS Discharges (Excl NNB) HS 107 113 89 24 1,021 1,070 976 Rehab 41 53 37 16 402 474 399 Outpatient Cases 12,715 13,379 13,806 (427) ED 4,090 4,140 4,316 (176) Procedural Cases 0 P Surg 434 453 422 31 4,339 4,587 4,558 Endo 213 241 183 58 2,204 2,416 2,231 Interventional 194 183 183 0 1,947 2,017 1,979 All Other 7,784 8,362 8,702 (340) 83,306 84,776 86,000 (57) Financial Perf. Net Patient Revenues 7,7,98 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Total Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenues 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Total Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenues 7,4,092 86,688 79,627 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,7,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,62 884,026 867,625 11 Operating Revenue 7,4,092 86,688 79,627 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 Operating Discome S	Volume								
Utilization MV	Licenced Beds	443	443	443	-	443	443	443	-
Utilization LG	ADC	219	245	252	(7)	240	243	247	(4)
Utilization Combined Adjusted Discharges 3,098 3,338 3,184 154 32,914 33,292 33,333 3,388 1,184 154 32,914 33,292 33,333 3,388 3,184 154 32,914 33,292 33,333 3,388 3,184 154 32,914 33,292 33,333 3,388 3,184 154 32,914 33,292 33,333 3,388 3,186 154 18,666 18,466 19,032 19,032 19,032 19,032 19,032 19,032 19,032 19,032 13,059 12,981 13,434 13,050 12,981 13,434 13,050 12,981 13,434 13,050 14,107 13,059 12,981 13,434 14,153 16 10,071 10,070 976 16,064 14,153 16 10,071 10,070 976 16,064 14,153 13,379 13,806 (427) 137,251 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455 138,109 139,779 (7,064 13,455	Utilization MV	60%	67%	70%	-3%	66%	67%	68%	-1%
Adjusted Discharges 3,098 3,338 3,184 154 32,914 33,232 33,333 Total Discharges (Ekd NNB) 1,669 1,832 1,805 27 18,646 18,460 19,032 1,941 1,	Utilization LG	26%	32%	30%	1%	30%	30%	30%	0%
Total Discharges (Excl NNB)	Utilization Combined	49%	55%	57%	-2%	54%	55%	56%	-1%
Total Discharges (Excl NNB) 1,669 1,832 1,805 27 18,646 18,460 19,032 18,000 19,0000 19,0000 19,0000 19,0000 10,0000 13,434 13,434 19,0000 13,434 13,434 19,0000 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 13,434 13,435 14,100	Adjusted Discharges	3,098	3,338	3,184	154	32,914	33,232	33,333	(101)
MS Discharges	Total Discharges (Excl NNB)	1,669	1,832	1,805	27	18,646	18,460	19,032	(572)
Deliveries 381 391 386 5	Inpatient Cases								
BHS Rehab 107 113 89 24 1,021 1,070 976 Rehab 0utpatient Cases 12,715 13,379 13,806 (427) 137,251 138,109 139,779 0FOCCOMMINT Procedural Cases OP Surg 434 453 422 31 4,339 4,587 4,558 Endo 213 241 183 58 2,204 2,416 2,231 1nterventional 194 183 183 0 1,947 2,017 1,979 All Other 7,784 8,362 8,702 3400 83,306 84,776 86,000 0Financial Perf. Net Patient Revenues 74,092 86,688 79,627 7,061 812,155 859,752 884,026 887,025 0Perating Revenue 0Perating Expenses 68,832 74,575 73,667 1,009 719,547 765,453 77,712 0Perating Income \$ 8,566 13,988 9,195 4,794 119,715 118,573 94,913 20 0Perating Margin 11.1% 15.8% 11.1% 4.7% 14.3% 13.4% 19.9% EBIDA % 17.0% 20.9% 18.1% 2.8% 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% 49.11 35 EBIDA % 17.0% 20.9% 18.1% 2.8% 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% 49.1% 46.6% Medi-Cal 7,6% 7,4% 8.3% -0.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% 2.3% 20.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 20.0% 22.3% 20.0% 20.	MS Discharges	1,140	1,275	1,292	(17)	13,059	12,981	13,434	(453)
BHS Rehab	-								(288)
Rehab									94
Outpatient Cases 12,715 13,379 13,806 (427) 137,251 138,109 139,779 (ED HOP Cedural Cases 139,779 (4,40) 4,416 (176) 45,455 44,313 45,011 45,011 45,455 44,313 45,011 45,011 45,588 43,339 4,587 4,558 4,588 4,587 4,588 4,587 4,588 4,588 2,204 2,416 2,231 1,947 2,017 1,979 4,179 4,183 1,83 0 1,947 2,017 1,979 4,183 1,947 2,017 1,979 4,588 4,588 2,204 2,416 2,231 1,047 2,017 1,979 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,799 4,725 4,765 3,802 88,762 88,762 88,762 88,762 88,762 88,762 89,752 835,164 2,722 2,724 1,725									75
ED				_					(1,670)
Procedural Cases OP Surg A34 A453 A422 B1 A,339 A,587 A,558 Endo 213 241 B183 58 C,204 A,2416 C,231 Interventional 194 B83 B83 0 1,947 2,017 1,979 All Other 7,784 B,362 B,702 B,702 Financial Perf. Net Patient Revenues 74,092 B6,688 79,627 7,061 S12,155 S59,752 S85,164 20 Foreiting Expenses For S8,832 F,4575 F,3567 F,092 Financial Perfs Operating Expenses For S8,832 F,4575 F,3567 F,092 F,398 F,566 F,5802	•							· ·	(698)
OP Surg		.,050	.,1.0	.,525	(170)	.5, .55	,515	.5,011	(050)
Endo		434	453	422	31	4 339	4 587	4 558	29
Interventional All Other	-				_			,	185
Net Patient Revenues 74,092 86,688 79,627 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 70,101 7,784 7,784 8,362 8,761 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 7,061 7,061 7,061 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 8,000 7,000		_				· ·			38
Financial Perf. Net Patient Revenues Total Operating Revenue T7,398 R8,563 R2,761 S,802 S39,262 R84,026 S67,625 S1 Operating Expenses G8,832 T4,575 T3,567 T,009 T19,547 T65,453 T72,712 T009 Operating Income \$ R,566 R8,832 R1,11% REIDA \$ RI1.1% RI		-			_				(1,224)
Net Patient Revenues 74,092 86,688 79,627 7,061 812,155 859,752 835,164 22 Total Operating Revenue 77,398 88,563 82,761 5,802 839,262 884,026 867,625 16 Operating Expenses 68,832 74,575 73,567 1,009 719,547 765,453 772,712 (7 Operating Income \$ 8,566 13,988 9,195 4,794 119,715 118,573 94,913 23 Operating Margin 11.11% 15.8% 11.11% 4.7% 14.3% 13.4% 10.9% EBIDA \$ 13,185 18,529 14,971 3,558 170,265 169,684 149,731 15 EBIDA \$ 17.0% 20.9% 18.1% 2.8% 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% Payor Mix		7,704	0,302	0,702	(340)	03,300	04,770	00,000	(1,224)
Total Operating Revenue Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Income \$ 0.566	Financiai Pert.								
Operating Expenses 68,832 74,575 73,567 1,009 719,547 765,453 772,712 (72,712) Operating Income \$ 8,566 13,988 9,195 4,794 119,715 118,573 94,913 23 Operating Margin 11.1% 15.8% 11.1% 4.7% 14.3% 13.4% 10.9% EBIDA \$ 13,185 18,529 14,971 3,558 170,265 169,684 149,731 15 EBIDA % 17.0% 20.9% 18.1% 2.8% 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% Payor Mix Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Total Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5%	Net Patient Revenues	74,092	86,688	79,627	7,061	812,155	859,752	835,164	24,588
Operating Income \$ 8,566 13,988 9,195 4,794 119,715 118,573 94,913 22 Operating Margin 11.1% 15.8% 11.1% 4.7% 14.3% 13.4% 10.9% EBIDA \$ 13,185 18,529 14,971 3,558 170,265 169,684 149,731 15 Payor Mix Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Medi-Cal 7.6% 7.4% 8.3% -0.9% 7.7% 8.0% 7.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Total Commercial Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6	Total Operating Revenue	77,398	88,563	82,761	5,802	839,262	884,026	867,625	16,401
Operating Margin 11.1% 15.8% 11.1% 4.7% 14.3% 13.4% 10.9% EBIDA \$ 13,185 18,529 14,971 3,558 170,265 169,684 149,731 15 EBIDA \$ 17.0% 20.9% 18.1% 2.8% 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% Payor Mix Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Medi-Cal 7.6% 7.4% 8.3% -0.9% 7.7% 8.0% 7.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Total Commercial Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 <td>Operating Expenses</td> <td>68,832</td> <td>74,575</td> <td>73,567</td> <td>1,009</td> <td>719,547</td> <td>765,453</td> <td>772,712</td> <td>(7,259)</td>	Operating Expenses	68,832	74,575	73,567	1,009	719,547	765,453	772,712	(7,259)
EBIDA \$ 13,185 18,529 14,971 3,558 20.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 19.2% 17.3% 19.2% 1	Operating Income \$	8,566	13,988	9,195	4,794	119,715	118,573	94,913	23,660
Payor Mix	Operating Margin	11.1%	15.8%	11.1%	4.7%	14.3%	13.4%	10.9%	2.5%
Payor Mix Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Medi-Cal 7.6% 7.4% 8.3% -0.9% 7.7% 8.0% 7.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Total Commercial 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 <	EBIDA \$	13,185	18,529	14,971	3,558	170,265	169,684	149,731	19,952
Medicare 48.6% 49.8% 46.5% 3.3% 47.7% 49.1% 46.6% Medi-Cal 7.6% 7.4% 8.3% -0.9% 7.7% 8.0% 7.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Total Commercial Other 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE Productive Hrs/APD 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449	EBIDA %	17.0%	20.9%	18.1%	2.8%	20.3%	19.2%	17.3%	1.9%
Medi-Cal 7.6% 7.4% 8.3% -0.9% 7.7% 8.0% 7.9% Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% Commercial OP 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Total Commercial Other 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449	Payor Mix								
Commercial IP 20.5% 19.9% 22.1% -2.3% 21.9% 20.0% 22.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% 20.5% 20.4% 20.4% 20.6% 20.5% 20.5% 20.4% 20.6% 20.5% 20.5% 20.4% 20.6% 20.5% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6% 20.6% 20.6% 20.5% 20.6%	Medicare	48.6%	49.8%	46.5%	3.3%	47.7%	49.1%	46.6%	2.4%
Commercial OP Total Commercial Other 20.7% 21.3% 20.4% 0.9% 20.1% 20.6% 20.5% Other 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Cost 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR Days Cash 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s) 495 449 46 505 495 449	Medi-Cal	7.6%	7.4%	8.3%	-0.9%	7.7%	8.0%	7.9%	0.1%
Total Commercial 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Commercial IP	20.5%	19.9%	22.1%	-2.3%	21.9%	20.0%	22.3%	-2.3%
Total Commercial 41.1% 41.2% 42.6% -1.4% 42.0% 40.6% 42.8% Other 2.6% 1.6% 2.7% -1.1% 2.5% 2.3% 2.6% Cost Total FTE 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Commercial OP	20.7%	21.3%	20.4%	0.9%	20.1%	20.6%	20.5%	0.2%
Cost Total FTE Productive Hrs/APD 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Balance Sheet 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Bet Days in AR Days Cash 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Total Commercial	41.1%	41.2%	42.6%	-1.4%	42.0%	40.6%	42.8%	-2.2%
Total FTE 2,564.2 2,737.3 2,739.4 (2) 2,578.2 2,675.4 2,703.2 Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 2 30.8 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 30.8 30.8 30.8 30.8 30.8 30.8 30.8 30									-0.3%
Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Cost								
Productive Hrs/APD 31.3 30.8 30.8 0 30.3 30.6 31.3 Balance Sheet Net Days in AR 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Total FTE	2.564.2	2.737.3	2.739.4	(2)	2.578.2	2.675.4	2.703.2	(28)
Balance Sheet Net Days in AR Days Cash 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)						*		·	(1)
Net Days in AR Days Cash 50.7 46.3 48.0 (2) 50.7 46.3 48.0 Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)		02.0	50.0	30.0		30.3	30.0	51.5	(-)
Days Cash 505 495 449 46 505 495 449 Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s)	Net Days in AR	50.7	46.3	48.0	(2)	50.7	46.3	48.0	(1.7)
	Days Cash	505	495	449		505	495	449	46
	Affiliates - Net I	ncome (\$000s)						
Hosp 17,733 (7,092) 9,541 (16,633) 172,204 120,613 99,384 2:			•	9,541	(16,633)	172,204	120,613	99,384	21,229
Concern (139) (475) 69 (544) 801 1,779 811	•					-			967
ECSC (30) (25) 0 (25) (91) (102) 0									(102)
Foundation 22 (482) 61 (543) 1,738 2,074 1,251									823
						· ·			8,303



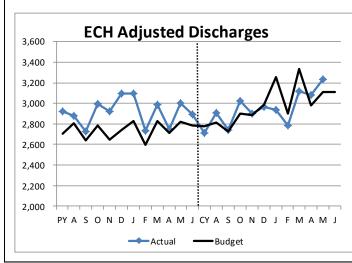
El Camino Hospital (\$000s)

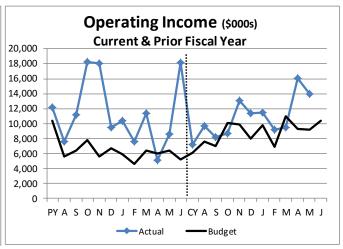
Period ending 05/31/2019

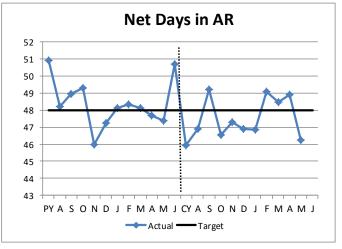
Period 11	Period 11	Period 11	Variance			YTD	YTD	YTD	Variance	
FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%	\$000s	FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%
					OPERATING REVENUE					
277,853	309,755	310,951	(1,196)	(0.4%)	Gross Revenue	3,027,371	3,237,768	3,247,107	(9,339)	(0.3%)
(203,761)	(223,067)	(231,324)	8,256	3.6%	Deductions	(2,215,216)	(2,378,016)	(2,411,943)	33,927	1.4%
74,092	86,688	79,627	7,061	8.9%	Net Patient Revenue	812,155	859,752	835,164	24,588	2.9%
3,305	1,875	3,134	(1,258)	(40.2%)	Other Operating Revenue	27,107	24,274	32,461	(8,187)	(25.2%)
77,398	88,563	82,761	5,802	7.0%	Total Operating Revenue	839,262	884,026	867,625	16,401	1.9%
					OPERATING EXPENSE					
40,884	44,624	44,084	(540)	(1.2%)	Salaries & Wages	432,661	463,141	466,659	3,518	0.8%
11,556	13,338	12,560	(778)	(6.2%)	Supplies	116,771	125,298	127,619	2,321	1.8%
9,404	9,365	8,687	(677)	(7.8%)	Fees & Purchased Services	94,299	98,936	96,957	(1,979)	(2.0%)
2,368	2,708	2,459	(249)	(10.1%)	Other Operating Expense	25,265	26,967	26,659	(308)	(1.2%)
431	189	1,425	1,236	86.8%	Interest	5,290	3,871	6,261	2,390	38.2%
4,189	4,352	4,351	(1)	(0.0%)	Depreciation	45,259	47,240	48,557	1,317	2.7%
68,832	74,575	73,567	(1,009)	(1.4%)	Total Operating Expense	719,547	765,453	772,712	7,259	0.9%
8,566	13,988	9,195	4,794	52.1%	Net Operating Income/(Loss)	119,715	118,573	94,913	23,660	24.9%
9,167	(21,080)	346	(21,426)	(6185.0%)	Non Operating Income	52,489	2,040	4,471	(2,431)	(54.4%)
17,733	(7,092)	9,541	(16,633)	(174.3%)	Net Income(Loss)	172,204	120,613	99,384	21,229	21.4%
17.0%	20.9%	18.1%	2.8%		EBITDA	20.3%	19.2%	17.3%	1.9%	
11.1%	15.8%				Operating Margin	14.3%	13.4%		2.5%	
22.9%	-8.0%				Net Margin	20.5%	13.6%		2.2%	

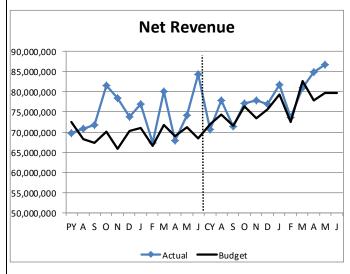


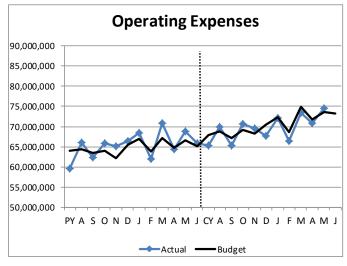
Monthly Financial Trends

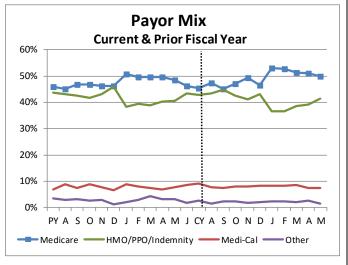










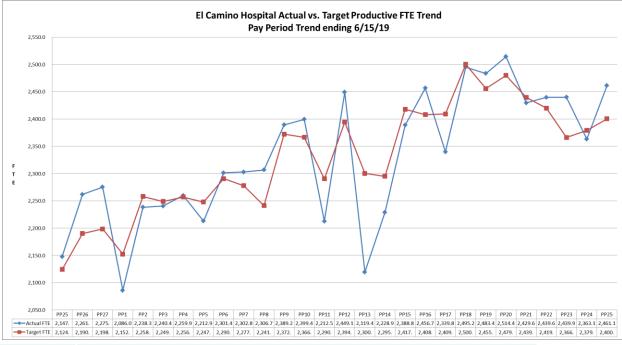




Productivity and Medicare Length of Stay

At or below FTE target. YTD we are slightly worse than budget (adjusted for volume). Ramp up for SJMG/SVMD beginning in PP19.

ALOS vs Milliman well-managed benchmark (red line). FY19 ALOS has increased due to long stay outlier cases beginning in January but improved in May







ECH Operating Margin

Run rate is booked operating income adjusted for material non-recurring transactions



FY 2019 Actual Run Rate Adjustments (in thousands) - FAV / <unfav></unfav>												
Revenue Adjustments	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	YTD
Mcare Settlmt/Appeal/Tent Settlmt/PIP	141	112	92	76	137	443	516	129	129	129	(79)	1,825
BX/BS LD Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medi-Cal Supplemental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IGT Supplemental	-	-	-	-	2,672	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,672
AB 915	-	-	2,875	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,282	4,157
RAC Release	-	-	161	-	-	(305)	-	(1,005)	-	-	-	(1,149)
Hospital Fee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,717	3,717
Various Adjustments under \$250k	4	5	6	8	11	12	12	66	6	11	(41)	100
Total	145	116	3,137	84	2,820	150	528	(809)	135	140	4,880	11,325



INVESTMENT SCORECARD AS OF MARCH 31, 2019

Key Performance Indicator	Status	El Camino	Benchmark	El Camino	Benchmark		Benchmark	FY19 Year End Budget	Expectation Per Asset Allocation
Investment Performance		1Q	2019	Fiscal Ye	ar-to-date		e Inception alized)		2018
Surplus cash balance*		\$999.8						\$891.1	
Surplus cash return		6.7%	6.7%	2.6%	2.6%	5.4%	5.2%	3.2%	5.3%
Cash balance plan balance (millions)		\$270.6						\$276.9	
Cash balance plan return		8.3%	7.7%	2.9%	2.7%	7.6%	6.8%	6.0%	5.7%
403(b) plan balance (millions)		\$496.8							
Risk vs. Return		3-y	ear				e Inception alized)		2018
Surplus cash Sharpe ratio		1.16	1.09			1.03	1.00		0.43
Net of fee return		6.9%	6.3%			5.4%	5.2%		5.3%
Standard deviation		4.8%	4.6%			4.7%	4.6%		6.7%
Cash balance Sharpe ratio		1.18	1.08			1.14	1.07		0.40
Net of fee return		8.3%	7.3%			7.6%	6.8%		5.7%
Standard deviation		6.0%	5.5%			6.1%	5.8%		8.1%
Asset Allocation		1Q	2019						
Surplus cash absolute variances to target		8.8%	< 10%						
Cash balance absolute variances to target		5.4%	< 10%						
Manager Compliance		1Q	2019						
Surplus cash manager flags		22	< 24 Green < 30 Yellow						
Cash balance plan manager flags		27	< 27 Green < 34 Yellow						-

^{*}Excludes debt reserve funds (~\$105 mm), District assets (~\$38 mm), and balance sheet cash not in investable portfolio (~\$100 mm). Includes Foundation (~\$29 mm) and Concern (~\$14 mm) assets. Budget adds back in current Foundation and Concern assets and backs out current debt reserve funds.



Balance Sheet

(in thousands)

ASSETS

		Audited
CURRENT ASSETS	May 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Cash	110,404	118,992
Short Term Investments	150,050	150,664
Patient Accounts Receivable, net	126,974	124,427
Other Accounts and Notes Receivable	3,312	3,402
Intercompany Receivables	4,914	2,090
(1) Inventories and Prepaids	81,454	75,594
Total Current Assets	477,109	475,171
BOARD DESIGNATED ASSETS		
Plant & Equipment Fund	167,411	153,784
(2) Women's Hospital Expansion	15,472	9,298
(3) Operational Reserve Fund	139,057	127,908
Community Benefit Fund	17,990	18,675
Workers Compensation Reserve Fund	22,232	20,263
Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund	29,762	29,212
PTO Liability Fund	26,476	24,532
Malpractice Reserve Fund	1,831	1,831
Catastrophic Reserves Fund	18,331	18,322
Total Board Designated Assets	438,561	403,826
(4) FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE	88,901	197,620
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS	363,153	345,684
INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES	42,765	32,412
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Fixed Assets at Cost	1,301,542	1,261,854
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(616,414)	(577,959)
Construction in Progress	369,328	220,991
Property, Plant & Equipment - Net	1,054,456	904,886
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	20,626	21,177
RESTRICTED ASSETS - CASH		0
TOTAL ASSETS	2,485,571	2,380,776

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

			Audited
	CURRENT LIABILITIES	May 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
(5)	Accounts Payable	35,812	49,925
	Salaries and Related Liabilities	26,943	26,727
	Accrued PTO	26,476	24,532
	Worker's Comp Reserve	2,300	2,300
	Third Party Settlements	12,041	10,068
	Intercompany Payables	434	125
	Malpractice Reserves	1,831	1,831
(6)	Bonds Payable - Current	8,630	3,850
(7)	Bond Interest Payable	7,814	12,975
	Other Liabilities	8,509	8,909
	Total Current Liabilities	130,789	141,242
	LONG TERM LIABILITIES Post Retirement Benefits	29,762	29,212
	Worker's Comp Reserve	19,932	17,963
	Other L/T Obligation (Asbestos)	3,965	3,859
	Other L/T Liabilities (IT/Medl Leases)	3,903	3,039
(8)	Bond Payable	510,545	- 517,781
(0)	Total Long Term Liabilities	564,204	568,815
	Total Long Term Liabilities	304,204	308,813
	DEFERRED REVENUE-UNRESTRICTED	596	528
	DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	22,835	22,835
	FUND BALANCE/CAPITAL ACCOUNTS		
	Unrestricted	1,328,586	1,243,529
	Board Designated	438,561	403,825
	Restricted	-	0
(9)	Total Fund Bal & Capital Accts	1,767,147	1,647,355
. ,	· –	• •	· · ·
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	2,485,571	2,380,776
	_		



May 2019 El Camino Hospital Comparative Balance Sheet Variances and Footnotes

- (1) Increase due to quarterly pension contributions to the plan.
- (2) The increase is due to the District making a transfer from its Capital Appropriation Fund in support of the upcoming renovation to the Women's Hospital.
- (3) The increase is due to annual resetting of the 60 day Operational Reserve based on the new FY2019 budget that has started.
- (4) Decrease is due to draws from the 2015A/2017 Bond Project funds for the on-going IMOB and BHS construction and semi-annual 2015/2017 bond payment
- (5) Decrease is due to the yearend accruals that were paid out in July and August 2018.
- (6) The increase is due to recognition of the first 2017 principal bond payment that will be in February 2020.
- (7) Semi-annual bond payments of interest and principal were made on the 2015A and 2017 Bonds in February.
- (8) Decrease is due to the establishment of FY2020 2015A and 2017 Bond Principal Payable moving to current bond payables.
- (9) Increase in total Fund Balance is driven by y-t-d net income and that Capital Appropriate Fund transfer by District, discussed in item #2 above.





APPENDIX



Non Operating Items and Net Income by Affiliate \$ in thousands

	Period 11 - Month Period 11 - FYTD						
	Actual	Budget	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	
El Camino Hospital Income (Loss) from Operations							
Mountain View	13,717	6,689	7,029	107,004	73,810	33,193	
Los Gatos	271	2,506	(2,235)	11,569	21,103	(9,534)	
Sub Total - El Camino Hospital, excl. Afflilates	13,988	9,195	4,794	118,573	94,913	23,660	
Operating Margin %	15.8%	11.1%		13.4%	10.9%		
El Camino Hospital Non Operating Income							
Investments ²	(16,721)	2,368	(19,089)	22,330	26,705	(4,375)	
Swap Adjustments	(855)	(100)	(755)	(1,981)	(1,100)	(881)	
Community Benefit	(24)	(300)	276	(3,683)	(3,300)	(383)	
Pathways	333	0	333	(732)	0	(732)	
Satellite Dialysis	0	(25)	25	542	(275)	817	
Community Connect	0	(53)	53	0	(283)	283	
SVMD Funding ¹	(3,693)	(1,219)	(2,474)	(11,725)	(13,409)	1,684	
Other	(227)	(324)	97	(2,939)	(3,867)	929	
Sub Total - Non Operating Income	(21,080)	346	(21,426)	2,040	4,471	(2,431)	
El Camino Hospital Net Income (Loss)	(7,092)	9,541	(16,633)	120,613	99,384	21,229	
ECH Net Margin %	-8.0%	11.5%		13.6%	11.5%		
Concern	(475)	69	(544)	1,779	811	967	
ECSC	(25)	0	(25)	(102)	0	(102)	
Foundation	(482)	61	(543)	2,074	1,251	823	
Silicon Valley Medical Development	5,789	47	5,742	8,272	(31)	8,303	
Net Income Hospital Affiliates	4,807	177	4,630	12,021	2,031	9,990	
Total Net Income Hospital & Affiliates	(2,285)	9,718	(12,003)	132,634	101,415	31,219	



El Camino Hospital Capital Spending (in millions)

Categ	ory Detail	Approved	Total Estimated Cost of Project	Total Authorized Active	Spent from Inception	FY19 Budget	FY 19 YTD Spent
CIP ERP L	pgrade			9.6	5.7	9.6	5.7
IT Hardware, Softw	are, Equipment & Imaging			10.1	7.8	10.1	7.8
Medical & Non Me	dical Equipment FY 18			5.6	10.2	0.0	4.2
Medical & Non Me	dical Equipment FY 19			11.2	11.5	11.2	11.5
Facility Projects	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	1245 Behavioral Health Bldg	FY16	96.1	96.1	74.2	45.0	28.3
	1413 North Drive Parking Expansion	FY15	24.5	24.5	24.4	0.0	0.2
	1414 Integrated MOB	FY15	302.1	302.1	222.6	150.0	102.2
	1422 CUP Upgrade	FY16	9.0	9.0	8.4	0.8	
	1430 Women's Hospital Expansion	FY16	135.0	135.0	6.4	10.0	3.2
	Demo Old Main & Related Site W		30.0	30.0	0.0	2.0	
	1502 Cabling & Wireless Upgrades	FY16	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0	
	1525 New Main Lab Upgrades	1110	3.1	3.1	2.7	0.3	
	1515 ED Remodel Triage/Psych Observ	vation FY16	5.0	5.0	0.0	4.6	
	1503 Willow Pavilion Tomosynthesis	FY16	1.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.0
	1602 JW House (Patient Family Reside		6.5	6.5	0.4	6.0	
	Site Signage and Other Improver	•	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
	Nurse Call System Upgrades		2.4	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0
	1707 Imaging Equipment Replacemen	t (5 or 6 rooms)	20.7	0.3	0.0	6.0	0.0
	1708 IR/ Cath Lab Equipment Replacer		19.4	19.4	0.0	5.0	0.9
	1804 SVMD Clinic @ North First Street		8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Flooring Replacement		1.6	1.6	0.0	1.5	0.4
	1219 LG Spine OR	FY13	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.2
	1313 LG Rehab HVAC System & Structu	ıral FY16	0.0	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0
	1248 LG Imaging Phase II (CT & Gen Ra	d) FY16	9.0	9.0	9.0	0.0	0.1
	1307 LG Upgrades	FY13	19.3	19.3	18.8	0.8	1.0
	1507 LG IR Upgrades		1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0
	1603 LG MOB Improvements (17)		5.0	5.0	5.0	0.5	0.0
	1711 Emergency Sanitary & Water Stor	rage	1.5	1.5	0.3	1.3	0.1
	LG Modular MRI & Awning		3.9	3.9	0.4	3.5	0.3
	LG Nurse Call System Upgrade		0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
	LG Observation Unit (Conversion	of ICU 2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1712 LG Cancer Center		5.0	5.0	2.8	4.8	2.6
	Workstation Inventory Replacem	ent	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Primary Care Clinic Developmen	t (2 @ \$3 Million Ea	6.0	6.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
	Other Strategic Capital FY-19		5.0	5.0	0.0	15.0	0.0
	Willow SC Upgrades (35,000 @ \$	50)	1.8	1.8	0.0	1.8	0.0
	New 28k MOB (Courthouse Prop)	1	22.4	22.4	0.0	1.2	0.0
	80 Great Oaks Upgrades		4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Primary Care Clinic (TI's Only) FY	17 (828 Wincheste	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.3	0.0
	All Other Projects		9.2	8.6	130.4	7.8	
			765.8	738.3	517.2	279.5	145.7



174.7

300.8

552.3

769.2

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (1 OF 2)

- Plant & Equipment Fund original established by the District Board in the early 1960's to fund new capital expansion projects of building facilities or equipment (new or replacements). The funds came from the M&O property taxes being received and the funding depreciation expense at 100%. When at the end of 1992, the 501(c)(3) Hospital was performed by the District, the property tax receipts remained with the District. The newly formed Hospital entity continued on with funding depreciation expense, but did that funding at 130% of the depreciation expense to account for an expected replacement cost of current plant and property assets. It is to be noted that within this fund is an itemized amount of \$14 million for the Behavioral Health Service building replacement project. This amount came from the District's Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) of the fiscal years of 2010 thru 2013 by various District board actions.
- **Women's Hospital Expansion** established June 2016 by the District authorizing the amounts accumulated in its Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) for the fiscal years of 2014 and 2015 to be allocated for the renovation of the Women's Hospital upon the completion of Integrated Medical Office Building currently under construction. At the end of fiscal year 2018 another \$6.2 million was added to this fund.
- **Operational Reserve Fund** originally established by the District in May 1992 to establish a fund equal to sixty (60) days of operational expenses (based on the current projected budget) and only be used in the event of a major business interruption event and/or cash flow.
- **Community Benefit Fund** following in the footsteps of the District in 2008 of forming its Community Benefit Fund using Gann Limit tax receipts, the Hospital in 2010 after opening its campus outside of District boundaries in Los Gatos formed its own Community Benefit Fund to provide grants/sponsorships in Los Gatos and surrounding areas. The funds come from the Hospital reserving \$1.5M a year from its operations, the entity of CONCERN contributing 40% of its annual income each year (an amount it would have paid in corporate taxes if it wasn't granted tax exempt status), that generates an amount of \$500,000 or more a year. \$15 million within this fund is a board designated endowment fund formed in 2015 with a \$10 million contribution, and added to at the end of the 2017 fiscal year end with another \$5 million contribution, to generate investment income to be used for grants and sponsorships.



EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (2 OF 2)

- **Workers Compensation Reserve Fund** as the Hospital is self-insured for its workers compensation program (since 1978) this fund was originally formed in early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined Workers Compensation amount. The thought being if the business was to terminate for some reason this is the amount in cash that would be needed to pay out claims over the next few years.
- **Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund** following the same formula as the Workers Compensation Reserve Fund this fund was formed in the early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined amount to fund the Hospital's postretirement health and life insurance program. Note this program was frozen in 1995 for all new hires after that date. At the end of fiscal year 2018, GASB #75 was implemented that now represents the full actuarially determined liability.
- **PTO (Paid Time Off) Liability Fund** originally formed in 1993 as the new 501(c)(3) Hospital began operations, management thought as a business requirement of this vested benefit program that monies should be set aside to extinguish this employee liability should such a circumstance arise. This balance is equal to the PTO Liability on the Balance Sheet.
- **Malpractice Reserve Fund** originally established in 1989 by the then District's Finance Committee and continued by the Hospital. The amount is actuarially determined each year as part of the annual audit to fund potential claims less than \$50,000. Above \$50,000 our policy with the BETA Healthcare Group kicks in to a \$30 million limit per claim/\$40 million in the aggregate.
- **Catastrophic Loss Fund** was established in 1999 by the Hospital Board to be a "self-insurance" reserve fund for potential non-major earthquake repairs. Initially funded by the District transferring \$5 million and has been added to by the last major payment from FEMA for the damage caused the Hospital by the October 1989 earthquake. It is to be noted that it took 10 years to receive final settlement from FEMA grants that totaled \$6.8 million that did mostly cover all the necessary repairs.



El Camino Hospital Volume Annual Trends

7												MONTH	_	PROCEC	URAL?	FACIL	TY	LEVEL OF I	DETAIL
	VOLUME BY	SERVICE	LINE								11	May '	(A	II)		(AII)	Y S	ervice Line	
<u> </u>				ANNUAL 1	TREND			FY19 Bud v	vs FY18			MONTH					YEAR		
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019(b)	Cases	Percent	PY	CY	Bud	Bud Var	PY Var	PY	CY	Bud	Bud Var	PY Va
Р	Behavioral Health	1,012	1,052	928	924	1,098	1,062	-36	-3.2%	107	113	89	24	6	1,021	1,070	976	94	49
	General Medicine &	4,165	4,592	4,459	4,960	5,285	5,325	40	0.8%	420	466	468	-2	46	4,897	4,736	4,881	-145	-16
	General Surgery	1,243	1,150	1,311	1,318	1,305	1,344	39	3.0%	107	127	122	5	20	1,162	1,289	1,219	70	127
	GYN	390	313	293	270	243	255	12	4.9%	16	21	20	1	5	224	216	234	-18	-1
	Heart and Vascular	1,859	1,998	2,001	2,204	2,372	2,445	73	3.1%	203	210	235	-25	7	2,181	2,100	2,243	-143	-8:
	MCH	6,695	6,371	5,953	5,822	5,710	5,764	54	1.0%	485	495	490	5	10	5,232	4,974	5,278	-304	-25
	Neurosciences	667	672	677	688	870	907	37	4.3%	60	92	71	21	32	791	812	821	-9	2:
	Oncology	606	564	652	594	632	726	94	14.9%	49	67	54	13	18	585	676	642	34	9:
	Orthopedics	1,695	1,773	1,746	1,690	1,705	1,819	114	6.7%	134	140	142	-2	6	1,571	1,549	1,663	-114	-23
	Rehab Services	547	555	500	461	441	436	-5	-1.1%	41	52	37	15	11	402	473	399	74	7
	Spine Surgery	377	429	417	474	375	465	90	24.0%	19	33	45	-12	14	348	307	424	-117	-4
	Urology	172	169	234	257	255	274	19	7.4%	28	22	31	-9	-6	232	267	250	17	3
	Total	19,428	19,638	19,171	19,662	20,291	20,823	532	2.6%	1,669	1,838	1,805	33	169	18,646	18,469	19,032	-563	-17
P	Behavioral Health	910	886	2,394	3,260	3,151	3,417	266	8.4%	248	260	329	-69	12	2,919	2,550	3,104	-554	-36
	Dialysis	1,059	155	6			0					0					0		
	Emergency	46,006	49,091	48,590	48,625	49,411	49,122	-289	-0.6%	4,090	4,148	4,316	-168	58	45,455	44,319	45,011	-692	-1,13
	General Medicine &	6,637	6,620	7,195	7,129	7,266	7,457	191	2.6%	663	740	623	117	77	6,642	7,387	6,823	564	74
	General Surgery	1,837	1,853	1,797	1,837	2,003	2,068	65	3.2%	180	160	193	-33	-20	1,834	1,777	1,895	-118	-5
	GYN	1,220	1,308	1,018	1,079	1,099	1,171	72	6.6%	85	138	88	50	53	1,017	1,297	1,054	243	280
	Heart and Vascular	2,570	2,712	3,795	4,361	4,364	4,410	46	1.1%	393	396	388	8	3	3,971	4,248	4,059	189	27
	Imaging Services	19,546	20,072	17,807	17,249	18,503	18,744	241	1.3%	1,649	1,659	1,657	2	10	16,940	17,466	17,068	398	52
	Laboratory Services	30,599	29,726	29,007	29,153	28,563	29,071	508	1.8%	2,298	2,429	2,529	-100	131	26,293	25,258	26,534	-1,276	-1,03
	MCH	5,034	4,826	5,092	5,576	5,642	5,928	286	5.1%	476	521	538	-17	45	5,192	5,026	5,416	-390	-16
	Neurosciences	110	61	127	125	114	155	41	36.0%	9	6	3	3	-3	107	75	140	-65	-3
	Oncology	4,015	4,179	14,329	18,541	19,276	22,037	2,761	14.3%	1,688	1,984	2,289	-305	296	17,684	18,991	19,712	-721	1,30
	Orthopedics	866	776	584	615	641	714	73	11.4%	74	77	53	24	3	582	693	657	36	11
	Outpatient Clinics	1,817	1,705	1,680	1,288	1,883	1,517	-366	-19.4%	144	106	130	-24	-38	1,728	1,471	1,390	81	-25
	Rehab Services	1,731	1,747	3,954	4,518	4,925	4,900	-25	-0.5%	453	497	457	40	44	4,503	5,066	4,456	610	56
	Sleep Center	160	223	498	368	242	300	58	24.0%	40	39	25	14	-1	209	312	273	39	10
	Spine Surgery	325	399	309	324	311	326	15	4.8%	30	27	19	8	-3	289	265	296	-31	-2
	Urology	1,755	1,771	1,739	1,898	2,053	2,058	5	0.2%	195	199	168	31	4	1,885	1,910	1,891	19	2
	Total	126,197	128,110	139,921	145,946	149,447	153,395	3,948	2.6%	12,715	13,386	13,806	-420	671	137,250	138,111	139,779	-1,668	86:



El Camino Hospital – Mountain View (\$000s)

Period ending 05/31/2019

Period 11	Period 11	Period 11	Variance			YTD	YTD	YTD	Variance	
FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%	\$000s	FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%
					OPERATING REVENUE					
227,364	251,681	249,373	2,308	0.9%	Gross Revenue	2,483,199	2,657,054	2,635,811	21,243	0.8%
(167,004)	(178,923)	(185,951)	7,028	3.8%	Deductions	(1,814,077)	(1,947,365)	(1,961,916)	14,551	0.7%
60,361	72,757	63,422	9,335	14.7%	Net Patient Revenue	669,122	709,689	673,895	35,794	5.3%
3,084	1,492	2,893	(1,401)	(48.4%)	Other Operating Revenue	25,071	20,778	29,822	(9,044)	(30.3%)
63,444	74,250	66,316	7,934	12.0%	Total Operating Revenue	694,193	730,467	703,717	26,750	3.8%
					OPERATING EXPENSE					
34,026	36,981	36,683	(298)	(0.8%)	Salaries & Wages	360,079	385,747	388,946	3,199	0.8%
9,573	11,012	9,711	(1,301)	(13.4%)	Supplies	95,287	102,503	102,458	(46)	(0.0%)
7,962	7,808	7,326	(482)	(6.6%)	Fees & Purchased Services	79,538	82,966	82,145	(822)	(1.0%)
831	1,005	862	(142)	(16.5%)	Other Operating Expense	8,135	9,654	9,687	33	0.3%
431	189	1,425	1,236	86.8%	Interest	5,290	3,871	6,261	2,390	38.2%
3,496	3,537	3,619	82	2.3%	Depreciation	38,466	38,722	40,410	1,688	4.2%
56,318	60,532	59,627	(905)	(1.5%)	Total Operating Expense	586,795	623,464	629,907	6,444	1.0%
7,127	13,717	6,689	7,029	105.1%	Net Operating Income/(Loss)	107,398	107,004	73,810	33,193	45.0%
9,167	(21,080)	346	(21,426)	(6185.0%)	Non Operating Income	52,534	2,040	4,471	(2,431)	(54.4%)
16,294	(7,362)	7,035	(14,398)	(204.6%)	Net Income(Loss)	159,932	109,043	78,281	30,762	39.3%
17.4%	23.5%	17.7%	5.8%		EBITDA	21.8%	20.5%	17.1%	3.4%	
11.2%	18.5%	10.1%			Operating Margin	15.5%	14.6%		4.2%	
25.7%	-9.9%		(20.5%)		Net Margin	23.0%	14.9%	11.1%	3.8%	



El Camino Hospital – Los Gatos(\$000s)

Period ending 05/31/2019

Peri	od 11	Period 11	Period 11	Variance			YTD	YTD	YTD	Variance	
FY	2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%	\$000s	FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%
						OPERATING REVENUE					
	50,489	58,074	61,578	(3,504)	(5.7%)	Gross Revenue	544,172	580,714	611,296	(30,582)	(5.0%)
((36,757)	(44,144)	(45,373)	1,229	2.7%	Deductions	(401,140)	(430,651)	(450,027)	19,376	4.3%
	13,732	13,930	16,205	(2,275)	(14.0%)	Net Patient Revenue	143,033	150,063	161,269	(11,206)	(6.9%)
	222	383	240	143	59.4%	Other Operating Revenue	2,036	3,496	2,639	857	32.5%
	13,953	14,314	16,445	(2,132)	(13.0%)	Total Operating Revenue	145,069	153,559	163,908	(10,349)	(6.3%)
						OPERATING EXPENSE					
	6,858	7,642	7,401	(241)	(3.3%)	Salaries & Wages	72,582	77,394	77,713	319	0.4%
	1,983	2,326	2,849	523	18.4%	Supplies	21,485	22,795	25,162	2,367	9.4%
	1,442	1,556	1,361	(195)	(14.3%)	Fees & Purchased Services	14,761	15,970	14,812	(1,157)	(7.8%)
	1,538	1,703	1,597	(106)	(6.7%)	Other Operating Expense	17,130	17,313	16,971	(341)	(2.0%)
	0	0	0	0	0.0%	Interest	0	0	0	0	0.0%
	693	815	732	(84)	(11.4%)	Depreciation	6,793	8,518	8,147	(371)	(4.6%)
	12,514	14,043	13,940	(103)	(0.7%)	Total Operating Expense	132,752	141,989	142,805	816	0.6%
	1,439	271	2,506	(2,235)	(89.2%)	Net Operating Income/(Loss)	12,317	11,569	21,103	(9,534)	(45.2%)
	0	0	0	0	0.0%	Non Operating Income	(45)	0	0	0	0.0%
	1,439	271	2,506	(2,235)	(89.2%)	Net Income(Loss)	12,272	11,569	21,103	(9,534)	(45.2%)
	15.3%	7.6%	19.7%	(12.1%)		EBITDA	13.2%	13.1%	17.8%	(4.8%)	
	10.3%	1.9%	15.2%	(13.3%)		Operating Margin	8.5%	7.5%		(5.3%)	
	10.3%	1.9%	15.2%	(13.3%)		Net Margin	8.5%	7.5%		(5.3%)	



El Camino Hospital Capital Spending (in thousands) FY 2014 – FY 2018

Category	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Category	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
EPIC	6,838	29,849	20,798	2,755	1,114	Facilities Projects CIP cont.					
IT Hardware/Software Equipment	2,788	4,660	6,483	2,659	1,108	1415 - Signage & Wayfinding	-	-	106	58	136
Medical/Non Medical Equipment	12,891	13,340	17,133	9,556	15,780	1416 - MV Campus Digital Directories	-	-	34	23	95
Non CIP Land, Land I, BLDG, Additions	22,292	-	4,189	_	2,070	1423 - MV MOB TI Allowance	-	-	588	369	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		-,		_,	1425 - IMOB Preparation Project - Old Main	-	-	711	1,860	215
Facilities Projects CIP						1429 - 2500 Hospital Dr Bldg 8 TI	-	101	-	-	-
Mountain View Campus Master Plan Projects						1430 - Women's Hospital Expansion	-	-	-	464	2,763
1245 - Behavioral Health Bldg Replace	1,257	3,775	1,389	10,323	28,676	1432 - 205 South Dr BHS TI	-	8		-	52
1413 - North Drive Parking Structure Exp		167	1,266	18,120	4,670	1501 - Women's Hospital NPC Comp	-	4	-	223	320
1414 - Integrated MOB	_	2,009	8,875	32,805	75,319	1502 - Cabling & Wireless Upgrades	-	-	1,261	367	984
	-	-	896	1,245	5,428	1503 - Willow Pavillion Tomosynthesis	-	-	53	257	31
1422 - CUP Upgrade	1 257		12,426	62,493	•	1504 - Equipment Support Infrastructure	-	61	311	-	60
Sub-Total Mountain View Campus Master Plan	1,257	5,950	12,420	62,493	114,093	1523 - Melchor Pavillion Suite 309 TI	-	-	10	59	392
Mountain View Capital Projects						1525 - New Main Lab Upgrades	-	-	-	464	1,739
9900 - Unassigned Costs	470	3,717	-	-	-	1526 - CONCERN TI	-	-	37	99	10
0906 - Slot Build-Out	1,576	15,101	1,251	294	-	Sub-Total Mountain View Projects	7,219	26,744	5,588	5,535	7,948
1109 - New Main Upgrades	393	2	-	-	-	Los Gatos Capital Projects					
1111 - Mom/Baby Overflow	29	-	-	-	-	0904 - LG Facilities Upgrade	-	-	-	-	-
1204 - Elevator Upgrades	30	-	-	-	-	0907 - LG Imaging Masterplan	774	1,402	17	-	-
0800 - Womens L&D Expansion	1,531	269	-	_	-	1210 - Los Gatos VOIP	89	-	-	-	-
1225 - Rehab BLDG Roofing	241	4	-	_	-	1116 - LG Ortho Pavillion	24	21	-	-	-
1227 - New Main eICU	21	-	_	_	-	1124 - LG Rehab BLDG	458	-	-	-	-
1230 - Fog Shop	80	_	_	_	-	1307 - LG Upgrades	2,979	3,282	3,511	3,081	4,551
1315 - 205 So. Drive TI's	500	2	_	_	_	1308 - LG Infrastructure	114	-	-	-	-
0908 - NPCR3 Seismic Upgrds	1,224	1,328	240	342	961	1313 - LG Rehab HVAC System/Structural	-	-	1,597	1,904	550
1125 - Will Pav Fire Sprinkler	39	-,020	-	-	-	1219 - LG Spine OR	214	323	633	2,163	447
1216 - New Main Process Imp Office	1	16	_	_	_	1221 - LG Kitchen Refrig	85	-	-	-	-
1217 - MV Campus MEP Upgrades FY13	181	274	28	_	_	1248 - LG - CT Upgrades	26		197	6,669	1,673
1224 - Rehab Bldg HVAC Upgrades	202	81	14	6	_	1249 - LG Mobile Imaging	146	-	-	-	-
1301 - Desktop Virtual	13	-		_	_	1328 - LG Ortho Canopy FY14	255	209	-	-	-
1304 - Rehab Wander Mgmt	87	_			_	1345 - LG Lab HVAC	112	-	-	-	427
1310 - Melchor Cancer Center Expansion	44	13		_	_	1346 - LG OR 5, 6, and 7 Lights Replace	-	285 181	53 43	22	127
1318 - Women's Hospital TI	48	48	29	2	-	1347 - LG Central Sterile Upgrades 1421 - LG MOB Improvements	-	198	65	66 303	- 356
·	40	15	29	-	22	1508 - LG NICU 4 Bed Expansion	-	190	-	207	330
1327 - Rehab Building Upgrades 1320 - 2500 Hosp Dr Roofing	- 7E	81	20	-	-	1600 - 825 Pollard - Aspire Phase II	_	_	-	80	10
	75		-	-	_	1603 - LG MOB Improvements		-	_	285	4,593
1340 - New Main ED Exam Room TVs	8	193	-	-	_	Sub-Total Los Gatos Projects	5,276	6,246	6,116	14,780	12,306
1341 - New Main Admin	32	103	-	-	-	·	3,270	-	•	-	12,300
1344 - New Main AV Upgrd	243	-	-	-	-	1550 - Land Acquisition	-	-	24,007	-	-
1400 - Oak Pav Cancer Center	-	5,208	666	52	156	1701 - 828 S Winchester Clinic TI	-	-	-	145	3,018
1403 - Hosp Drive BLDG 11 TI's	86	103	-	-	-	Sub-Total Other Strategic Projects	-	-	24,007	145	3,018
1404 - Park Pav HVAC	64	7	-	-	-	Subtotal Facilities Projects CIP	13,753	38,940	48,137	82,953	137,364
1405 - 1 - South Accessibility Upgrades	-	-	168	95	-	-					
1408 - New Main Accessibility Upgrades	-	7	46	501	12	Grand Total	58,561	86,789	96,740	97,923	157,435





Memorandum

To: Board Finance Committee

From: Ken King, CASO Date: July 29, 2019

Subject: Major Projects Update

Hospital Campuses

2500 Grant Road Mountain View, CA 94040 650-940-7000

815 Pollard Road Los Gatos, CA 95032 408-378-6131

elcaminohealth.org

1. Purpose:

To keep the Finance Committee informed on the progress of major capital projects in process.

2. Summary:

a. Situation/Status

Taube Pavilion (aka BHS) construction is 90% complete with construction activities being pushed out until late August. The revised construction completion date is due in large part to a conflict in the ceiling system installation that required re-engineering, OSPHD approval and installation of additional braces at over 300 locations in the building. Furniture and equipment fit up has begun and is now scheduled to be completed by the end of September. The opening event date has been rescheduled to October 24th. The waste water storage project which must be completed to obtain final occupancy is 50% complete and is scheduled to be substantially complete by August 28th. This project is forecasted to be completed within the approved budget. (See Attachment #1 – Cost Reports)

Sabrato Pavilion (aka IMOB) construction is 81% complete and progressing towards substantial completion in late September with Tenant TI's being the last element to be completed. Furniture and equipment fit up has been pushed out to begin in mid-September and be completed by the end of October. The new Pavilion will be ready for the opening event scheduled for November 17th. The "offsite work" in the YMCA parking lot is in process and pending PG&E signoff the work on Grant Road is expected to begin in early August. This project is forecasted to be completed with the approved budget. (See Attachment #1 – Cost Reports)

Women's Hospital construction documents were submitted to OSPHD for plan review and permitting in late May. We are pushing for a nine month process to obtain a building permit so that construction can begin in the spring of 2020.

Demo Old Main Hospital & Related Construction development planning is in process. The initial phase of the project requires the partial demolition of the structure so that a Temporary Loading Dock and Receiving Area can be

constructed. The second phase is the actual abatement and demolition of the entire old main hospital building. The third and final phase is the reconstruction of what will be a very large hole in the center of the campus. The documents for the initial phase are under development and are expected to be submitted to OSHPD for plan review in early October. A complete presentation of cost forecasts and project scope will be presented at the next meeting of the Finance Committee.

b. Authority

This memo is to keep the Finance Committee informed of the progress towards completion of the major development projects within the Mountain View Campus Development Plan.

c. Background

The Board of Directors approved the Mountain View Campus Development Projects which consist of the following:

Step I: Status

North Parking Garage Expansion - Complete
Behavioral Health Services Building - Construction
Integrated Medical Office Building - Construction
Central Plant Upgrades - Complete

Step II:

Women's Hospital Expansion - Plan Review/Permit

Demolition of Old Main Hospital - Construction Docs Phase 1

d. Assessment

In addition to the construction activities all impacted departments are working on the activation, training, move planning and budgeting for the future state of operations.

e. Other Reviews

None

f. Outcomes

The primary objective continues to be completing the projects within the approved budgets and to safely transition into the new building environments.

3. List of Attachments:

Attachment #1 – Cost Reports

4. Suggested Finance Committee Discussion Questions:

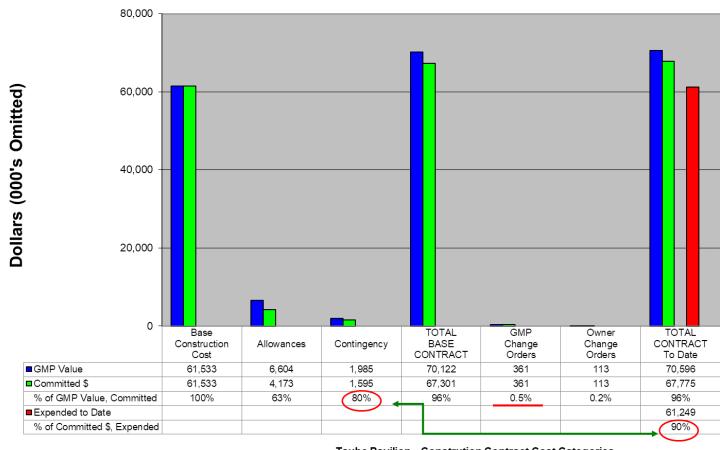
None



Finance Committee – Major Projects Update July 29, 2019

Ken King, CASO

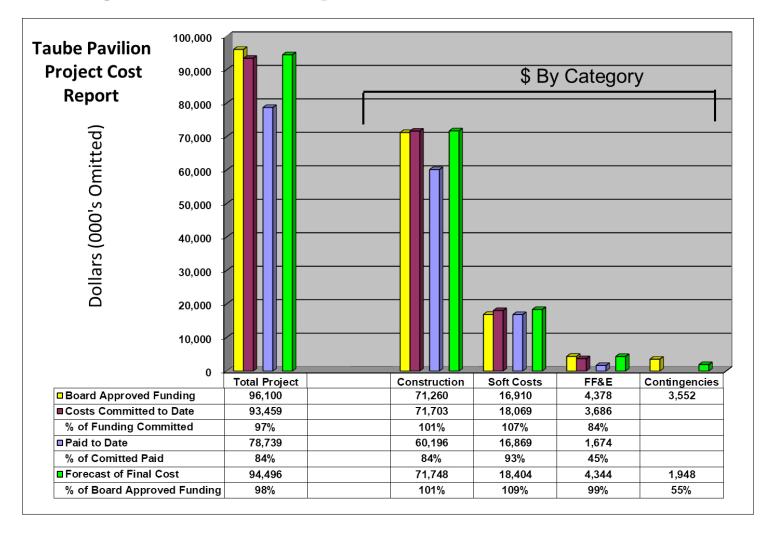
Taube Pavilion Construction Contract Cost Report





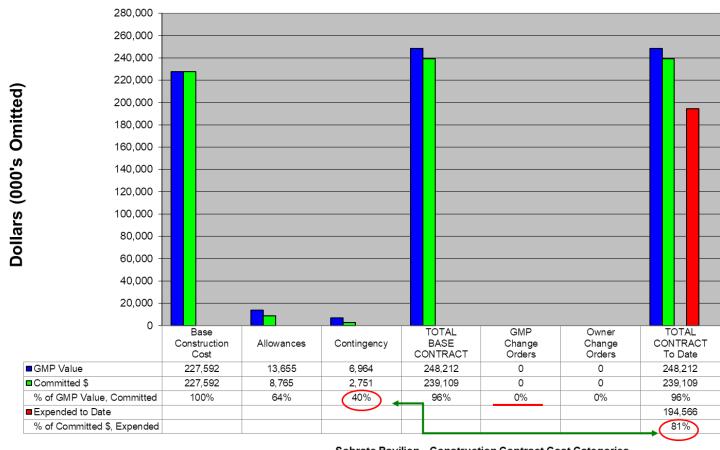


Taube Pavilion Project Cost Report





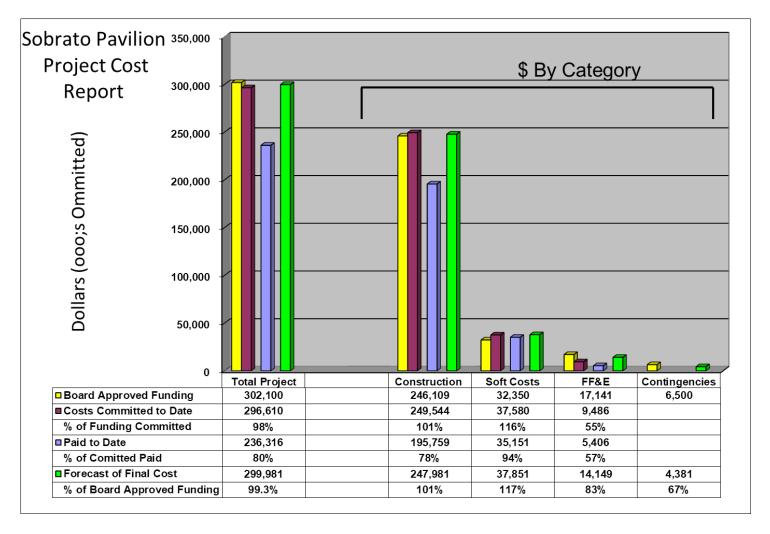
Sobrato Pavilion Construction Contract Cost Report







Sobrato Pavilion Project Cost Report





FY20 Finance Committee Pacing Plan - Updated July 11, 2019 FY20 FC Pacing Plan - Q1

July 29, 2019	August 2019	September 23, 2019
- Meeting Minutes (May 2019), any policies - Financial Report (FY19 Period 11, 12) - Physician Contracts - Capital Funding Requests - Review Major Capital Projects in progress - Info: Progress Against Goals, Pacing Plan, Article, Report on Board Actions - Year-End Financial Report - Review of Patient Billings (FC Committee Goal) - Executive Session - Long Term Financial Forecast - Medical Staff Development Plan - Post - Implementation Review (PACS/RIS)	No scheduled meeting	- Meeting Minutes (July 2019), any policies - Financial Report (FY20 Period 1, 2) - Physician Contracts - Capital Funding Requests - Review Major Capital Projects in Progress - Info: Progress Against Goals, Pacing Plan, Article, Report on Board Actions - Service Line Review – Ortho Neuro Spine - Executive Session - Post Implementation Review - Per attached schedule
	FY20 FC Pacing Plan - Q2	
October 2019	November 25, 2019	December 2019
- October 23, 2019 - Board and Committee Educational Session	 Meeting Minutes (September 2019), any policies Financial Report (FY20 Period 3,4) Physician Contracts Capital Funding Requests Review Major Capital Projects in progress Info: Progress Against Goals, Pacing Plan, Article, Report on Board Actions Service Line Review – MCH Post implementation Review – Per attached Schedule Payor Update Executive Session Long Term Financial Forecast 	No scheduled meeting

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FY20 Finance Committee Pacing Plan - Updated July 11, 2019

FY20 FC Pacing Plan - Q3										
January 27, 2020	February 2020	March 23, 2020								
**Joint Meeting with the Investment Committee	No scheduled meeting	 Meeting Minutes (January 2020), any policies Financial Report (FY20 Period 7,8) Physician Contracts Capital Funding Requests Review Major Capital Projects in progress Info: Progress Against Goals, Pacing Plan, Article, Report on Board Actions Preview FY21 Budget Part # 1 Discuss and recommend FY21 Committee Goals Discuss FY21 Committee Dates Payor Update Executive Session Service Line Report - HVI Summary of Physician Financial Arrangements (Year-End) Post Implementation Review - Per attached schedule 								
	FY20 FC Pacing Plan - Q4									
April 27, 2020	May 26, 2020	June 2020								
- FY21 Budget Review – Part 2 - April 22, 2020 – Board and Committee Educational Session	**Joint Meeting with the Hospital Board on the Operating & Capital Budget - Meeting Minutes (March 2020), any policies - Financial Report (FY20 Period 9,10) - Long Term Financial Forecast - Physician Contracts - Capital Funding Requests - Review Major Capital Projects in progress - Info: Progress Against Goals, Pacing Plan, Article, Report on Board Actions - Review and recommend FY21 Budget - Review and recommend FY21 Organizational Goals - Post Implementation Review – Per attached schedule - Executive Session	No scheduled meeting								

FY20 Finance Committee Pacing Plan - Updated July 11, 2019

Last 18 Months Capital Project Approvals September 2017 - May 2019

APPROVAL	APPROVING BODY	PROJECT NAME	APPROVED AMOUNT	PROPOSED FC POST-
DATE				IMPLEMENTATION REVIEW DATE
9/13/2017	ECH Board	Increase BHS Building Budget	Additional \$4.6 M	Update each meeting
9/13/2017	ECH Board	Increase Sobrato Pavilion Budget	Additional \$27.1 M	Update each meeting
10/11/17		None	N/A	N/A
11/8/2017		None	N/A	N/A
1/10/2018		None	N/A	N/A
2/14/2018	ECH Board	PACS Image Archive System Replacement	\$2.2 M	7/2019
3/14/2018		None	N/A	N/A
4/18/2018		None	N/A	N/A
5/9/2018		None	N/A	N/A
6/13/2018		None	N/A	N/A
8/15/2018		None	N/A	N/A
9/12/2018		None	N/A	N/A
10/10/2018	ECH Board	Los Gatos Imaging Equipment	\$1.6 M	N/A < \$2 M
11/14/2018		None	N/A	N/A
12/5/2018		None	N/A	N/A
1/16/2019	ECH Board	Los Gatos Cancer Center Funding	\$6.4 M	7/2020
1/30/2019	Finance Committee	Waste Water Storage Project	\$3.9 M	7/2020
1/30/2019	Finance Committee	Purchase Da Vinci Robot Xi Model	\$1,550,000 (Net)	N/A < \$2 M
2/13/2019	ECH Board	Women's Hospital Planning	\$10 M (Total Now \$16M)	9/2020
2/13/2019	ECH Board	SVMD Clinic Site Tenant Improvements	\$8 M	9/2020
2/13/2019	ECH Board	Interventional Equipment Replacement	\$13 M	9/2020
2/13/2019	ECH Board	Imaging Equipment Replacement	\$16.9 M	9/2020
2/13/2019	ECH Board	SVMD Asset Acquisition	\$1.2 M	1/2020
3/13/2019		None		
3/25/2019	Finance Committee	SVMD Clinic IT Infrastructure	\$4.6 M	9/2020
5/28/2019	Finance Committee	MV Campus Signage	\$1.1 M	N/A < \$2 M



FY20 COMMITTEE GOALS

Finance Committee

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Finance Committee (the "Committee") is to provide oversight, information sharing, and financial reviews related to budgeting, capital budgeting, long-range financial planning and forecasting, and monthly financial reporting for the El Camino Hospital (ECH) Hospital Board of Directors ("Board"). In carrying out its review, advisory, and oversight responsibilities, the Finance Committee shall remain flexible in order to best define financial strategies that react to changing conditions.

STAFF: **Iftikhar Hussain**, Chief Financial Officer (Executive Sponsor)

The CFO shall serve as the primary staff to support the Committee and is responsible for drafting the Committee meeting agenda for the Committee Chair's consideration. Additional members of the Executive Team may participate in the meetings upon the recommendation of the Executive Sponsor and at the discretion of the Committee Chair.

GOALS	TIMELINE	METRICS			
Review major capital projects	Each regular meeting	Update on major capital projects in progress - Ongoing			
2. Evaluate consumer-facing bills for ease of understanding, including patient portal (MyChart)	Q1	Review 5 – 10 bills with common/usual diagnoses/procedures and make recommendations to staff and Board – 7/29/19			
3. Review the top three (3) service lines: 1) Heart & Vascular Institute (HVI), 2) Ortho, Neuro and Spine, and 3) MCH	- HVI (Q3) - Ortho, Neuro and Spine (Q1) - MCH (Q2)	Presentations in September, November, and March (Paced)			

SUBMITTED BY:

Chair: John Zoglin

Executive Sponsor: Iftikhar Hussain

Approved by the ECH Board of Directors 6/12/2019

Healthcare 2030: Four Economic Scenarios

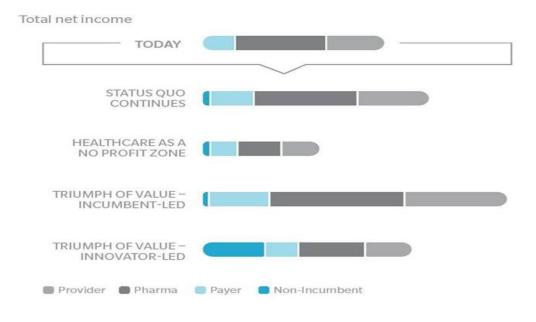
Oliver Wyman Health
David Fries & Fritz Heese | FEBRUARY 21, 2019

There are a few claims we're making (with confidence!) about healthcare's future. We predict healthcare's migration to value will continue. Margin pressure and intense competitive pressure will push efficiency among incumbents (like automating and transitioning care to lower acuity environments). Industry boundaries will be challenged as digital, retail, and other companies make deeper forays into healthcare. But how fast will change happen? And who will win (and lose) profit share?

Looking back on how the industry has progressed over the last two decades, US healthcare now comprises 18 percent of total gross domestic product, up 13 percent from twenty years ago. The composition of that spending has remained (remarkably) stable since 1960, with 38 percent to hospitals, 23 percent to physician services, and 12 percent to prescription drugs. Pharma accounts for less than one-sixth of total healthcare spend, while deriving almost half of healthcare ecosystem profits.



HEALTHCARE PROFITS, TODAY AND TOMORROW



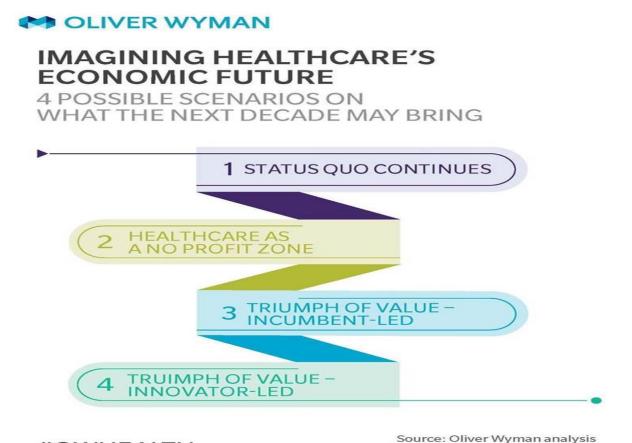
#OWHealth

Source: Oliver Wyman analysis health.oliverwyman.com Is this share of profits in the industry stable, or is it about to be turned upside down over the next decade? Below, we examine the range of possible scenarios.

Key Questions Driving Our 2030 Scenarios

#OWHEALTH

- 1. Will the move to value continue at the same pace?
- 2. Will healthcare costs increase faster than the system can bear?
- 3. Will the government aggressively demand change?
- 4. Where will most tech-driven innovations originate and who will monetize them?
- 5. Will incumbents or out-of-industry players invest more in (building and/or acquiring) innovation?
- 6. How empowered and motivated will consumers be to "vote with their wallets" for better healthcare?



health.oliverwyman.com

Scenario 1: Status Quo Continues

Here, the next decade closely mirrors the last. Total healthcare costs increase before levelling off with gross domestic product growth. Value-based reimbursement models become only slightly more common. Healthcare's still primarily fee-for-service. Government deficits continue, but Medicare and Social Security remain solvent.

Incumbents still create incremental efficiency through consolidation and process improvement. Most improvements are uniform, maintaining competitive parity without providing undue advantage to new business models. Electronic Health Record penetration reaches maturity, creating process efficiencies and modest clinical management improvements, reducing unnecessary medical costs.

Payers' progress is evolutionary. They create simpler, more flexible products featuring integrated ancillary coverage, sculpted networks, and other cost-cutting levers. Care management programs slowly improve. Payer business models aren't fundamentally disrupted.

Providers see continued inpatient to outpatient migration, from higher to lower acuity, from general to more highly specialized Industrialized Factory environments, driving better consumer experiences and lower costs, without fundamentally disrupting business models. These improvements cancel out net increases in healthcare demand. Provider compensation grows, although slower than before.

On the life sciences side, a modest number of new blockbuster treatments emerge (as neurology joins oncology and immunology as a critical source of profit growth), roughly offsetting patent expirations. Pharma sparks meaningful innovation, enabling medical advancements that drive economic value. In areas with profit headwinds like diabetes and cardiology, pharma companies integrate new non-product-based offers, like behavior change programs.

Next-generation delivery models (like Iora, Amazon, and Omada) with potential for massive disruption exist, but still at the margins. Innovation happens in pockets. Nobody develops scalable, innovative solutions. Costs increase, but not faster than the system can withstand. Medicare and Social Security remain solvent. Industry economics are largely unchanged.

This scenario may seem unlikely. But if we'd written these words in 2009, it's this scenario that would have best described the next ten years, where innovations and improvements happen in silos without fundamentally changing healthcare's economic landscape.

Scenario 2: Healthcare As A No Profit Zone

This scenario begins like the last, but with less optimistic macroeconomics. The industry cannot drive incremental value without fundamentally disrupting existing business models.

Government deficits skyrocket. Continued increase in deductibles and out-of-pocket spend oppresses patients, driving political reform. As a result, there's a "reckoning" five years out, when rising healthcare costs become unbearable.

Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement is reduced, hitting pharma hard, as the government targets drug reimbursement parity with Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries. Annual prescription drug price increases disappear. More stringent limitations regarding comparative effectiveness limit new drugs coming to market. The government launches a "Medicare for all" single payer option which is managed similarly to Medicare Fee-for-Service, where payers play only a small, back office processing role. And thus, payers lose most of their commercially insured members to Medicare, now a direct competitor. Employers, eager to reduce costs and offer lower premiums and deductibles, contract directly with providers for the remaining commercial business, further dwindling legacy payer membership.

Incumbents' margins are dramatically compressed. Consolidation pushes as far as regulators allow, leaving a few incumbents with razor thin margins, as price and earnings multiples enter mid-single digits. Like Scenario 1, innovative start-up and out-of-industry solutions exist in pockets, but aren't profitable, or scalable enough to disrupt. Despite enough well-funded investors to spark competition and drive lower prices, a killer solution doesn't thrive and prosper in the end.

Scenario 3: Triumph of Value – Incumbent-Led

Several "vectors to value" reach critical inflection points, going from pilots and silos to disruptors. Market incumbents lead the way. This creates massive consumer value and significantly expands healthcare profit pools, increasing opportunities to harness value for both incumbents and new market entrants. "Value" broadly includes supply-side and demand-side innovations driving better outcomes and lower cost of care, including vectors like:

Behavior: Behavior change companies go to market with new psychologically nuanced, magnetic behavior change programs so compelling, many consumers willingly pay for them (instead of being paid to participate). These Automated Agents leverage a data explosion to personally remind and nudge consumers toward healthy behaviors. A mainstream "healthy living culture" emerges. Chronic disease rates drop. Consumer peer pressure to stay healthy spikes.

Tech: A new killer app takes charge, like how Apple transformed technology. A centralized platform guaranteeing excellent consumer experience manages all consumer interactions with the healthcare system.

Tools: The healthcare ecosystem achieves nearly optimal incentives across stakeholders and universal access, creating necessary tools that drive best practitioner choices. Industrialized Factories compete to deliver the highest quality, lowest cost care possible, leading to more efficient best practices and standardization. Integrated Patient Managers are strongly

incentivized to manage highly complex patients and more innovatively and efficiently deliver care.

Science: Headline-grabbing technologies (like genomics, personalized medicine, and robot caregivers) become mainstream faster than predicted. Genomics, particularly, drives a step change in healthcare outcomes as new breakthrough therapies come to market, commanding large pharma premiums. Scientific advances make personalized prevention the norm in many disease areas.

Delivery: Virtual and bricks and mortar healthcare experiences become almost fully interchangeable for all but the highest acuity care episodes. Access Specialists systematically deliver convenient care though new delivery channels.

The "Behavior" and "Tools" vectors mentioned above (where healthcare incumbents already play) may prove triumphant, but incumbents also leave their comfort zones for other vectors. Incumbents maintain financial footing long enough to fuel healthy innovation investments and leverage core strengths like healthcare financing control, healthcare data access, and point of care proximity.

The "brave new world" of genetic and personalized medicine creates a new sub-industry for life sciences and device companies. Payers leave underwriting and risk taking for healthcare data science, behavior change, and managing an "iPhone-like" integrated healthcare experience. Highly performing providers heavily incentivized for cost and quality achieve massive gainsharing. Across these industries, incumbents hyper-aggressively acquire new innovations that drive transformation.

Just like how biotech drove significant clinical value two or three decades ago, pharma – with 40 percent of value capture thanks to new developments in artificial intelligence, genomics, gene science, personalized therapy, and the like – captures value and withstands price pressure.

Scenario 4: Triumph of Value – Innovator-Led

Like Scenario 3, several "vectors to value" reach critical inflection points, but this time driven by new market entrants.

Healthcare majorly pivots towards consumerism; the "Behavior", "Tech", and "Science" vectors initially dominate. Brand power, engagement, and strong consumer relationships become primary differentiators. Magnetic platform owners creating quality consumer experiences accrue value. Amazon and/or smart phone apps provide integrated consumer solutions to find doctors, purchase insurance, and change behaviors, leading to healthier lives. New market entrants capitalize on customer relationships to provide more traditional healthcare services, playing in the "Tools" and "Delivery" vectors. Increasingly, these solutions lead patients to healthcare's "new front door" through retail clinics or virtual care owned and operated by new entrants. Incumbent business models remain largely stagnant, relegated to suppliers highly detached from customers.

Health insurers and traditional providers are commoditized, "racing to the bottom" to offer the lowest prices for services where patients use digital comparative shopping tools. Patients are loyal to the platform, not payers and providers (now secondary vendors). In an extreme case, the traditional healthcare system becomes a last resort destination as patients seek virtual care or retail clinic options, for all but the highest acuity care episodes. Low acuity care is no longer considered "healthcare", but a consumer service provided by a mix of retail and Internet companies.

For incumbents, results mirror the "Health as a No Profit Zone," Scenario 2 as they cede wallet share to out-of-industry players, now earning only a small profit portion in healthcare's new market. Meanwhile, companies considered "non-healthcare" in 2019 will accumulate well over a trillion dollars in healthcare market cap by 2030.

In the future, different scenarios will increase value with highly contrasting implications for profit shares. Those who understand trends, vectors, and how to create strategic control and value will be best positioned. 2030, here we come.



EL CAMINO HOSPITAL COMMITTEE MEETING COVER MEMO

To: Finance Committee

From: Cindy Murphy, Director of Governance Services

Date: July 29, 2019

Subject: Report on Board Actions

Purpose:

To keep the Committee informed with regards to actions taken by the El Camino Hospital and El Camino Healthcare District Boards.

Summary:

- 1. <u>Situation</u>: It is important to keep the Committees informed about Board activity to provide context for Committee work. The list below is not meant to be exhaustive, but includes agenda items the Board voted on that are most likely to be of interest to or pertinent to the work of El Camino Hospital's Board Advisory Committees.
- **2.** <u>Authority</u>: This is being brought to the Committees at the request of the Board and the Committees.
- 3. <u>Background</u>: Since the last Finance Committee Meeting the Hospital Board has met once and the District Board has met once. In addition, since the Board has delegated certain authority to the Compliance and Audit Committee, the Finance Committee and the Executive Compensation Committee those approvals are also noted in this report.

A. ECH Board Actions

June 12, 2019

- Approved FY19 Period 10 Financials
- Approved FY20 Organizational Goals
- Approved FY20 El Camino Hospital Capital and Operating Budget
- Approved FY20 Community Benefit Plan
- Approved FY20 CEO Salary Range
- Approved FY20 Master Calendar, Committee Appointments and Committee Goals
- Approved Infection Control Medical Director Agreement

B. <u>ECHD Board Actions</u>

June 18, 2019

- Approved Resolution 2019-05 Recognizing ECH Community Benefit Grantee Cristo Rey San Jose Jesuit High School
- Approved Resolution 2019-06 Establishing Tax Appropriation Limit
- Approved FY20 Community Benefit Plan

- Approved FY20 ECH Capital and Operating Budget, FY20 ECHD Consolidated and Stand-Alone Budget and FY19 Period 10 Financials
- Allocated \$6,958,521 of tax revenues to the Mountain View Campus Women's Hospital Expansion/Renovation/Reconstruction Project
- Appointed Director Julia Miller as the District's Liaison to the Community Benefit Advisory Council
- Elected New Board Officers
 - o Gary Kalbach, Chair
 - o George O. Ting, MD, Vice Chair
 - o Julia Miller, Secretary/Treasurer
- Appointed Julia Miller as Chair of the ECH Board Member Election and Re-Election Ad Hoc Committee, George O. Ting, MD as a member of the Committee and Lanhee Chen and Christina Lai as advisors.

C. Finance Committee Actions

- Approved Lithotripsy Professional Services Agreement and Behavioral Health Unit On-Call Panel Agreements
- Approved Funding for MV Campus Signage not to exceed \$2.5 million
- D. Compliance and Audit Committee: None since last report.
- **E.** Executive Compensation Committee Actions
 - Approved FY20 Executive Bases Salary Ranges and Base Salaries
 - Approved FY20 Individual Executive Goals
- **4.** Assessment: N/A
- 5. Other Reviews: N/A
- 6. Outcomes: N/A

List of Attachments: None.

Suggested Committee Discussion Questions: None



Summary of Financial Operations

Fiscal Year 2019 – Period 12 7/1/2018 to 06/30/2019

Financial Overview

Hospital Volume

June

- June volume as measured by Adjusted Discharges (AD) were favorable to both budget by 1.0% (32 ADs) and prior year by 8.5% (246 ADs). High inpatient volume driven service line growth initiatives in General, Gastroenterology, Pulmonary, Behavioral Health, and Spine Surgery cases. Outpatient service line growth in Endoscopy, Interventional Bronchoscopy, Cardiac Interventional, and Imaging (CT Scan).

Year to Date

- Year to Date Adjusted Discharges were unfavorable to budget by 0.7% (267 ADs) mostly due to the delay start of the LG infusion program. Excluding the LG infusion, we are off by .13% (46 ADs) YTD. Growth from prior year is 1.5% (530 ADs).
- YTD inpatient volume is below budget by 2.9% (613 cases) driven by MCH (342 cases) due to declining birth rate, Orthopedics/ Spine (253 cases) due to loss of physicians and ramp of new physicians, and HVI (146 cases) primary.
- YTD outpatient volume is below budget by 1.8% (2,752 visits) driven by LG Infusion (1,165 visits) due to delay in start of the program originally expected to begin in January. Service will begin in Q2 of FY20. Lab, and Behavioral Health visits continue to remain below budget.

Consolidated Financial Performance

June

- June Operating Margin was favorable to budget by \$1.9M driven by \$11 million unusual and non recurring items.

Year to Date

- YTD Operating Margin was favorable to budget by \$26 million driven by \$23 million in unusual non recurring items favorable revenue cycle by lowering denials and underpayments.

Hospital Payor Mix

- YTD, Commercial is 2.2 percentage points unfavorable to budget. Declining Commercial mix is linked to the decline in MCH volume and is a concern given that all other payer categories do not cover the cost of care.

Hospital Cost

- Productive FTEs were unfavorable to target by 1.3% for June but on target YTD.



Dashboard - ECH combined as of June 30, 2019

		Month						
	PY	CY E	Bud/Target	Variance	PY	CY	Bud/Target	Variance
				CY vs Bud				CY vs Bud
Hospital Volume								
Licenced Beds	443	443	443	-	443	443	443	-
ADC	227	236	257	(21)	239	242	247	(5)
Utilization MV	63%	65%	70%	-6%	66%	66%	68%	
Utilization LG	28%	30%	32%	-3%	29%	30%	31%	
Utilization Combined	51%	53%	58%	-5%	54%	55%	56%	
Adjusted Discharges	2,992	3,225	3,197	28	35,904	36,470	36,530	
Total Discharges (Excl NNB)	1,645	1,740	1,791	(51)	20,291	20,210	20,823	(613)
Total Discharges	1,951	2,026	2,112	(86)	24,061	23,769	24,647	
Inpatient Cases								
MS Discharges	1,153	1,231	1,280	(49)	14,212	14,223	14,714	. ,
Deliveries	376	348	388	(40)	4,540	4,283	4,611	(328)
BHS	77	112	86	26	1,098	1,182	1,062	
Rehab	39	49	37	12	441	522	436	
Outpatient Cases	12,197	12,535	13,616	(1,081)	149,446	150,637	153,395	(2,758)
ED	3,956	4,147	4,111	36	49,411	48,462	49,122	(660)
Procedural Cases				(
OP Surg	387	425	450	(25)	4,726	5,010	5,008	
Endo	209	246	224	22	2,413	2,661	2,455	
Interventional	168	162	156	6	2,115	2,180	2,135	
All Other	7,477	7,555	8,675	(1,120)	90,781	92,324	94,675	(2,351)
Consolidated Financial Perf.								
Total Operating Revenue	84,882	92,097	85,150	6,947	938,813	998,034	968,953	29,081
Operating Expenses	68,073	81,243	76,166	5,076	806,385	884,554	881,971	2,583
Operating Margin \$	16,809	10,854	8,984	1,870	132,428	113,480	86,982	26,498
Operating Margin	19.8%	11.8%	10.6%	1.2%	14.1%	11.4%	9.0%	2.4%
EBIDA\$	21,002	15,501	14,740	761	187,367	169,778	147,913	21,865
EBIDA %	24.7%	16.8%	17.3%	-0.5%	20.0%	17.0%	15.3%	1.7%
Hospital Payor Mix								
Medicare	46.3%	49.2%	46.2%	3.0%	47.6%	49.1%	46.6%	2.5%
Medi-Cal	8.5%	7.4%	8.2%	-0.8%	7.8%	8.0%	8.0%	0.0%
Commercial IP	23.1%	19.2%	21.8%	-2.6%	22.0%	19.9%	22.2%	-2.3%
Commercial OP	20.4%	21.1%	21.0%	0.0%	20.2%	20.7%	20.5%	0.1%
Total Commercial	43.5%	40.2%	42.8%	-2.6%	42.1%	40.6%	42.8%	-2.2%
Other	1.6%	3.2%	2.8%	0.3%	2.5%	2.4%	2.7%	-0.2%
Hospital Cost								
Total FTE	2,585.2	2,752.8	2,774.4	(22)	2,578.7	2,681.7	2,709.1	(27)
Productive Hrs/APD	31.3	31.6	30.2	1	30.4	30.7	31.2	(0)
Hospital Balance Sheet								
Net Days in AR	50.7	45.6	48.0	(2)	50.7	45.6	48.0	(2.4)
Days Cash	505	500	449	51	505	500	449	51

Beginning with the June FY 19 report, the Dashboard and the financial report has been updated to show the ECH consolidated results instead of just the Hospitals. The descriptions of the metrics indicate whether the data is hospital only.



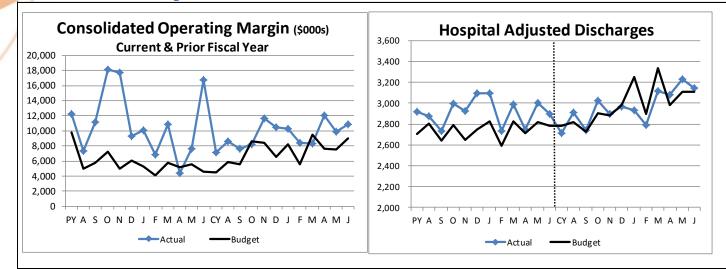
Consolidated Statement of Operations (\$000s)

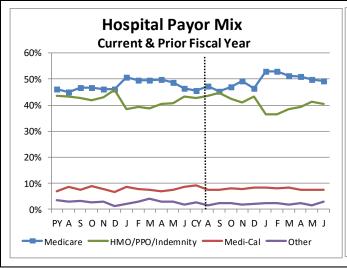
Period ending 06/30/2019

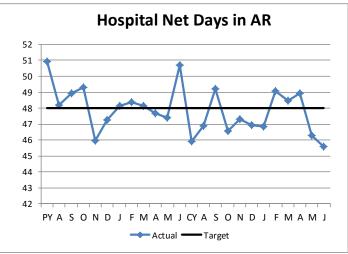
Period 12	Period 12	Period 12	Variance			YTD	YTD	YTD	Variance	
FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%	\$000s	FY 2018	FY 2019	Budget 2019	Fav (Unfav)	Var%
					OPERATING REVENUE					
270,184	300,082	312,377	(12,296)	(3.9%)	Gross Revenue	3,298,115	3,557,853	3,570,368	(12,515)	(0.4%)
(188,734)	(214,080)	(232,216)	18,136	7.8%	Deductions	(2,404,362)	(2,605,594)	(2,650,863)	45,269	1.7%
81,451	86,002	80,161	5,841	7.3%	Net Patient Revenue	893,753	952,260	919,505	32,755	3.6%
3,431	6,095	4,989	1,106	22.2%	Other Operating Revenue	45,060	45,775	49,448	(3,674)	(7.4%)
84,882	92,097	85,150	6,947	8.2%	Total Operating Revenue	938,813	998,034	968,953	29,081	3.0%
					OPERATING EXPENSE					
33,212	41,619	43,804	2,185	5.0%	Salaries & Wages	472,748	514,544	516,568	2,024	0.4%
11,172	11,705	13,081	1,376	10.5%	Supplies	128,107	138,154	141,164	3,011	2.1%
16,224	19,254	10,794	(8,460)	(78.4%)	Fees & Purchased Services	120,971	140,983	130,493	(10,490)	(8.0%)
3,273	4,018	2,732	(1,286)	(47.1%)	Other Operating Expense	29,620	34,576	32,815	(1,761)	(5.4%)
(63)	246	1,425	1,179	82.8%	Interest	5,227	4,117	7,686	3,570	46.4%
4,256	4,401	4,331	(70)	(1.6%)	Depreciation	49,712	52,181	53,244	1,063	2.0%
68,073	81,243	76,166	(5,076)	(6.7%)	Total Operating Expense	806,385	884,554	881,971	(2,583)	(0.3%)
16,809	10,854	8,984	1,870	20.8%	Net Operating Margin	132,428	113,480	86,982	26,498	30.5%
4,233	8,162	2,067	6,095	294.9%	Non Operating Income	64,664	38,170	25,484	12,687	49.8%
21,042	19,016	11,051	7,965	72.1%	Net Margin	197,092	151,650	112,466	39,184	34.8%
24.7%	16.8%	17.3%	(0.5%)		EBITDA	20.0%	17.0%	15.3%	1.7%	
19.8%	11.8%	10.6%	•		Operating Margin	14.1%	11.4%	9.0%	2.4%	
24.8%	20.6%	13.0%	7.7%		Net Margin	21.0%	15.2%	11.6%	3.6%	



Monthly Financial Trends





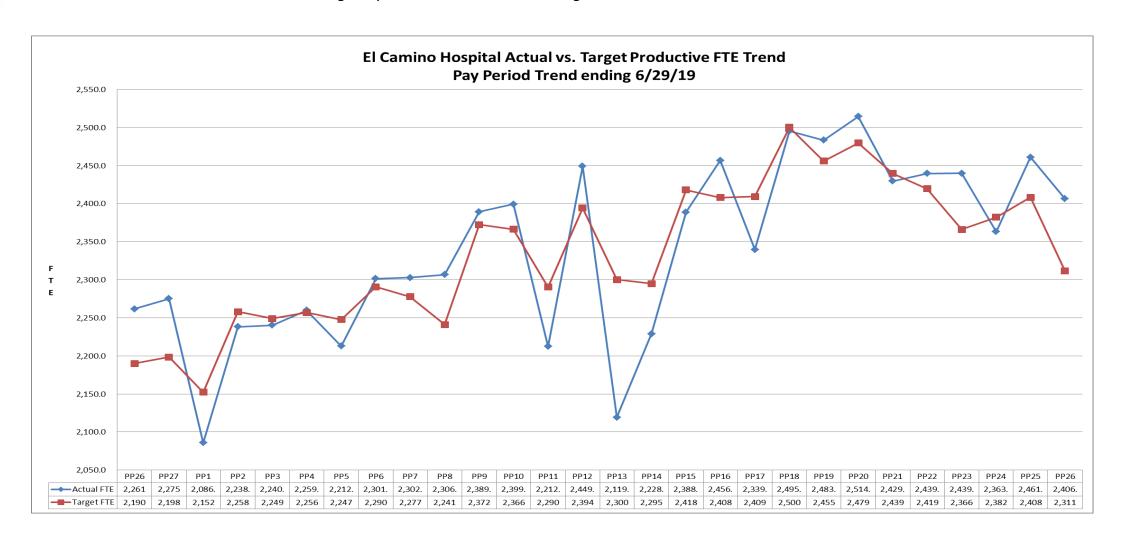


- Volume trend is positive the last quarter
- Operating Margin in June includes \$12 million in unusual items
- Adverse trend in Payor mix with a decline in Commercial mix due mainly to drop in MCH volume
- Revenue cycle operation consistently better than targets and show a favorable trend



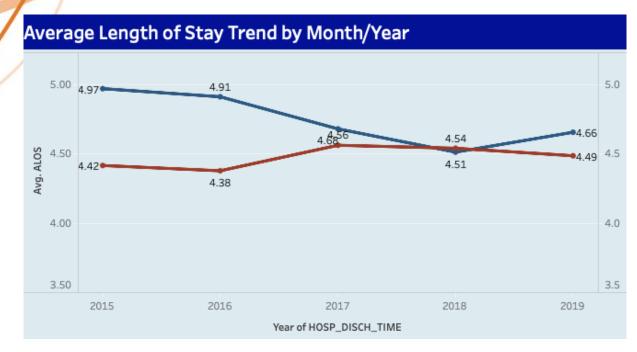
Hospital Productivity

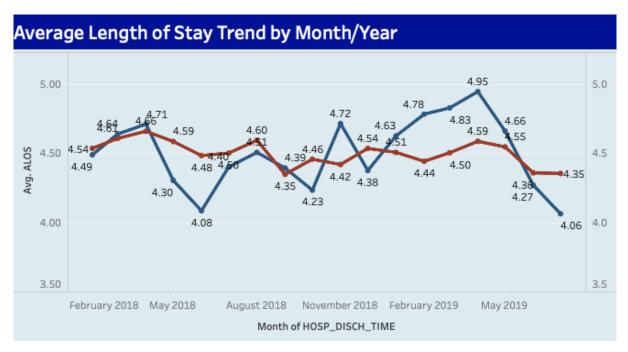
Productive FTEs were unfavorable to target by 1.3% for June but on target YTD





Hospital Medicare Length of Stay





ALOS vs Milliman well-managed benchmark (red line). Medicare is our largest book of business and growing due to aging population. Lower length of stay is a key driver for improving the Medicare margin

FY19 ALOS has increased due to long stay outlier cases beginning in January but improved in May and June



INVESTMENT SCORECARD AS OF MARCH 31, 2019

Key Performance Indicator	Status	El Camino	Benchmark	El Camino	Benchmark		Benchmark	FY19 Year End Budget	Expectation Per Asset Allocation
Investment Performance		1Q	2019	Fiscal Ye	ar-to-date		e Inception alized)		2018
Surplus cash balance*		\$999.8						\$891.1	
Surplus cash return		6.7%	6.7%	2.6%	2.6%	5.4%	5.2%	3.2%	5.3%
Cash balance plan balance (millions)		\$270.6						\$276.9	
Cash balance plan return		8.3%	7.7%	2.9%	2.7%	7.6%	6.8%	6.0%	5.7%
403(b) plan balance (millions)		\$496.8							
Risk vs. Return		3-y	ear				e Inception alized)		2018
Surplus cash Sharpe ratio		1.16	1.09			1.03	1.00		0.43
Net of fee return		6.9%	6.3%			5.4%	5.2%		5.3%
Standard deviation		4.8%	4.6%			4.7%	4.6%		6.7%
Cash balance Sharpe ratio		1.18	1.08			1.14	1.07		0.40
Net of fee return		8.3%	7.3%			7.6%	6.8%		5.7%
Standard deviation		6.0%	5.5%			6.1%	5.8%		8.1%
Asset Allocation		1Q	2019						
Surplus cash absolute variances to target		8.8%	< 10%						
Cash balance absolute variances to target		5.4%	< 10%						
Manager Compliance		1Q	2019						
Surplus cash manager flags		22	< 24 Green < 30 Yellow						
Cash balance plan manager flags		27	< 27 Green < 34 Yellow						

^{*}Excludes debt reserve funds (~\$105 mm), District assets (~\$38 mm), and balance sheet cash not in investable portfolio (~\$100 mm). Includes Foundation (~\$29 mm) and Concern (~\$14 mm) assets. Budget adds back in current Foundation and Concern assets and backs out current debt reserve funds.



Capital Spend Trend & FY 19 Budget

					Budget 2019 Cash
Capital Spending (in 000's)	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	Flow
EPIC	20,798	2,755	1,114	-	-
IT Hardware / Software Equipment**	6,483	2,659	1,108	13,690	19,732
Medical / Non Medical Equipment*	17,133	9,556	15,780	12,082	11,206
Non CIP Land, Land I, BLDG, Additions	4,189	-	2,070	-	-
Facilities (Cash Flow)	48,137	82,953	137,364	157,896	279,450
GRAND TOTAL	96,740	97,923	157,435	183,668	310,388
*Includes 2 robot purchases in FY2017					
**Includes ERP Implementation					

Facilities Variances	(in Millions)
Construction Delays	Variance
Sobrato Pavilion (IMOB)	\$41.0
Taub Pavilion (Behavioral Health)	\$ 15.0
	\$ 56.0
Placeholder/Deferred Planning	
Strategic Capital	\$ 15.0
Equipment Replacement	\$ 12.3
Primary Care Clinics	\$ 6.9
Women's Hospital	\$ 6.6
LG Projects	\$ 6.6
Patient Family Residence	\$ 6.0
ED Remodel	\$ 4.6
Other	\$ 2.2
Updates/Upgrades	\$ 2.0
Willow Upgrades	\$ 1.8
MOB (Courthouse Prop)	\$ 1.2
	\$ 65
Total	\$ 121
	V 121



Hospital Balance Sheet

(in thousands)

ASSETS

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

	7155215				EIN EDIZITIES AND I GITTS BALLANCE		
			Audited				Audited
	CURRENT ASSETS	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		CURRENT LIABILITIES	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
	Cash	117,697	118,992	(5)	Accounts Payable	38,194	49,925
	Short Term Investments	148,233	150,664		Salaries and Related Liabilities	30,185	26,727
	Patient Accounts Receivable, net	128,589	124,427		Accrued PTO	27,145	24,532
	Other Accounts and Notes Receivable	3,230	3,402		Worker's Comp Reserve	2,300	2,300
	Intercompany Receivables	6,023	2,090		Third Party Settlements	12,526	10,068
(1)	Inventories and Prepaids	63,708	75,594		Intercompany Payables	1,002	125
	Total Current Assets	467,481	475,171		Malpractice Reserves	1,800	1,831
				(6)	Bonds Payable - Current	8,630	3,850
	BOARD DESIGNATED ASSETS			(7)	Bond Interest Payable	9,201	12,975
	Plant & Equipment Fund	170,096	153,784		Other Liabilities	7,491	8,909
(2)	Women's Hospital Expansion	15,472	9,298		Total Current Liabilities	138,473	141,242
(3)	Operational Reserve Fund	139,057	127,908				
	Community Benefit Fund	18,259	18,675				
	Workers Compensation Reserve Fund	20,732	20,263		LONG TERM LIABILITIES		
	Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund	29,812	29,212		Post Retirement Benefits	29,812	29,212
	PTO Liability Fund	27,145	24,532		Worker's Comp Reserve	18,432	17,963
	Malpractice Reserve Fund	1,831	1,831		Other L/T Obligation (Asbestos)	3,975	3,859
	Catastrophic Reserves Fund	19,678	18,322			Other L/T Liabilities (IT/Medl Leases)	-
	Total Board Designated Assets	442,082	403,826	(8)	Bond Payable	511,106	517,781
					Total Long Term Liabilities	563,325	568,815
(4)	FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE	83,073	197,620				
					DEFERRED REVENUE-UNRESTRICTED	494	528
	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS	367,272	345,684				
					DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	10,006	22,835
	INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES	44,217	32,412				
					FUND BALANCE/CAPITAL ACCOUNTS		
	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				Unrestricted	1,344,626	1,243,529
	Fixed Assets at Cost	1,306,570	1,261,854		Board Designated	442,082	403,825
	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(620,761)	(577,959)		Restricted	-	0
	Construction in Progress	379,318	220,991	(9)	Total Fund Bal & Capital Accts	1,786,708	1,647,355
	Property, Plant & Equipment - Net	1,065,127	904,886				
					TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	2,499,006	2,380,776
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	29,754	21,177		_		
	RESTRICTED ASSETS - CASH	, =	, 0				
	TOTAL ASSETS	2,499,006	2,380,776				
0	1ITP	_,,300	_,				



June 2019 El Camino Hospital Comparative Balance Sheet Variances and Footnotes

- (1) The decrease is primarily due to the annual actuarially determined Cash Balance GASB 68 calculation recorded at the end of each fiscal year, which in this instance was based on the calendar year 2018 market performance. As 2018 experienced poor investment returns, our Prepaid Pension Asset dropped in value by approximately \$15M to a current calculation of \$41M.
- (2) The increase is due to the District making a transfer from its Capital Appropriation Fund in support of the upcoming renovation to the Women's Hospital.
- (3) The increase is due to annual resetting of the 60 day Operational Reserve based on the new FY2019 budget that has started.
- (4) Decrease is due to draws from the 2015A/2017 Bond Project funds for the on-going IMOB and BHS construction and semi-annual 2015/2017 bond payment
- (5) Decrease is due to the yearend accruals that were paid out in July and August 2018.
- (6) The increase is due to recognition of the first 2017 principal bond payment that will be in February 2020.
- (7) Semi-annual bond payments of interest and principal were made on the 2015A and 2017 Bonds in February.
- (8) Decrease is due to the establishment of FY2020 2015A and 2017 Bond Principal Payable moving to current bond payables.
- (9) Increase in total Fund Balance is driven by y-t-d net income and that Capital Appropriate Fund transfer by District, discussed in item #2 above.



EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (1 OF 2)

- Plant & Equipment Fund original established by the District Board in the early 1960's to fund new capital expansion projects of building facilities or equipment (new or replacements). The funds came from the M&O property taxes being received and the funding depreciation expense at 100%. When at the end of 1992, the 501(c)(3) Hospital was performed by the District, the property tax receipts remained with the District. The newly formed Hospital entity continued on with funding depreciation expense, but did that funding at 130% of the depreciation expense to account for an expected replacement cost of current plant and property assets. It is to be noted that within this fund is an itemized amount of \$14 million for the Behavioral Health Service building replacement project. This amount came from the District's Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) of the fiscal years of 2010 thru 2013 by various District board actions.
- **Women's Hospital Expansion** established June 2016 by the District authorizing the amounts accumulated in its Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) for the fiscal years of 2014 and 2015 to be allocated for the renovation of the Women's Hospital upon the completion of Integrated Medical Office Building currently under construction. At the end of fiscal year 2018 another #6.2 million was added to this fund.
- **Operational Reserve Fund** originally established by the District in May 1992 to establish a fund equal to sixty (60) days of operational expenses (based on the current projected budget) and only be used in the event of a major business interruption event and/or cash flow.
- **Community Benefit Fund** following in the footsteps of the District in 2008 of forming its Community Benefit Fund using Gann Limit tax receipts, the Hospital in 2010 after opening its campus outside of District boundaries in Los Gatos formed its own Community Benefit Fund to provide grants/sponsorships in Los Gatos and surrounding areas. The funds come from the Hospital reserving \$1.5M a year from its operations, the entity of CONCERN contributing 40% of its annual income each year (an amount it would have paid in corporate taxes if it wasn't granted tax exempt status), that generates an amount of \$500,000 or more a year. \$15 million within this fund is a board designated endowment fund formed in 2015 with a \$10 million contribution, and added to at the end of the 2017 fiscal year end with another \$5 million contribution, to generate investment income to be used for grants and sponsorships, in fiscal yar it generated over \$1.1 million of investment income for the program.



EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (2 OF 2)

- **Workers Compensation Reserve Fund** as the Hospital is self-insured for its workers compensation program (since 1978) this fund was originally formed in early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined Workers Compensation amount. The thought being if the business was to terminate for some reason this is the amount in cash that would be needed to pay out claims over the next few years.
- **Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund** following the same formula as the Workers Compensation Reserve Fund this fund was formed in the early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined amount to fund the Hospital's postretirement health and life insurance program. Note this program was frozen in 1995 for all new hires after that date. At the end of fiscal year 2018, GASB #75 was implemented that now represents the full actuarially determined liability.
- **PTO (Paid Time Off) Liability Fund** originally formed in 1993 as the new 501(c)(3) Hospital began operations, management thought as a business requirement of this vested benefit program that monies should be set aside to extinguish this employee liability should such a circumstance arise. This balance is equal to the PTO Liability on the Balance Sheet.
- **Malpractice Reserve Fund** originally established in 1989 by the then District's Finance Committee and continued by the Hospital. The amount is actuarially determined each year as part of the annual audit to fund potential claims less than \$50,000. Above \$50,000 our policy with the BETA Healthcare Group kicks in to a \$30 million limit per claim/\$40 million in the aggregate.
- **Catastrophic Loss Fund** was established in 1999 by the Hospital Board to be a "self-insurance" reserve fund for potential non-major earthquake repairs. Initially funded by the District transferring \$5 million and has been added to by the last major payment from FEMA for the damage caused the Hospital by the October 1989 earthquake. It is to be noted that it took 10 years to receive final settlement from FEMA grants that totaled \$6.8 million that did mostly cover all the necessary repairs.





EL CAMINO HOSPITAL FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING COVER MEMO

To: El Camino Hospital Finance Committee

From: Jim Griffith, COO

Cheryl Reinking, CNO

Ken King, CASO

Date: July 28, 2019

Subject: Capital Facilities Project Request – Emergency Room Remodel, Mountain View

1. Recommendation:

The executive staff requests that the Finance Committee recommend Board Approval for the remodel of the emergency department on the Mountain View campus at a cost not to exceed \$6.75 million.

2. Summary:

a. <u>Situation</u>: The Mountain View campus emergency room was opened in 2009 with a volume of 41,166. Emergency room volume in FY-19 was 48,718; an 18% increase over 10 years. Included in these visits are increases in patient acuity and patients with mental health and addiction illnesses. The increased volume has required us to add providers and staff and the existing environment for check-in, triage, registration and fast track services is not adequately configured to effectively manage throughput. Additionally, with the increase of mental health and addiction patients presenting in our emergency room daily, a more secure and efficient care environment is needed.

Emergency room visits are expected to increase approximately 1% each year for the next 10 years with mental health and addiction and higher acuity cases continuing to grow faster than "come and go" emergency room visits. Without reconfiguring the space we have it will be extremely difficult, if not impossible to handle additional visits.

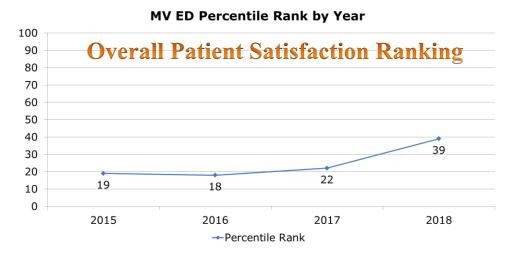
- b. <u>Authority</u>: Expenditures exceeding \$5 million require the approval of the Board of Directors with a recommendation from the Finance Committee.
- c. <u>Background</u>: It has been 15 years since the emergency room was designed and two major factors have occurred since then. The first is the dramatic increase in both visits and acuity and the second is the dramatic increase in patients presenting with mental health and addiction illness. We have been able to absorb the additional volume by expanding the emergency room into the adjacent ten bed clinical decision unit. Additionally, over the past three years as the volume and acuity has increased, the emergency room providers and staff have gone through two lean assessments and work flow improvement projects and made adjustments to how patients are treated without changes to the physical environment. During that time improvements have been made, but as time goes on it is more and more evident that the physical layout is the largest constraint to improved patient flow and patient, provider and staff satisfaction.

The other factor that continues to stress the capacity and efficiency of the emergency room is increased number of patients with mental health and addiction illness. In the past year we have had four (4) to five (5) patients per day who have long stays (recent average of 513 minutes) and often require one to one sitters in addition to the direct care nurse oversite. These patients are roomed in exam rooms that were designed for

Capital Facilities Project Request – Emergency Room Remodel, Mountain View July 29, 2019

medical care and as such they pose potential safety risks to at risk patients and the staff who care for them.

All of these factors combined have resulted in higher than acceptable wait times and lower patient satisfaction. The following chart shows how our overall patient satisfaction with the emergency room ranks when compared to our peers.



The remodel construction plans for this project have been completed and reviewed by OSHPD and a building permit has been issued. A general contractor has provided a competitively bid Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP) Proposal for the construction and upon approval the work will begin within eight weeks. The breakdown of project costs is as follows:

Construction	\$5,155,769	
Soft Costs	\$ 971,374	
FF&E	\$ 169,805	
Contingency	\$ 437,302	
Total	\$6,748,000	Rounded to \$6,750,000

- d. Assessment: The benefits of this remodel include the following:
 - Improved physician and staff morale and efficiency
 - Improved patient satisfaction and safety
 - Improved financial results based on allowing growth in emergency services

Every effort to improve the situation has run into the constraints of the physical environment and all other options have been exhausted.

Financially, with a current NPV of \$22.7 million, the investment of \$6.75 million would allow us to continue to grow emergency room services. If that growth allows us to increase market share as indicated below in Scenarios 2, the ROI is solid. If that growth only matches the Scenario 1, projected market growth of 1% a year, then the \$6.75 million would not provide a complete ROI.

Emergency Room Renovation Financial Pro Forma Summary			NPV	Return	lr	nvestment	ROI
Scenario 0	Current operations no remodel and no growth	\$	22,704,877	\$ -			
Scenario 1	Remodel and allow retain market share with population growth	\$	28,257,703	\$ 5,552,826	\$	6,750,000	-18%
Scenario 2	Remodel and take new market share all ED service lines	\$	40,559,449	\$ 17,854,572	\$	6,750,000	165%

Capital Facilities Project Request – Emergency Room Remodel, Mountain View July 29, 2019

The investment will however provide the means to achieve the benefits stated above and ensure that we are meeting our Mission, Vision, Values and overall Strategic Goals.

- e. <u>Other Reviews:</u> The emergency room physicians and providers along with staff have participated with architects and planners to develop a plan that addresses the short-comings of the existing environment. They along with the Executive Team members who have reviewed and evaluated the current situation and outcomes support the recommendation to invest in this remodel.
- f. <u>Outcomes</u>: The following sequence and target timeline for construction is indicated below:

ED Remodel Target Timeline		2019					2020					
		Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June
Design & Construction Documents	Complete											
OSPHD Plan Review & Permit	Complete											
Funding Approval												
Procurement & Pre-Construction												
Construction Phase 1												
Fit-Up & Licensing Approval												
Construction Phase 2												
Fit-Up & Licensing Approval												

Following the completion of the project we would expect to see higher patient satisfaction scores and improved through-put for inpatient admissions from the ER.

List of Attachments:

1. Power Point Presentation

Suggested Finance / Board Discussion Questions:

- 1. What alternatives were evaluated during the planning and redesign process?
- 2. What role did the ED physicians have during the redesign process and the final recommendations?
- 3. Where do other local hospitals stand in relation to ED design and modernization?



Capital Facilities Project Request Emergency Room Remodel, Mountain View

Finance Committee July 29, 2019

Jim Griffith, COO Cheryl Reinking, CNO Ken King, CASO

Situation – Why A Remodel is Needed

- The 2002 Master Plan that was the basis of design for the new hospital emergency room called for 28 exam rooms (25 private) and an adjacent 10 bed Clinical Decision Unit (CDU). The Old Main Hospital ER had 22 exam stations.
- The Master Plan called for the creation of a single Triage area with exam rooms for three tracks of care; Emergent, Urgent and Fast Track.
- The existing Emergency Room was designed between 2003 and 2004 when the annual average number of visits to the ER was 35,431.
- By the time we occupied the new hospital in 11/2009 the number of annual visits to the ER had climbed to 41,166.
- Visits to the Emergency room in FY-19 were 48,719. An 18% increase since 2009.
- We have also experienced an increase in patient acuity and the number of patients with mental health and addiction illness has increased dramatically.



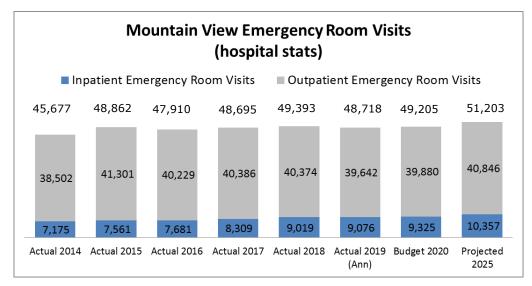
Situation – Why A Remodel is Needed

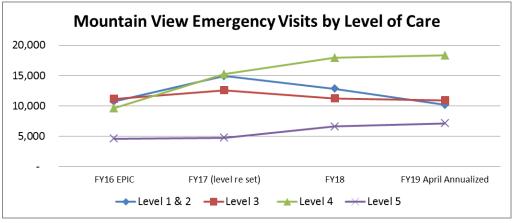
- With the increase in visits the model of care has changed and now at times we have three or four physician or physician assistant providers when there was previously just one.
- The new model would have providers performing a "Rapid Medical Evaluation" in the Triage Area, and these same providers caring for the "Fast Track" patients. Due to existing space constraints this cannot be accomplished. These functions are physically separated.
- The existing exam rooms designed for medical care are not well suited to care for mental health and addiction patients and the current standards of care often require one to one sitter observation.
- Physician and staff safety concerns can be addressed with a reconfiguration of department.
- NOTE that the increased number of ER visits has required us to expand ER services into the adjacent 10 bed clinical decision unit, giving us 38 ER Exam Rooms. (35 Private). The challenge we have is that we have a bottle-neck at the point of entry and triage.



Emergency Room Volume & Acuity Levels

- Emergency Room Visits include patients who are admitted and counted as inpatients and patients who are discharged and counted as outpatients.
- Total Emergency Room Visits have increase 18% since 2009 and are projected to increase by 1% a year as the population continues to age. (Top Chart)
- The increased number of patients who are admitted as inpatients indicates that we are seeing higher acuity patients arriving at the Emergency Room. The higher Level of Care for the past four years also demonstrates this fact. (Bottom Chart)
- Included in the volume is an increased number of mental health and addiction illness patients who at times require one to one sitter observation.





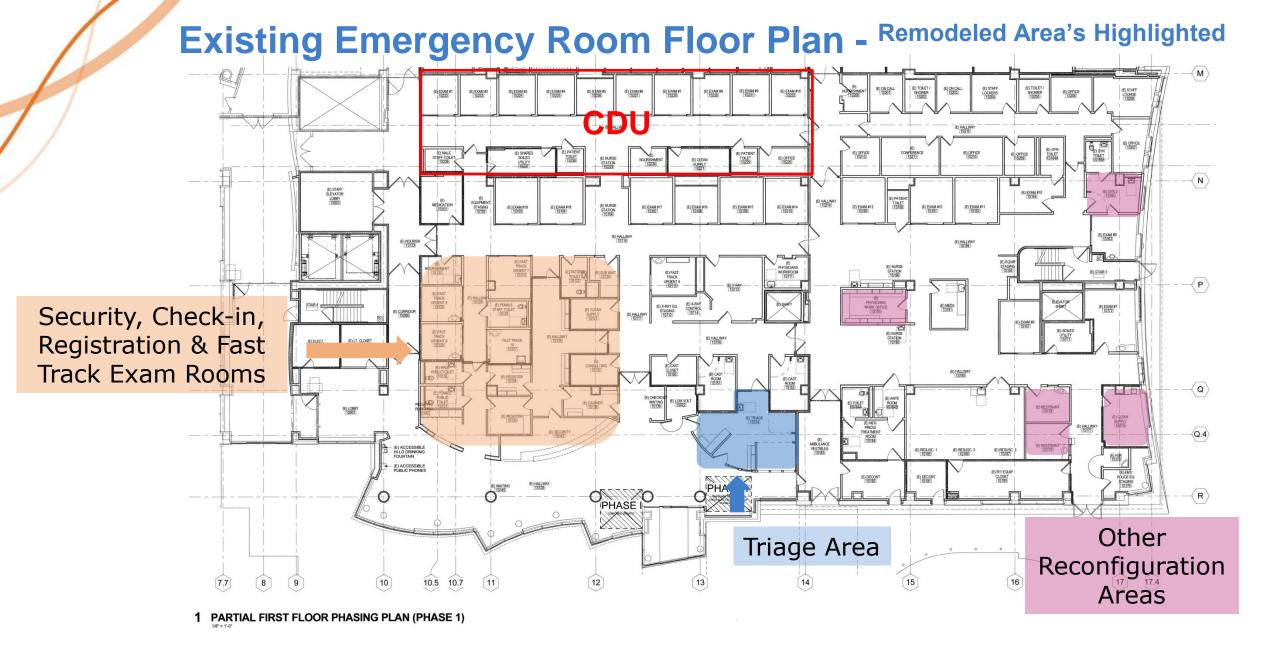


Recommended Solution

- Relocate and reconfigure the Triage, Fast Track and Registration areas to be adjacent and efficient for care.
- Reconfigure the existing Triage Area and two exam rooms to create a safe environment for care of mental health and addiction patients.
- Open up the physician work room to work better with the nurses station.
- Relocate the Clean Utility supply room and add two restrooms.



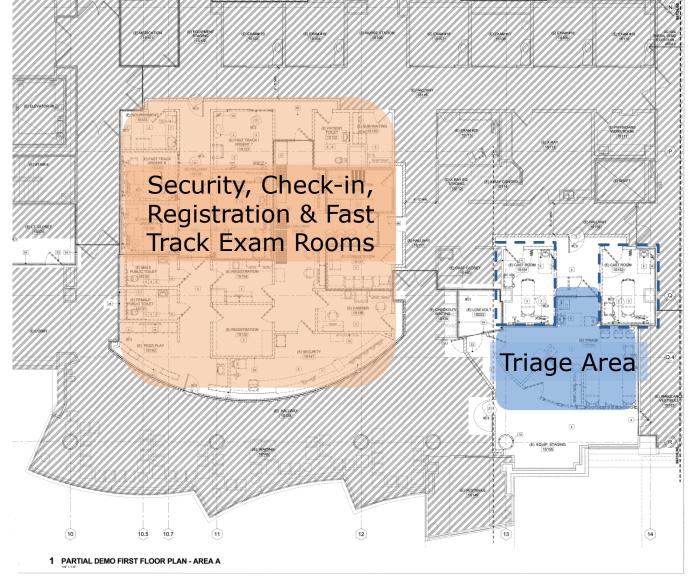






Existing Environment – Demo Plan

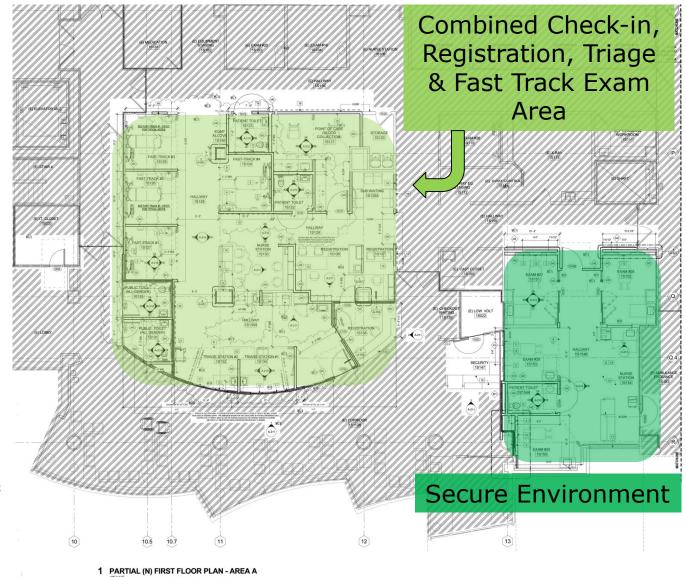
- The Triage Area is too small to support the daily volume and the number of providers.
- The check-in and registration area and the location of the "Fast-Track" area do not provide good work flow in conjunction with the Triage Area.
- There is no dedicated area for the care of mental health and addiction patients and safety precautions requires us to utilize exam rooms set up for medical treatment and pose potential risks to patients & staff.
- NOT SHOWN The Physicians work room is too closed off from the care team and the clean utility supply room is in an inefficient location.





Remodeled Environment - Recommended Solution

- Reconfiguration of the existing check-in, registration and fast track area into a combined Triage, Registration and Fast Track zone with much better patient flow will improve throughput.
- Conversion of the existing Triage area into a secured environment for the care of mental health and addiction patients will improve safety and efficiency.
- NOT SHOWN Additional minor renovations to the physician work room and the utility room will improve provider and staff efficiency.
- NOT SHOWN The addition of two restrooms to meet the increased volume of patients and staff.





Benefits of the Remodeled Emergency Room

- Improved Patient Experience with shorter wait times and improved flow.
- Patient, Provider and Staff safety improvements that will increase satisfaction and efficiency.
- Provider and Staff work-flow improvements that will increase efficiency.
- Efficiencies will allow for continued growth in ED Visits which are projected to increase
 1% per year.
- Growth in ED Visits will improve financial performance.
- The project supports the organizations strategic goals in all five pillars: Quality, Service, People, Finance and Growth.



The financial projection shows that renovation and taking 1% additional market share will provide a return on investment of 165%

Emergency Room Renovation Financial Pro Forma Summary		NPV		Return		Investment		ROI
Scenario 0	Current operations no remodel and no growth	\$	22,704,877	\$	-			
Scenario 1	Remodel and allow retain market share with population growth	\$	28,257,703	\$	5,552,826	\$	6,750,000	-18%
Scenario 2	Remodel and take new market share all ED service lines	\$	40,559,449	\$	17,854,572	\$	6,750,000	165%

Key assumptions:

- Current payer mix and staffing productivity
- 1.6% net revenue inflation
- 3% expense inflation
- Scenario 0: loss of market share based on capacity constraints
- Scenario 1: Maintaining current market share based on added capacity after renovation
- Scenario 2: Adding 1% market share based on improved consumer preference



Target Timeline

ED Remodel Target Timeline		2019		2020								
		Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June
Design & Construction Documents	Complete											
OSPHD Plan Review & Permit	Complete											
Funding Approval												
Procurement & Pre-Construction												
Construction Phase 1												
Fit-Up & Licensing Approval												
Construction Phase 2												
Fit-Up & Licensing Approval												



Recommendation

The executive staff requests that the Finance Committee recommend Board Approval for the Remodel of the Emergency Room on the Mountain View campus at a cost not to exceed \$6.75 million

Costs include construction, soft costs, new furniture, fixtures and equipment and project contingency.







Physician Recruitment Plan El Camino Board

Mark Adams, MD, CMO
July 29, 2019* - Finance Committee

The Purpose of this Document

- Review the Income Guarantee Recruitment Plan; and differentiate this plan from the SVMD/ECMA Recruitment Plan
- Provide a summary of the 2019 ECH Medical Staff Development Analysis
- Present an Income Guarantee Recruitment Plan Request for FY 20 and FY 21



Physician Recruitment Strategies

- 1. Shift Local Physician Preference to ECH: Local Recruitment
- 2. Income Guarantee Recruitment: Non-Local Recruitment
 - Bring physicians into the ECH Market in order to meet community and programmatic needs.
- 3. Employment: Grow El Camino Medical Associates (ECMA) and Clinic Network
 - Acquire physicians through ECMA employment at SVMD Clinic sites
- 4. Alliances and Affiliations
 - Create opportunities through certain arrangements that facilitate a closer relationship with independent physicians such as an IPA.



2019 ECH Medical Staff Development Plan Report

Primary Care Physician Need: Those specialties identified as immediate needs based upon current staffing levels and accessibility within the service area as well as anticipated three-year growth projections for the market. Succession risk includes those physicians expecting to retire within 1-2 years.

Specialty	Current Need	Succession Risk	Total Need
Family Medicine	40	14.9	54.9
Internal Medicine	20	22.8	42.8
Pediatrics	10	13.8	23.8
Primary Care (Summary)	70	51.5	121.5

Based on ECG analysis of primary service areas including Eastern, Mountain View, Los Gatos zip codes



2019 ECH Medical Staff Development Plan Report

Physician Need and Succession Risk by *Medical* Specialty:

Medical Specialty	Current Need	Succession Risk	Total Need
Allergy & Immunology	2	2.5	4.5
Cardiology	5	14.1	19.1
Dermatology	1	6.4	7.4
Endocrinology	2	2.8	4.8
Gastroenterology	4	4.4	8.4
Hematology/Oncology	4	2.0	6.0
Infectious Disease	1	3.5	4.5
Nephrology	2	4.8	6.8
Neurology	4	5.6	9.6
Obstetrics/Gynecology	6	9.4	15.4
Pain Management	3	0.6	3.6
Physical Medicine/Rehabilitation	-	4.2	4.2
Psychiatry	14	7.2	21.2
Pulmonology/Critical Care	6	3.0	9.0
Radiation Oncology	2	0.1	2.1
Rheumatology	3	1.0	4.0

2019 ECH Medical Staff Development Plan Report

Physician Need and Succession Risk by Surgical Specialty:

Surgical Specialty	Current Need	Succession Risk	Total Need
Cardiac/Thoracic Surgery	3	4.0	7.0
General Surgery	16	6.3	22.3
Interventional Radiology	2	2.0	4.0
Neurosurgery	3	-	3.0
Orthopedic Surgery	7	16.1	23.1
Otolaryngology	3	2.8	5.8
Plastic Surgery	1	10.2	11.2
Podiatry	-	6.8	6.8
Urogynecology	-	0.4	0.4
Urology	6	6.0	12.0
Vascular Surgery	1	2.4	3.4



Income Guarantee Recruitment Plan FY 20-FY21

Based on the ECG Medical Staff Development Analysis, we request authorization for the following potential recruitments for FY 18/19

Income Guarantee Request (Specialty)	ECG Current Need	ECG Succession Risk	Max 2 Year Authorization Request	Estimated Support per Physician	Max Estimated Support
Primary Care	70	51.5	5	\$300,000	\$1,500,000
Obstetrics/Gynecology	6	9.4	2	\$350,000	\$700,000
Psychiatry	14	7.2	2	\$260,000	\$520,000
General Surgery	16	6.3	3	\$400,000	\$1,200,000
Orthopedic Surgery	7	16.1	3	\$500,000	\$1,500,000
Other Unspecified TBD			2	\$350,000	\$700,000
TOTAL	113	90.5	17		\$6,120,000





Patient Financial Experience

Finance Committee

July 29, 2019
Iftikhar Hussain, CFO
Terri Manifesto, Senior Director, Revenue Cycle
Brian Fong, Director, Revenue Integrity

Contents

- Steps in the Billing Cycle
- Patient Payments Statistics
- Bad Debt/Early Out
- Self-Service Price Estimator Tool
- Patient Statement Examples
- Modern Healthcare Article RE: Online Price Estimator Tools
- Glossary
- Q&A

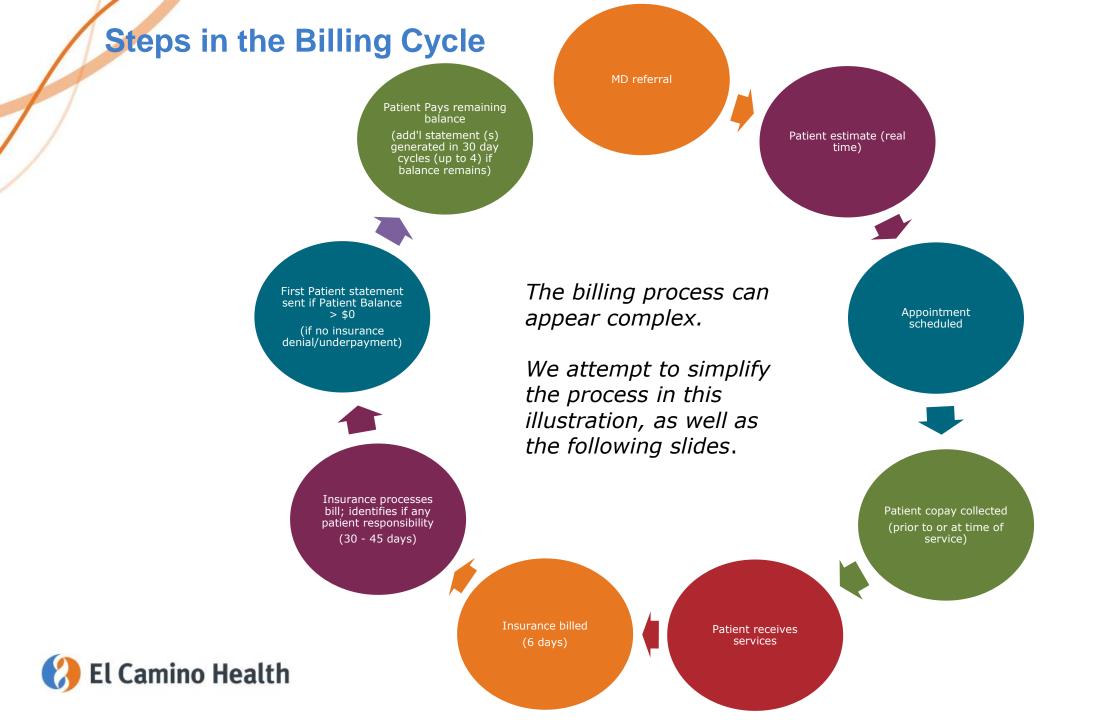


We know that the Revenue Cycle is the final opportunity to make a lasting impression, and we can greatly influence the patient's overall healthcare experience.

How:

- Create an excellent patient financial experience by providing a simple and transparent tool for patients to obtain an out of pocket price estimate for medical services, as well as a secure and convenient way to pay their medical bills.
- Provide a clear, concise, and patient-friendly statement in a way that the patient prefers to receive this information.





Steps in the Billing Cycle (cont.)

- Patient can access our online estimator tool for out of pocket price estimate for common procedures or call our Financial Counselors for estimates on more complex procedures.
- Patient schedules appointment and submits insurance information during registration.
- Hospital collects patient portion up-front, based on estimate or benefit information received from the payer during registration.
- An accurate up-front payment reduces our cost to collect and will close the account, thereby alleviating the need for a patient statement post service.
- Insurance is billed.
- It can take 30 45 days (or longer) to receive insurance payment from payer.
- Patient statement sent after payer identifies the patient responsibility.



Steps in the Billing Cycle (cont.)

- A total of four patient statements are sent over an average period of 120 days.
- Statements are sent in 30-day cycles.
- Please note that hospital billing statements do not include any professional fees for physicians, including but not limited to radiologists, pathologists, anesthesiologists, hospitalists, surgeons, or emergency room physicians. Professional fees are billed separately by the respective physician's billing service.
- El Camino Health offers patients financial assistance, including a generous self-pay discount, charity care where applicable, and interest-free extended payment plans.



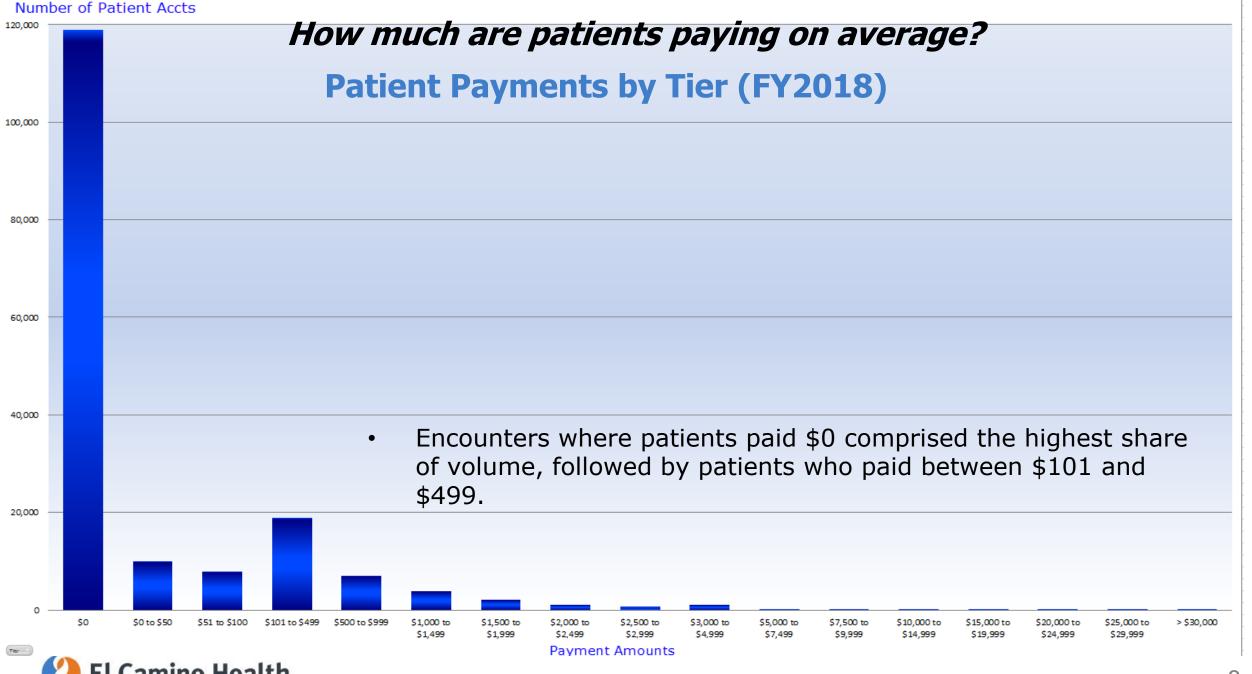
Who is paying?

Patient Payments by Payer Category (FY2018)

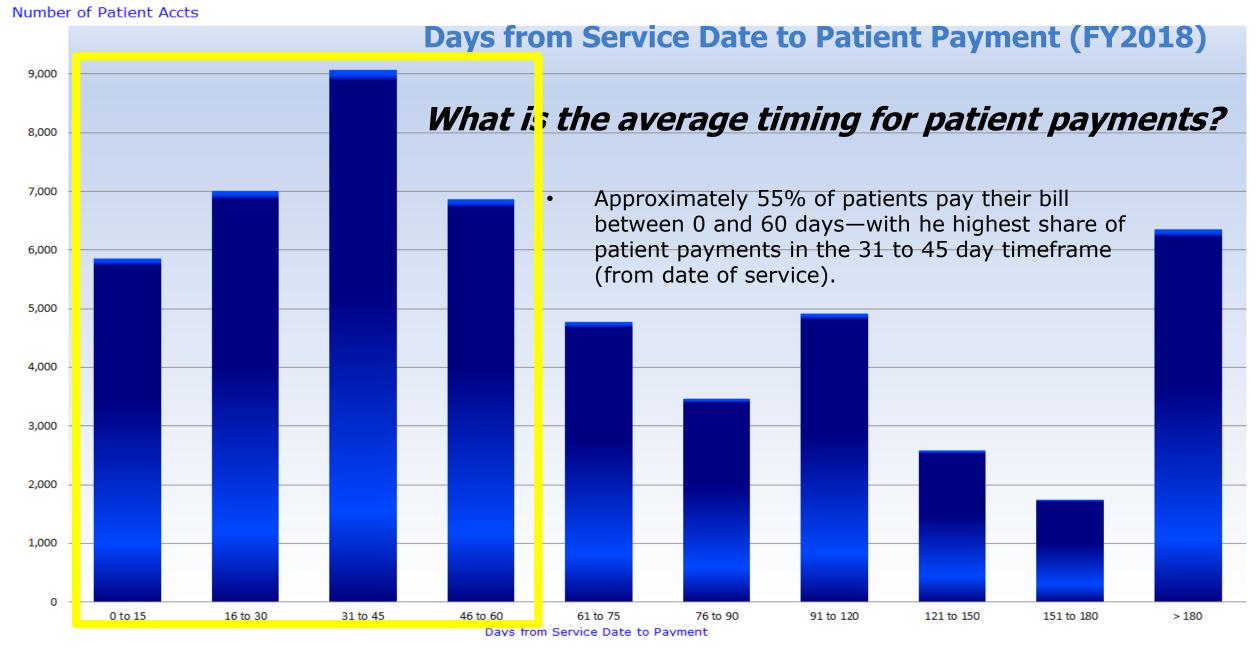
		T-4-10-4'	Average Patient Payment Per
Payer Category	Patient Encounters	Total Patient Payments	Encounter
HMO COMMERCIAL	7,223	\$731,047	\$101
HMO SENIOR	7,956	\$1,036,227	\$130
INDEMNITY	1,337	\$275,738	\$206
MEDI-CAL	4,315	\$9,779	\$2
MEDI-CAL MANAGED CARE	13,960	\$8,692	\$1
MEDICARE	52,185	\$945,229	\$18
PPO	75.560	\$24.117.351	\$319
SELF PAY	6,620	\$3,829,999	\$579
TRICARE	724	\$16,506	\$23
WORKERS COMP	1,997	\$11,294	\$6
Grand Total	171,877	\$30,981,863	\$180

- Nearly 80% of patient payments originate from patients with a PPO health plan.
- Total patient payments comprised approximately 4% of net revenue in FY2018.





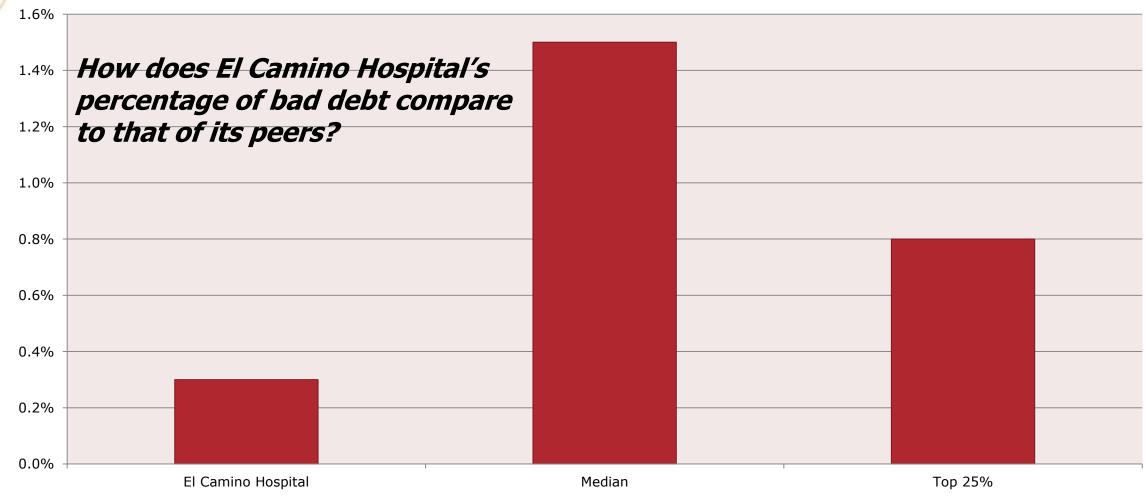






El Camino Hospital Bad Debt Percentage Compared to Other Epic Hospital Clients

% of Charges Assigned to Bad Debt

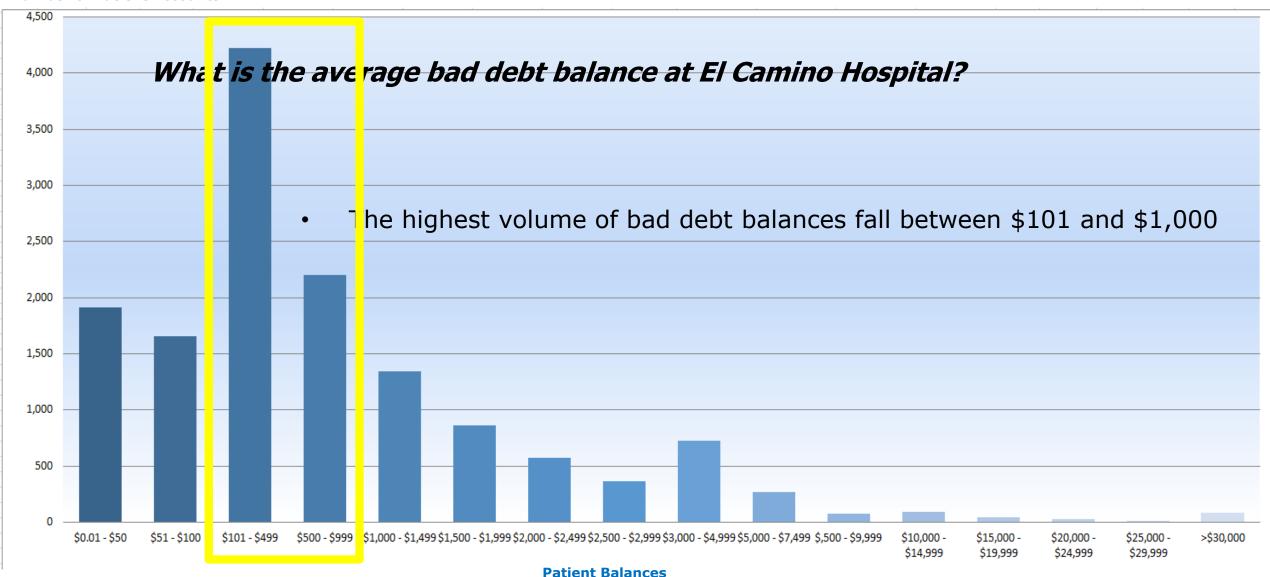




El Camino Hospital's percentage of bad debt (0.3%) is significantly below the median of other Epic hospital clients and well below the top 25% benchmark.

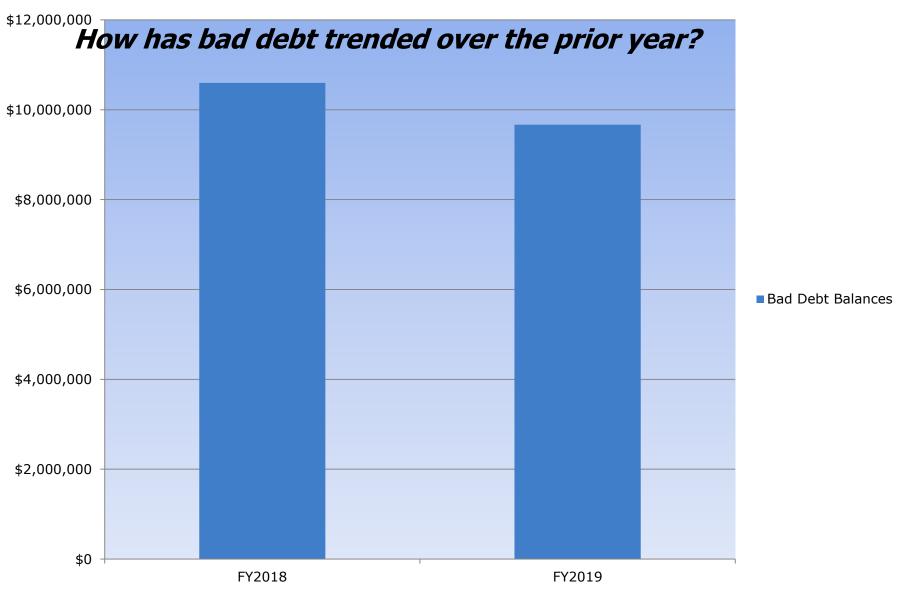
Number of Patient Accounts

Bad Debt Patient Balances by Amount (FY2018)





Bad Debt Balances Assigned to Agency by Fiscal Year

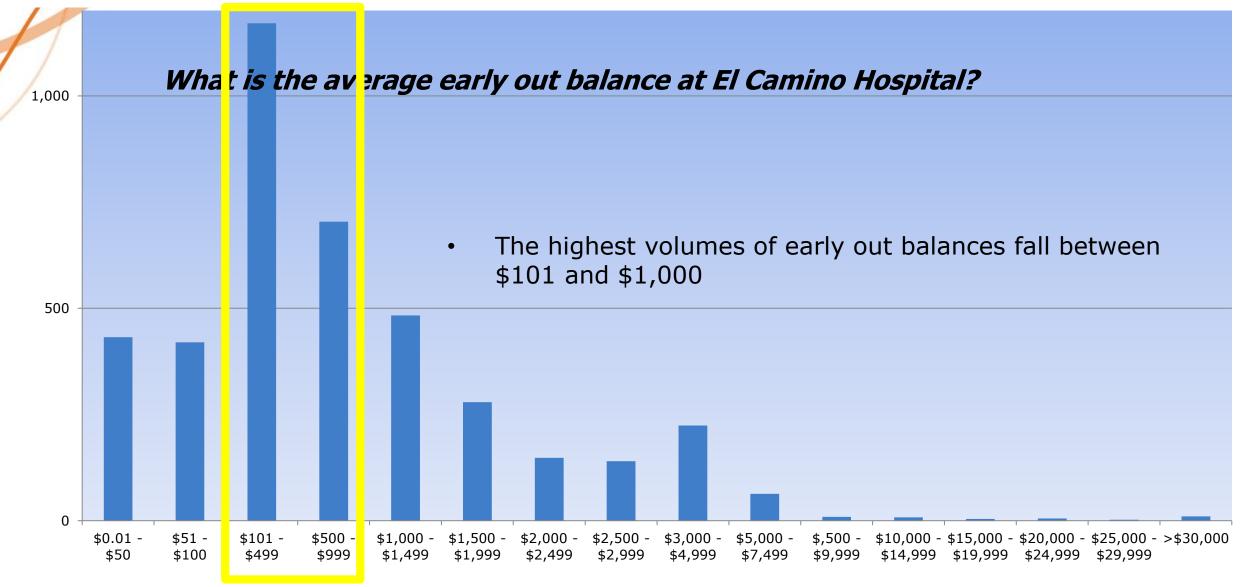




Total bad debt balances have decreased from FY2018 to FY2019 by almost \$1 Million.

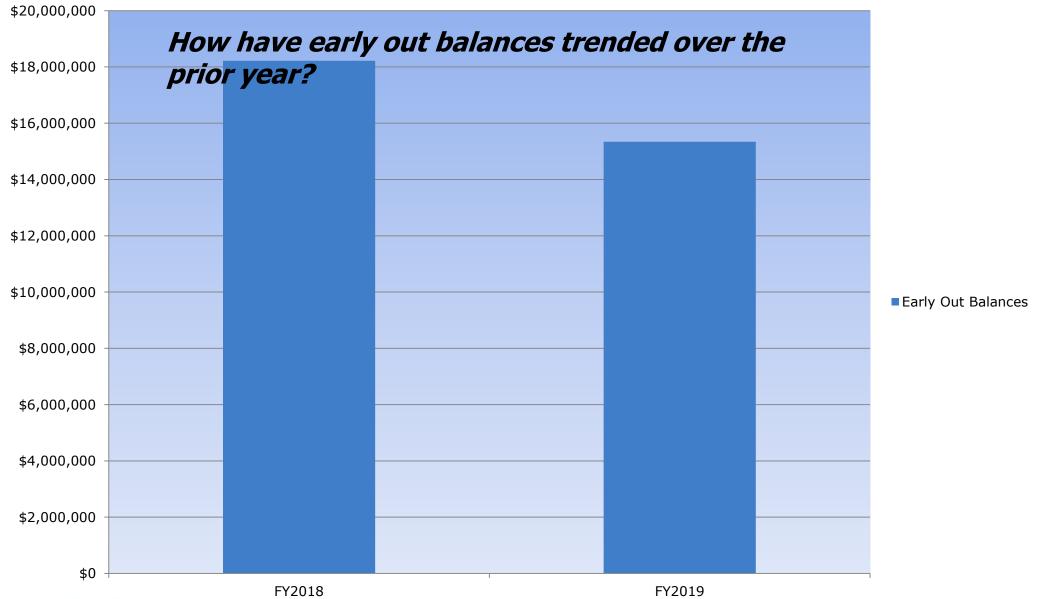
Number of Patient Accounts

Early Out Patient Balances by Amount (FY2018)





Early Out Balances Assigned to Agency by Fiscal Year





Early Out balances have decreased from FY2018 to FY2019 by nearly \$3 Million.

How can a patient get an instant price estimate online?

Self-Service Price Estimator and Quick-Pay

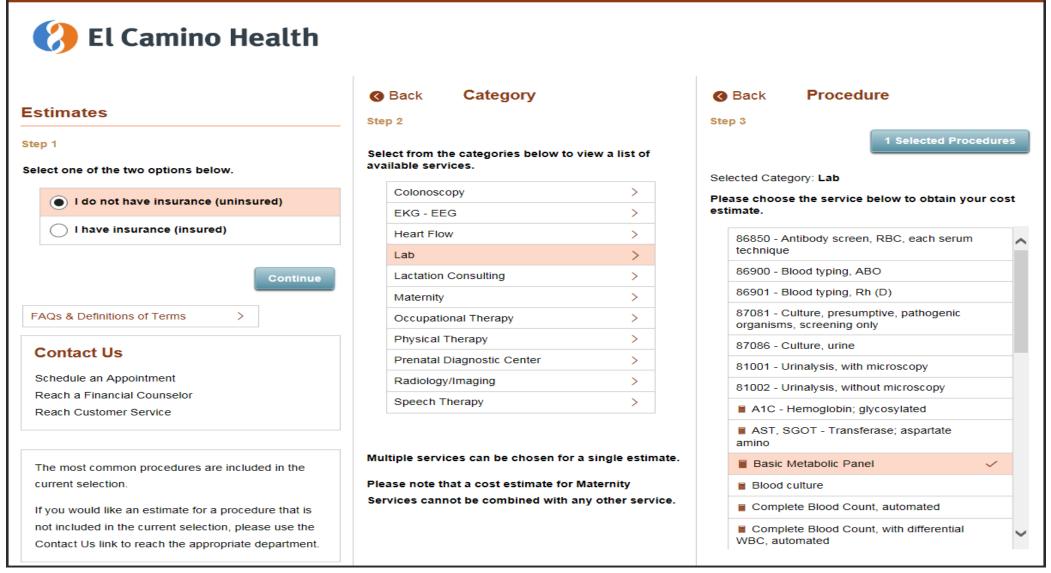


A simple, secure way to create a service estimate or pay your medical bills.





Patient Self-Service Price Estimator Tool

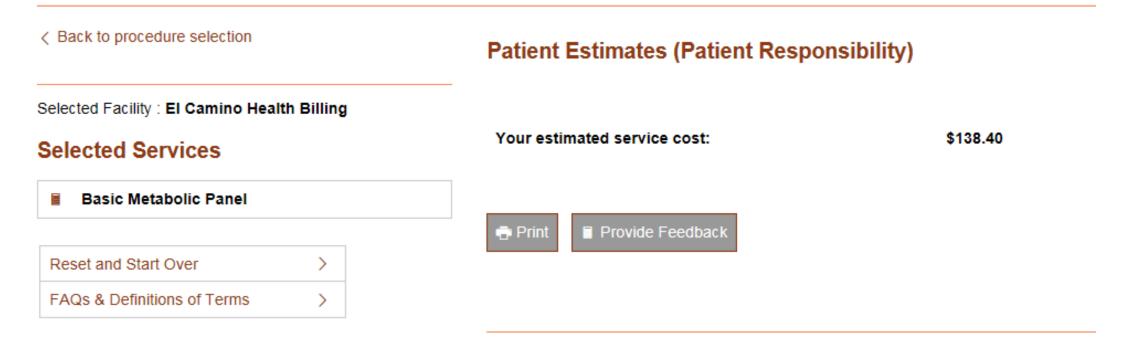




Patient Self-Service Price Estimator Tool



Estimates





Patient Statement Example



How do El Camino Hospital Patient Statements

look?

MOUNTAIN VIEW CA 94040

Guarantor Information

Guarantor Name: Guarantor Number:

Account Summary

Delinquent Account Balance \$0.00 Payment Plan Account Balance \$0.00 Previous Account Balance \$0.00 Current Hospital Services Balance \$1,220.74 Total Guarantor Balance \$1,220.74

Please see reverse for account detail.

Statement of Hospital Services

Statement Date: February 06, 2019

Guarantor Name:

Thank you for choosing El Camino Hospital for your health car needs.

Please Note:

This statement represents hospital charges only. Physicians are not employed by or agents of our facility and their charges will be billed separately.

Statement Balance Summary

nt options or

to 4:00 p.m.

Ema patient_accounts@elcaminohospital.org

Pay-V-phone

make self-service, credit card payments, 24 hours day, 7 days a week:

650-940-7220 or 800-665-6540

Online Patient Tools

mvCare and the Estimator/Quick Pay online tools can be accessed from your computer, tablet or smart phone, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

myCare allows you to make payments with no sign-on needed, myCare also allows you to set up an account to view both your service summary and/or detail, myCare can be accessed at https://mycare.elcamin.oho.spital.org.

The Estimator/Quick Pay allows you to make a payment or create an out-of-pocket estimate for hospital services without the need for a sign-on and can be accessed through our website at www.elcaminohospital.org.



Patient Statement Example (cont.)

Page 2 of 2



P.O. Box 398534, San Francisco, CA 94139-8534

Statement of Hospital Services

Statement Date: February 06, 2019 Guarantor Name:

Summary of various charges billed

Refer to our insert for information regarding:

- Financiai Assistance Programs available
- State or Federal Health Care Coverage options
- Associated provider contact information
- Local Consumer Assistance contact information

For Your Information

State and federal law require debt collectors to treat you fairly and prohibits debt collectors from making faise statements or threats of violence, using obscene or profane language, and making improper communical employer.

employer. E Amount paid by collectors in after 9:00 p

other than you go or spouse. A debt collector may come their person to confirm your location

or marce a

Trade Comm Amount owed by patient

Por favor, tenda en cuenta:

Leyes estatales y federales requiren que la agencias de cobro traten al paciente de forma justa, y prohiben

Current Hospital Service Detail	
Account Number: Service Date: Patient Name:	January 20, 2019
Description of Charges	
0370 -ANESTHESIA	\$2,243.77
0720 -LABOR ROOM/DELIVERY	\$8,775.00
0300 -LABORATORY	\$1,169.76
0270 -MEDICAL/SURGICAL SUPPLIES DEVICES	\$256.42
0250 -PHARMACY	\$29.26
0120 -R&B-SEMIPRIVATE (2 BEDS) (MEDICAL OR	\$23,770.00
0631 -SINGLE SOURCE DRUG	\$1,893.56
Charge Total	\$38,137.77
Payments and Adjustments	
INSURANCE PAYMENT - AETNA	\$-14,579.26
CONTRACTUAL WRITE-OFF - AETNA	\$-22,337.77
Account Balance / Amount Now Due	\$1,220.74



Early Out Patient Statement Example

CHANGE SERVICE REQUESTED

April 25, 2019



Guarantor Name: I	
Account Summary	
Reference	:60727
Account Number	
Patient Name	
Discharge Date	:01-02-12
Balance Owing	:\$10022.00

Thank you for choosing El Camino Health for your health care needs. Your insurance has completed processing of your claim and the remaining balance is your responsibility. Balances are due in full upon receipt of this statement. If you have any questions please contact our Customer Service Team and they will be happy to assist you. Thank you.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Test Client has requested we write to you regarding your account. As of 11-23-09, their records indicate you have a balance due in the amount of \$10022.00 for health services rendered. As a convenience to you, Test Client accepts payments by MasterCard, Visa, American Express, and Discover. Please remit payment in full or contact our office to make an acceptable payment arrangement. Please disregard this notice if you have sent payment in full within the last five (5) days.

Open

Customer Service:

- 888-318-0025 Ext. 308
- For questions regarding Billing, Payment Plan, or Financial Assistance
- To make payments by telephone
- There is a \$35 fee charged for all returned checks

Online Options:

You may email a question or concern to us at:

patient_accounts@elcaminohealth.org



Early Out Patient Statement Example (cont.)

	PLEASE MAKE CHE	ECKS PAYABLE TO: EL CAMINO HEALTH
El Camino He	ealth	
Guarantor Name	Account Number	Date Due UPON Check here if your address or insurance information has changed. Please indicate changes on the back of this page.
		Amount Due: \$10022.00 Amount Enclosed: \$
		For your convenience we accept:
4		☐ Visa ☐ MasterCard ☐ Discover ☐ AmEx
		Card Number:
[lallaadilladilladalallaaa	Expiration Date:
1111-111-11-11-1111	.11111	Print Cardholder's Name:
HGEN1 000005P 1 180 000002 120 07	1400 S.CRE	Signature:

CHANGE OF ADDRESS OR HEALTH INSURANCE INFORMATION

If you have new health insurance or a new address, please enter the information below.

NEW ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE		NEW PHONE
POLICY HOLDER'S NAME/	RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT	POLICY ID#		GROUP	P #
EFFECTIVE DATE	BIRTH DATE OF INSURED	HMO/PPO/OTHER		INSURANCE PHONE#	
IF GROUP INSURANCE, NAME OF GROUP (EMPLOYER, UNION/ASSOCIATION)					
INSURANCE COMPANY NA	INSURANCE ADDRES				



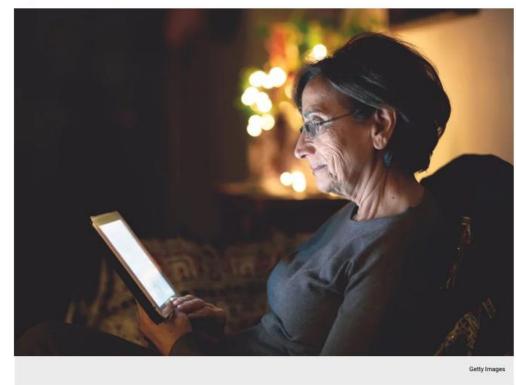
June 23, 2018 01:00 AM

Hospitals roll out online price estimators as CMS presses for transparency

HARRIS MEYER Y







The growing availability of personalized estimator tools makes it harder for hospitals to argue they shouldn't be required to publish prices, as the CMS wants.

Leaders at El Camino Hospital, located in California's Silicon Valley, wanted to make it easy for tech-savvy consumers to shop online for personalized, reliable price estimates for its medical services.

El Camino Hospital's Self-Service Price **Estimator Tool** Highlighted in Modern Healthcare Magazine (June 2018)



The independent not-for-profit hospital launched a consumer self-service tool in May 2017, after about a year of development work with Experian Health, which previously helped El Camino set up an internal price-estimator tool for its billing staff.

Since then, more than 3,000 people have visited the hospital's website, selected one or more of about 90 medical or surgical services they were interested in, entered their insurance information, and received an instant out-of-pocket cost estimate the hospital claims is 95% to 99% accurate.

Over the past two years, a growing number of hospitals have worked with vendors such as Experian and Recondo to offer online price estimates directly to consumers for common, less complex services. Previous tools allowed hospital staff to generate estimates for patients when they called or came in for a service.

Now, more providers want to offer self-service cost estimators on their websites. That's because they're experiencing strong demand from patients in high-deductible health plans who want to shop around and know their financial exposure in advance. When patients understand how much they'll owe, that can improve the collection process and reduce uncompensated care, hospital leaders say.

Prices, what prices?

Types of procedures for which El Camino Hospital offers price esti- mates to patients						
Procedure type Number	offered					
Radiology and imaging	25					
Prenatal diagnostics	7					
Surgery-outpatient	6					
Surgery-inpatient	4					
EKG-EEG	3					
Colonoscopy	2					
Maternity	2					
Occupational therapy	2					
Physical therapy 2						
Speech therapy	2					
Lactation	1					

Source: El Camino Hospital website



"A lot of people don't have time to make phone calls or wait for a callback, they want an answer right away," said Terri Manifesto, El Camino's senior director of revenue cycle. "They expect this kind of information online. It's a great thing to offer patients."

The hospital spends about \$18,000 a year to provide the service, which currently offers estimates for 35 lab tests, 25 imaging or radiological procedures and about 30 surgical or other medical services.

Providers face mounting pressure from regulators and consumers to be transparent about costs, especially given increasing public anger about unexpected large bills. The CMS recently proposed a rule requiring hospitals to publish online a list of their standard charges in a machine-readable format and update the information at least once a year.

Still, experts note there are limits to the types of services for which consumers are able to price-shop. There is a risk they can get confused about more complex services and blame providers for underestimating the final cost. Vendors are still working on improving the reliability of the estimates, particularly for surgical procedures involving more cost variables.

Up to now, many hospital leaders have contended that insurers are better equipped to tell patients what they'll owe for particular services, claiming there's no infrastructure in place giving providers access to the necessary information. But that argument may be losing credibility as more hospitals partner with vendors to offer patients out-of-pocket cost estimates.

"There are enough examples now that show if providers want to offer better information to consumers, they can build the capacity to do it," said Suzanne Delbanco, executive director of Catalyst for Payment Reform, which monitors healthcare transparency efforts. "It clearly can be done, and symbolically it's the right thing for providers to do."

Online patient price-estimator tools for hospitals and healthcare providers represent a growing market for vendors. "This is an absolute area of interest based on regulation, high-deductible plans and increased patient responsibility for bills," said John Yount, vice president of healthcare solutions at TransUnion, which hopes to have a patient self-service tool on the market by the end of this year.

Franklin, Tenn.-based Experian, which offered its first price-estimator tool for hospitals' internal use in 2008, now has about 10 customers—including hospitals, physician groups, and outpatient and imaging centers—that have gone live with the company's online tool for consumers. It tested the product at St. Clair Hospital in Pittsburgh, which in 2016 became the first hospital to offer it to patients.



Experian's product calculates patients' out-of-pocket cost based on the hospital's chargemaster price, its claims history for providing that service, its contract terms with the patient's insurer, and the patient's benefit structure and deductible status. It also estimates out-of-pocket costs for self-pay patients. The estimate currently covers just the facility fee, though El Camino wants to add professional fees into calculations available through the tool.

In addition to having the option of including facility fees alone in the estimate or including professional fees, providers have the option to present only the patient's out-of-pocket cost, or they can also disclose their actual charges and insurance payment rates. Vendors say providers in more competitive markets typically choose to display only the patient's out-of-pocket responsibility to avoid letting rivals see proprietary rate information.

"Offering an online price estimator is a marketing advantage for hospitals and medical groups that want to be transparent with patients," said Merideth Wilson, a senior vice president at Experian, which charges clients a one-time implementation fee and a monthly maintenance fee based on patient visit volume. "Our customers say it helps with consumer satisfaction, bringing patients back, and bringing more patients in."

Denver-based Recondo released its online cost estimator, called MySurePayHealth, three years ago, and now has about a dozen hospital systems, including Baylor Scott & White Health and ProMedica, using it. The accuracy of its estimates ranges from 75% to nearly 90%, depending on the complexity of the medical or surgical service, said Heather Kawamoto, vice president of products for Recondo, which charges clients a monthly subscription fee based on patient visit volume.

Some Recondo hospital clients, particularly those that own sizable physician practices, include professional fees in the estimate, which makes it much more useful to patients, she said. The tool also asks users if they want a hospital financial counselor to call to discuss a possible loan or charity-care arrangement.



"If the patient has concerns about ability to pay, our clients want to proactively engage in that conversation and put the patient in the best position to pay for that care," Kawamoto said.

Quality indicators absent

These price-estimator tools currently do not offer any type of quality of care, outcomes, or patient satisfaction information to allow consumers to factor those into their shopping decision, though El Camino officials say they hope to build that in.

Delbanco said the lack of quality data is one problem with these tools. Another is that the estimate consumers receive may not reflect the full cost of the care because the professional fees are missing and an episode of care may include unanticipated additional services. A hospital's online price estimator "is not the optimal choice for consumers but it's certainly better than nothing," she said.

El Camino's Manifesto is trying to figure out whether offering the online cost estimator has boosted her hospital's revenue. "We're pretty excited that more than 3,000 consumers ran price estimates in one year's time," she said. "Now it would be great to know if they actually came in for services."



Glossary

- Early Out: Outsourcing of a patient balance (after insurance pays) to an early out vendor after 60 days from the first patient statement. The early out vendor will send the patient their third and fourth statements.
- Bad Debt: When a patient balance remains open after four patient statement cycles have been completed, the balance is considered bad debt and is outsourced to a bad debt collections agency.



Questions?

