

AGENDA REGULAR MEETING OF THE EL CAMINO HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Wednesday, March 14, 2018 – 5:30pm

El Camino Hospital | Conference Rooms A&B, F&G (ground floor) 2500 Grant Road Mountain View, CA 94040

Bob Rebitzer will be participating via teleconference from 28 Seaverns Ave, Jamaica Plain, MA 02130.

MISSION: To heal, relieve suffering, and advance wellness as your publicly accountable health partner.

| | AGENDA ITEM | PRESENTED BY | | ESTIMATED TIMES |
|-----|---|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. | CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | 5:30 – 5:32pm |
| 2. | POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | 5:32 – 5:33 |
| 3. | BOARD RECOGNITION Resolution 2018-03 ATTACHMENT 3 | Cheryl Reinking, RN, CNO | public comment | motion required 5:33 – 5:38 |
| 4. | QUALITY COMMITTEE REPORT <u>ATTACHMENT 4</u> | David Reeder, Quality Committee Chair | | information 5:38 – 5:48 |
| 5. | COMPLIANCE TRAINING <u>ATTACHMENT 5</u> | Mary Rotunno, General Counsel; Diane Wigglesworth, Sr. Director Corporate Compliance | | information 5:48 – 6:03 |
| 6. | PUBLIC COMMUNICATION a. Oral Comments This opportunity is provided for persons in the audience to make a brief statement, not to exceed three (3) minutes on issues or concerns not covered by the agenda. b. Written Correspondence | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | information 6:03 – 6:04 |
| 7. | ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | motion required 6:04 – 6:05 |
| 8. | POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | 6:05 - 6:06 |
| 9. | CONSENT CALENDAR Any Board Member may remove an item for discussion before a motion is made. Approval Gov't Code Section 54957.2: a. Minutes of the Closed Session of the Hospital Board Meeting (February 14, 2018) | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | motion required 6:06 – 6:08 |
| 10. | Health and Safety Code Section 32155 for a report of the Medical Staff; deliberations concerning reports on Medical Staff quality assurance matters: - Medical Staff Report | Rebecca Fazilat, MD, Mountain View Chief of Staff; J. Augusto Bastidas, MD, Los Gatos Chief of Staff | | motion required 6:08 – 6:18 |

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| | AGENDA ITEM | PRESENTED BY | | ESTIMATED TIMES |
|----------|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 11. | Gov't Code Section 54957.6 for a conference with labor negotiator Kathryn Fisk regarding SEIU/UHW West, Local 715 and Professional Resource-Nurses: - Labor Negotiations Update | Kathryn Fisk, CHRO | | discussion 6:18 – 6:28 |
| 12. | Gov't Code Section 54956.9(d)(2) – conference with legal counsel – pending or threatened litigation: - IT Security Status Update | Deb Muro, CIO | | discussion 6:28 – 6:58 |
| 13. | Health and Safety Code Section 32106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trades secrets; Gov't Code Sections 54957 and 54957.6 for report and discussion on personnel matters: CEO Report on New Services and Programs and Personnel Matters | Dan Woods, CEO | | discussion 6:58 – 7:48 |
| 14. | Report involving <i>Gov't Code Section 54957</i> for discussion and report on personnel performance matters – Senior Management: - Executive Session | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | discussion 7:48 – 7:53 |
| 15. | ADJOURN TO OPEN SESSION | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | motion required 7:53 – 7:54 |
| 16. | RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/ REPORT OUT | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | 7:54 – 7:55 |
| | To report any required disclosures regarding permissible actions taken during Closed Session. | | | |
| 17. | CONSENT CALENDAR ITEMS: Any Board Member or member of the public may remove an item for discussion before a motion is made. | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | public comment | motion required 7:55 – 7:58 |
| a. b. | Approval Minutes of the Open Session of the Hospital Board Meeting (February 14, 2018) Community Benefit Mid-Year Metrics | | | |
| c. | Reviewed and Recommended for Approval by the Investment Committee Resolution 2018-04: Required by Premier, Inc. Listing the CEO and CFO as Authorized Individuals to Sell Stock | | | |
| d. | Reviewed and Recommended for Approval by the Medical Executive Committee Medical Staff Report | | | |
| e. | Information FY18 Period 7 Financials | | | |
| 18. | CEO REPORT ATTACHMENT 18 | Dan Woods, CEO | | information 7:58 – 8:00 |
| 19. | BOARD COMMENTS | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | | information 8:01 – 8:04 |

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| AGE | NDA ITEM | PRESENTED BY | ESTIMATED TIMES |
|----------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 20. ADJ0 | DURNMENT | Lanhee Chen, Board Chair | motion required 8:04 – 8:05 pm |

Upcoming Meetings: April 18, 2018, May 9, 2018, June 13, 2018 **Board/Committee Educational Gatherings**: April 25, 2018

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL BOARD

RESOLUTION 2018 - 03

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EL CAMINO HOSPITAL REGARDING RECOGNITION OF SERVICE TO THE COMMUNITY

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of El Camino Hospital values and wishes to recognize the contribution of individuals who enhance the experience of the hospital's patients, their families, the community and the staff, as well as individuals who in their efforts exemplify El Camino Hospital's mission and values.

WHEREAS, the Board wishes to honor and acknowledge the Emergency Department physicians and staff for providing compassionate, personalized care for patients during this winter's severe flu season. Starting in December and continuing through February, the emergency rooms at El Camino Hospital saw an increased number of patients. From December to February, 208 flu patients were admitted as in-patients, compared to 185 last fiscal year.

The Emergency Department physicians and staff are experts in caring for the community. They are equipped to manage injuries and illnesses that range from minor to life threatening. Their commitment to providing prompt, thorough and advanced care is evident in their daily work. Physicians and staff delivered the best possible care while accommodating more than 13,400 patient visits this winter season. Throughout the surge in patient volume, the physicians and staff worked tirelessly to keep ambulance diversion to a minimum so patients could be treated at El Camino Hospital. The Emergency Department partnered with other hospital departments to perform diagnostic tests, admit patients when appropriate and discharge patients in a timely manner.

Caring for a large number of patients involves everyone in the Emergency Department, from the welcoming staff at registration to the medical directors providing leadership and guidance. Each team member plays a role in caring for each patient with kindness, respect and empathy.

WHEREAS, the Board would like to publically acknowledge the Emergency Department staff and physicians for their work to heal and relieve the suffering of those community members who turned to our emergency rooms for compassionate care this winter.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Board does formally and unanimously pay tribute to:

Emergency Department Physicians and Staff

FOR CARING FOR OUR COMMUNITY.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have here unto set my hand this 14TH DAY OF MARCH, 2018.

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Lanhee Chen, JD, PhD Jeffrey Davis, MD Neysa Fligor Peter C. Fung, MD Gary Kalbach Julie Kliger, MPA, BSN Julia E. Miller Bob Rebitzer David Reeder John Zoglin

JULIA E. MILLER
SECRETARY/TREASURER,
EL CAMINO HOSPITAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS



ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

| Item: | Quality, Patient Care and Patient Experience Committee ("Quality Committee") Report | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | El Camino Hospital Board of Directors | | |
| | March 14, 2018 | | |
| Responsible party: | Dave Reeder, Quality Committee Chair | | |
| Action requested: For Information | | | |
| | Background: The Quality Committee meets 10 times per year. The Committee last met on March 5, 2018 and meets next on April 2, 2018 | | |

Summary and session objectives:

Summary of March 5, 2018 Meeting:

- 1. Patient Story: The Committee discussed a letter written by a family member of an elderly Medicare patient who spent five days at ECH on "outpatient observation" as opposed to "admitted in-patient" status. In the letter, the family member commented that the patient had not received an adequate explanation of the implications of outpatient observation status. Cheryl Reinking, RN, CNO explained that the Grievance Committee reviewed the complaint and (1) work is being done with Care Coordination team to ensure that all patients on outpatient observation status understand the implications and (2) ECH wrote off the patient's portion of the bill, which was much higher than it would have been had the patient been on admitted in-patient status. The Committee discussed the Two-Midnight Rule which, if ECH had adopted it, would have caused the patient to automatically be switched to in-patient after Two Midnights in the hospital.
- 2. <u>Committee Self-Assessment:</u> The Committee engaged in a detailed discussion of the Committee Self-Assessment and how to address gaps in performance. Comments focused on the following areas:
 - 1) The Committee wants a deep understanding of where the organization is trying to go strategically so it can structure its meetings to connect its work back to governance. The Committee also wants to understand the thinking behind some Board decisions.
 - 2) A desire to have less reporting out by staff and committee materials structured so that it is clear what staff wants the Committee to focus on so that the Committee can engage in dialogue that benefits the organization.
 - 3) The Committee wants more focus on patients and families. Two ideas that surfaced were (a) for the Committee to invite members of the "re-booted" PFAC to get current patient perspectives and (b) for the Committee to revisit the "Big Dot" concept to reassess whether "Patient and Family Centered Care" should be ECH's "Big Dot" and get confirmation from the Board.



ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

- 4) A desire to understand quality, patient safety, and patient experience considerations that go into the capital budgeting process.
- 5) Decreasing the number of agenda items (decrease frequency of "repeat" items) to provide more time for in depth review and dialogue.
- 3. <u>FY18 Quality Dashboard</u>: Ms. Reinking reported that ECH is generally doing well with infection prevention, but that CAUTIs remain a challenge. She explained that a policy change to requiring two staff members to insert foley catheters in female patients and a nurse driven protocol to remove them without a physician order if certain criteria are met was recently adopted. At the suggestion of the Committee, the specific results of these efforts will be brought back to the Committee for review.
- 4. <u>Patient and Family Centered Care:</u> Ms. Reinking reported on enterprise wide Inpatient HCAHPS. Ms. Reinking described efforts in place to improve Responsiveness of Hospital Staff and Communication with Nurses such as purposeful hourly rounding, leader rounding, and education about careful effective listening.
- 5. <u>Clinical Documentation Improvement (CDI):</u> Shreyas Mallur, MD, Associate CMO, reported that the CDI initiative is critical for several reasons. If all of a patient's medical conditions are not fully and accurately reported in the EHR (1) Medicare assesses the patient as less complex and our case mix index is artificially low, which affects reimbursement, (2) to the outside world, our expected mortality and expected complication rates are lower, and (3) expected length of stay is lower. Staff is working to improve physicians accepting and making changes to documentation based on clinical documentations specialists advice and recommendations.
- 6. <u>Joint Commission Preparedness:</u> Ms. Reinking described TJC's new methodology for scoring that will almost certainly result in more citations than in the past. ECH had a three day mock survey in early February and processes are in place throughout the organization to address the findings.

Suggested discussion questions: None.

Proposed Board motion, if any: None

Attachment:

1. FY18 Quality Dashboard

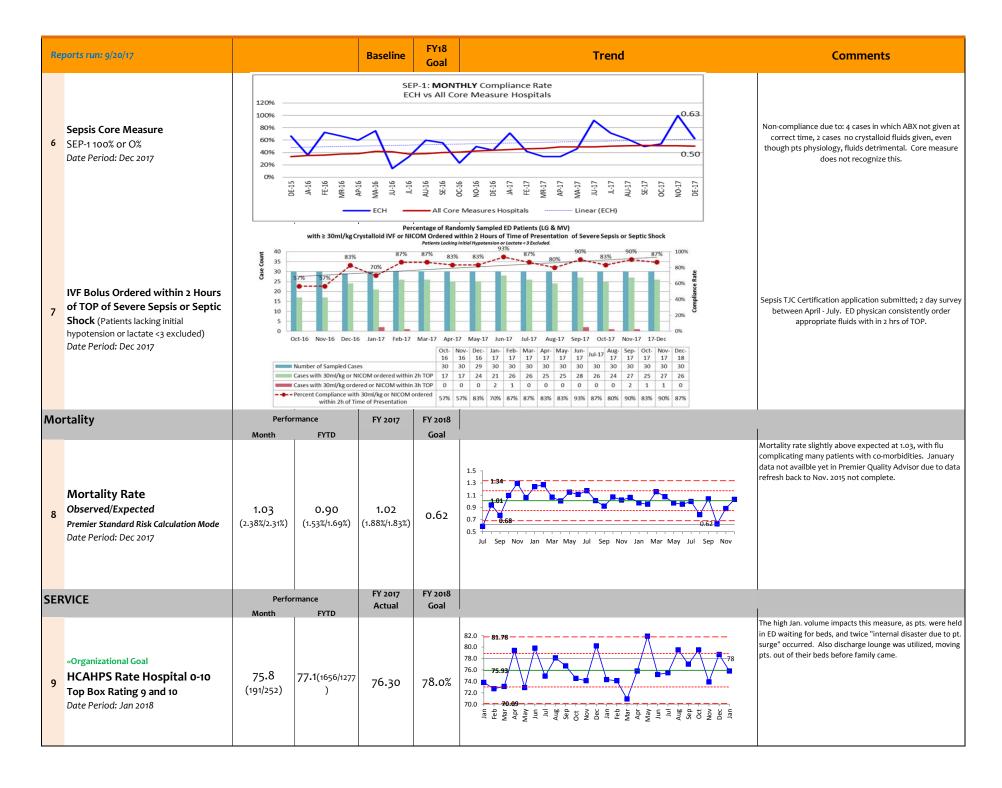




Quality and Safety Dashboard (Monthly)

| Reports run: 11/20/17 | | | Baseline | FY18 Goal | Trend | Comments | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|---|---|--|
| SAFETY EVENTS | | Performance Month FYTD | | FY2017 Actual | FY2018 Goal | | | |
| 1 | Patient Falls Med / Surg / CC Falls / 1,000 CALNOC Pt. Days Date Period: Jan 2018 | 1.12 (7/6230) | 1.38 (52/37587) | 1.49 | 0.74 (Top decile CALNOC) | 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 3 | Falls dropped by half from 14 to 7. 1 Fall with moderate harm (stitches to scalp- neg. CT scan). RCA completed, pt with Hx of Falls, needed CNA to stay with Pt. when up. Alarms for toilet commode arrived, will allow staff to stand outside bathroom, and react when lifts off commode, affording pt. some privacy during toileting. Planning for nursing education on Hendricks Fall Risk Tool, last provided in 2013. | |
| 2 | *Organizational Goal Hospital Acquired Infection (Infection rate) Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI) per 1,000 urinary catheter days Date Period: Jan 2018 SIR Goal: <= 0.75 | 1.23 (2/1,623) | 1.16 (12/10358) | 1.09 | SIR Goal: <= 0.75 SIR July- Dec.2017 = 1.459 | 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.81 0.75 0.0 Jul Sep Nov Jan Mar May Jul Sep Nov Jan Mar May Jul Sep Nov Jan 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 | 3 new CAUTI's in January: 1) 102 yo female: CAUTI occurred 6 days after insertion. Pt admit with Small bowel obstruction 2) 63 yo male; CAUTI identified 16 days after Foley insertion. Patient Foley justified for output monitoring in critical patients 3) 57 y/o Female on 3AC, F/C inserted without an order. Good Bathing, F/C and Peri care. Symptoms of CAUTI started 4 days after insertion. Remaining Nursing staff assigned new modules for foley insertion, now requires 2 staff. | |
| 3 | Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) per 1,000 central line days Date Period: Jan 2018 SIR Goal: <= 0.50 | 0.0 (0/1000) | 0.32 (2/6289) | 0.56 | SIR Goal: <= 0.50 SIR July- Dec.2017 = 0.423 | 1.5 - 1.65 - 1.0 0.50 0.50 0.50 Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan | No new CLABSI infections in December or January! CLABSI Team adopted Central Line Mgmt. Bundle from Lippincott, All nurses will have 1:1 Peer education on CLABSI dressing changes with their patient, new CLABSI Dressing Kit developed with coaching cards. Adoption of CHG for all Central lines in all locations, dressing change to move to every 7 days (best practice). | |
| 4 | Clostridium Difficile Infection (CDI) per 10,000 patient days Date Period: Jan 2018 SIR Goal: <= 0.70 | 1.12 (1/8930) | 1.03 (6/58421) | 1.89 | SIR Goal: <= 0.70 SIR July- Dec.2017 = 0.30 | 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.5 2.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.7 | 1 new C.Diff HAI in January: 63 y/o male admitted with general weakness, groin swelling. Loose stools, Pos. C.diff 6 days after admit and neg. surveillance. 10 doses of ABX, 8 doses Protonix. Hx. Of daily use of Protonix & Prilosec prior to admit. | |
| Efficiency Performance | | FY17 Actual | FY 2018 Goal | | | | | |
| 5 | ★Organizational Goal Arithmetic Observed LOS Average/Geometric LOS Expected for Medicare Population (ALOS/Expected GMLOS) (Medicare definition, MS-CC, Inpatient) Date Period: Jan 2018 | Month 1.21 | 1.11 | 1.16 | 1.11 | 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.16 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 | Increase in LOS due to flu patients who have to stay until Tamiful tx. Complete, high volume, and several very long LOS patients discharged. ALOS up to 5.02. | |

Clinical Effectiveness 2/22/201812:09 PM



Clinical Effectiveness 2/22/201812:09 PM

ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

| Item: | | Compliance Training | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | El Camino Hospital Board of Directors | | |
| | | March 14, 2018 | | |
| | | Mary Rotunno, General Counsel; Diane Wigglesworth, Sr. Director, Corporate Compliance Information | | |
| | | | | |
| influe with t Servic | nce their health care organizate he law. The Office of the Inspe | pilities, boards of directors have a unique opportunity to tions to promote quality of care and embrace compliance ector General of the US Department of Health and Human eceive annual compliance training to bolster an effective | | |
| This e | ducation session will focus on | on: | | |
| 1. | The fiduciary responsibilities judgment rule | of Directors: duty of care, duty of loyalty, and the busines | | |
| 2. | The most relevant compliant relationships, and physician | ce risks to ECH: documentation/coding, billing, physician financial arrangements | | |
| 3. | How the Board can hold management accountable for an effective compliance p that minimizes organizational risk: consistently asking questions, encouraging a of accountability | | | |
| Board Advisory Committees that reviewed the issue and recommendation, if any: N/A | | eviewed the issue and recommendation, if any: N/A | | |
| | Summary and session objectives: To conduct annual compliance training with the Board, as ecommended by the OIG. | | | |
| Sugge | sted discussion questions: No | one. | | |
| Propo | sed Board motion, if any: No | ne. | | |
| LIST C | OF ATTACHMENTS: | | | |
| 1. | Compliance Training present | tation | | |
| 2. | Additional Appendix OIG Rep | port: Practical Guidance for Health Care Governing Boards | | |





Board of Directors Compliance Training

Mary Rotunno, General Counsel Diane Wigglesworth, Sr. Director, Corporate Compliance

March 14, 2018

Education Objectives

- Understand the fiduciary responsibilities of corporate directors as they relate to corporate compliance.
- Identify the most relevant legal parameters and compliance risks to the Company's business.
- Highlight what directors can do to hold management accountable for an effective compliance program that minimizes organizational risk.



Appendix

- Fiduciary Responsibilities as a Corporate Director
- Corporate Governance Guidelines and Committee Roles
- Board Oversight of the Company Compliance Program: Key Questions to Ask of Leadership and Compliance Teams
- The Importance of Director Vigilance in Mitigating Personal and Organizational Compliance Risks
- Practical Guidance for Health Care Governing Boards on Compliance Oversight (OIG publication)



Fiduciary Responsibilities As A Corporate Director

Understand, Lead and Monitor

Corporate Leadership Responsibility



- Corporate directors have an obligation to act as fiduciaries for the organization.
- This duty includes an obligation to actively monitor organizational performance, processes and systems.
- Failure to monitor organizational performance may result in liability for the corporation and corporate officers and directors.

Your Obligations

- As a Board member, you have ultimate oversight responsibility for the Company's Compliance Program.
- Fiduciary duties cannot be avoided by lack of knowledge.
- Increased funding, better use of technology, and enhanced cooperation and coordination among Government agencies have resulted in more effective and efficient enforcement.

Fiduciary Duties of Directors

- Directors have fiduciary duties to the company
- Directors' fiduciary duties are:
 - Duty of Care
 - Duty of Loyalty

Duty of Care

- Act in good faith with the care an ordinarily prudent person would exercise in similar circumstances.
- Directors must act on an informed basis after due consideration and appropriate deliberation.
- The Board may rely so long as doing so is reasonable on:
 - The records of the corporation; and
 - Other information presented by any person if the board reasonably believes:
 - Topics are within the competence of such persons, and
 - Such persons were selected with reasonable care.
- Board may NOT delegate basic duty of care to management or outside advisors.

Duty of Loyalty

- Directors must put the interests of the Company above any personal interests that they may have.
- Directors must disclose the existence and nature of any conflict of interest and any other facts that are material to transactions or other matters before the Board.
 - Where the Board's compliance responsibilities are concerned, this includes disclosure of information regarding potential compliance violations, even if such information might implicate an individual with whom they have a close personal or business relationship.

Overview of Director Responsibilities Under Common Law

- Act in good faith (e.g., disclose any conflict of interest).
- Investigate transactions and other matters within their purview through management and advisors.
- Be satisfied on all key points.
- Ask questions if any point is not clear.
- Exercise independent judgment.

Business Judgment Rule

- State law presumes that, in making a decision, directors acted:
 - On an informed basis;
 - In good faith; and
 - With the honest belief that the action is in best interests of company.
- Courts will defer to directors unless plaintiff overcomes this presumption.
- Courts generally review the process, not the ultimate outcome.
- Where the Board's compliance oversight duties are concerned, it is essential that the Board, through its Committees receive sufficient information about the Compliance function to act on an informed basis.

Corporate Governance Guidelines and Committee Roles

Corporate Governance Guidelines

- The Board's core responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Select, monitor, evaluate and compensate senior management
 - Review the Company's financial controls, reporting systems and enterprise risk management program.
 - Review and monitor:
 - The Company's ethical standards and compliance with applicable healthcare laws, regulations, policies, professional standards and industry guidelines, and
 - The Company's programs, policies and procedures that support and enhance the quality of care provided by the Company
- The Board is authorized to delegate these core responsibilities to one or more Board committees.

Corporate Compliance / Privacy & Internal Audit Committee Role and Responsibilities

- It is the Committee's responsibility to assist the Board in monitoring the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including:
 - Review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal regulatory, corporate compliance and risk management controls, and elicit recommendations for improvement.
 - Review management's response to any such recommendations.
 - Obtain and review reports regarding legal or compliance matters that may have a material effect on the Company's business, financial statements or compliance policies.
 - Review issues reported through the compliance hotline or other channels and the results of any internal investigations regarding any regulatory issues that may have a material effect on the Company's business, financial statements or compliance policies.

- It is the Committee's responsibility to assist the Board in evaluating and monitoring the Company's compliance with applicable healthcare laws, regulations, policies, professional standards and industry guidelines and the Company's Code of Conduct. Specific duties include:
 - Evaluate management's appointment, termination or replacement of the Compliance Officer.
 - Review policies and procedures designed to comply with all applicable health care laws, regulations, professional standards and industry guidelines, as well as the Company's policies and Code of Conduct.
 - Review internal systems and controls to carry out the Company's policies and procedures relating to clinical compliance matters and ethics.
 - Review the steps the Company is taking to educate its employees regarding its Code of Conduct and compliance issues.
 - Review procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding compliance related matters; and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding compliance and ethical issues.
 - Review issues reported through the compliance hotline or other channels and the results of any internal investigations pertaining to clinical outcomes or quality of care-related compliance issues.
 - Apprise the Board on the Company's clinical compliance and performance improvement efforts with appropriate internal and external sources.

Board Oversight of the Company Compliance Program: Key Questions to Ask of Leadership and Compliance Teams

Board Oversight Function: Duty of Inquiry

- Board oversight of the compliance function as it relates to hospital operations is mandatory. The Board, through the Compliance Committee, must ask the right questions to hold Management accountable for an effective compliance program.
- Does the Company leadership team foster a culture that values and even rewards the prevention, detection and resolution of compliance issues?
- Do compensation structures place undue pressure to pursue profit over compliance?
- Does the Company have clear policies and internal controls addressing major risk areas?

Bottom Line: Board should hold the management team accountable for setting the proper "tone at the top" and the Compliance Officer accountable for appropriate policies and internal controls to address risk areas.

Board Oversight Function: Compliance Infrastructure

- Does the Compliance Officer report directly to the Board and CEO on the "state of compliance" at the Company?
- Does the Compliance Officer ensure effective compliance, education, auditing/monitoring of risk areas, investigations and corrective actions?
- Does the Compliance Officer have sufficient authority and resources to perform his/her responsibilities effectively?
- Is there an appropriately configured compliance committee that meets on a regular basis?

Bottom Line: The Board should ensure that Compliance has adequate resources and infrastructure to effectuate an effective compliance program.

Oversight Function: Compliance Education

- Do all the Company employees complete annual compliance training?
- Is compliance training scenario-based and geared to risk areas?
- Are compliance training programs evaluated and updated to maximize effectiveness and reflect regulatory developments?
- Does the Company track attendance and have procedures for follow up with employees who have not satisfied requirements as deadlines approach?

Bottom Line: The Board should be advised of the compliance education curriculum, completion rates and evaluation results.

Board Oversight Function: Effective Lines of Communication

- Does the Company maintain multiple, well-publicized channels for reporting compliance concerns?
- Does the Company maintain and enforce a well-publicized, nonretaliation policy to encourage candid reporting?
- Are there clearly defined channels for employees to seek guidance on the legal/compliance ramifications of potential actions *before* they are taken?
- Are significant legal and regulatory developments monitored and communicated to the business and the Board?
- Is the Board actively engaged in discussions regarding appropriate remedies to systemic or material compliance problems?

Bottom Line: The Board should receive statistics regarding reports of suspected non-compliance through various channels and specific information about material risks confronting the Company.

Board Oversight Function: Auditing and Monitoring

- Is there a robust audit plan to test/monitor major risk areas?
- Does the Company adhere to this plan in practice?
- Are audit trends tracked, reported and appropriately addressed?
- When audits reveal issues, are appropriate corrective action plans developed and implemented?
- When audits identify overpayments, are timely reports and refunds made in accordance with regulatory/payor requirements?
- Does the Company conduct periodic compliance program effectiveness reviews?

Bottom Line: The Board should be apprised of the audit plan, audit statistics, audit trends, overpayment refunds and material/systemic risks.

Board Oversight Function: Prompt Response to Suspected Non-Compliance

- Does the Company have an appropriate investigations policy/SOP in place?
- Are reports of suspected non-compliance in fact promptly investigated?
- Does the Company have an appropriate system to log reports of suspected non-compliance, investigation steps, findings and follow up?
- When violations are identified, is a root cause analysis performed and corrective action implemented to appropriately redress issues and prevent recurrence?
- Are investigators appropriately trained and subject to competency testing?
- Are investigation results tracked and trended to identify systemic issues that may pose a material risk to the Company?

Bottom Line: The Board should receive reports with aggregated information regarding investigations and results, as well as more granular information regarding investigation outcomes that pose a material risk to the Company.

Board Oversight Function: Effective Enforcement

- Does the Company establish and disseminate disciplinary policies identifying the consequences of compliance violations?
 - Does the Company have progressive disciplinary procedures while imposing serious sanctions for serious violations and intentional or reckless noncompliance?
- Are disciplinary standards consistently applied and enforced?
- Is the executive/management team held accountable for their own compliance failures, as well as for the foreseeable failures of their subordinates?
- Are there concrete compliance performance review criteria and bonus prerequisites to drive compliance?

Bottom Line: The Board should hold the management team, HR and Compliance accountable for appropriate, consistently enforced disciplinary standards.

The Importance of Director Vigilance in Mitigating Personal and Organizational Compliance Risks

Corporate Leadership Responsibility

- An effective compliance program minimizes organizational and personal risks in three important ways:
 - Reduces risk that violations will occur
 - When violations do occur, ensures that appropriate corrective actions are implemented to appropriately remediate in accordance with law and prevent recurrence
 - Results in more lenient sanctions under a variety of Governmental guidance detailed later in this presentation:
 - Reduced penalties
 - Reduced risk of corporate integrity agreement ("CIA")

OIG Guidance: Importance of Culture and Leadership

- The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS")
 Office of Inspector General ("OIG") website notes that "because
 of their oversight responsibilities, boards of directors have a
 unique opportunity to promote quality of care and embrace
 compliance with law."
- The OIG Guidance emphasize the importance of leadership and culture:
 - "Leadership should foster an organizational culture that values, and even rewards, the prevention, detection, and resolution of quality of care and compliance problems."
 - "The organization should endeavor to develop a culture that values compliance from the top down and fosters compliance from the bottom up. Such an organizational culture is the foundation of an effective compliance program."



Office of Inspector General, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Association of Healthcare Internal Auditors American Health Lawyers Association Health Care Compliance Association

About the Organizations

This educational resource was developed in collaboration between the Association of Healthcare Internal Auditors (AHIA), the American Health Lawyers Association (AHLA), the Health Care Compliance Association (HCCA), and the Office of Inspector General (OIG) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

AHIA is an international organization dedicated to the advancement of the health care internal auditing profession. The AHLA is the Nation's largest nonpartisan, educational organization devoted to legal issues in the health care field. HCCA is a member-based, nonprofit organization serving compliance professionals throughout the health care field. OIG's mission is to protect the integrity of more than 100 HHS programs, including Medicare and Medicaid, as well as the health and welfare of program beneficiaries.

The following individuals, representing these organizations, served on the drafting task force for this document:

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Published on April 20, 2015.

This document is intended to assist governing boards of health care organizations (Boards) to responsibly carry out their compliance plan oversight obligations under applicable laws. This document is intended as guidance and should not be interpreted as setting any particular standards of conduct. The authors recognize that each health care entity can, and should, take the necessary steps to ensure compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local law. At the same time, the authors also recognize that there is no uniform approach to compliance. No part of this document should be taken as the opinion of, or as legal or professional advice from, any of the authors or their respective agencies or organizations.

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Introduction

Previous guidance¹ has consistently emphasized the need for Boards to be fully engaged in their oversight responsibility. A critical element of effective oversight is the process of asking the right questions of management to determine the adequacy and effectiveness of the organization's compliance program, as well as the performance of those who develop and execute that program, and to make compliance a responsibility for all levels of management. Given heightened industry and professional interest in governance and

transparency issues, this document seeks to provide practical tips for Boards as they work to effectuate their oversight role of their organizations' compliance with State and Federal laws that regulate the health care industry. Specifically, this document addresses issues relating to a Board's oversight and

A critical element of effective oversight is the process of asking the right questions....

review of compliance program functions, including the: (1) roles of, and relationships between, the organization's audit, compliance, and legal departments; (2) mechanism and process for issue-reporting within an organization; (3) approach to identifying regulatory risk; and (4) methods of encouraging enterprise-wide accountability for achievement of compliance goals and objectives.

¹ OIG and AHLA, Corporate Responsibility and Corporate Compliance: A Resource for Health Care Boards of Directors (2003); OIG and AHLA, An Integrated Approach to Corporate Compliance: A Resource for Health Care Organization Boards of Directors (2004); and OIG and AHLA, Corporate Responsibility and Health Care Quality: A Resource for Health Care Boards of Directors (2007).

Expectations for Board Oversight of Compliance Program Functions

A Board must act in good faith in the exercise of its oversight responsibility for its organization, including making inquiries to ensure:

(1) a corporate information and reporting system exists and (2) the reporting system is adequate to assure the Board that appropriate information relating to compliance with applicable laws will come to its attention timely and as a matter of course.² The existence of a corporate reporting system is a key compliance program element, which not only keeps the Board informed of the activities of the organization, but also enables an organization to evaluate and respond to issues of potentially illegal or otherwise inappropriate activity.

Boards are encouraged to use widely recognized public compliance resources as benchmarks for their organizations. The Federal Sentencing Guidelines (Guidelines), 3 OIG's voluntary compliance program guidance documents, 4 and OIG Corporate Integrity Agreements (CIAs) can be used as baseline assessment tools for Boards and management in determining what specific functions may be necessary to meet the requirements of an effective compliance program. The Guidelines "offer incentives to organizations to reduce and ultimately eliminate criminal conduct by providing a structural foundation from which an organization may self-police its own conduct through an effective compliance and ethics program." The compliance program guidance documents were developed by OIG to encourage the development and use of internal controls to monitor adherence to applicable statutes, regulations, and program requirements. CIAs impose specific structural and reporting requirements to

² In re Caremark Int'l, Inc. Derivative Litig., 698 A.2d 959 (Del. Ch. 1996).

³ U.S. Sentencing Commission, *Guidelines Manual* (Nov. 2013) (USSG), http://www.ussc.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/guidelines-manual/2013/manual-pdf/2013_Guidelines_Manual_Full.pdf.

⁴ OIG, Compliance Guidance, https://oig.hhs.gov/compliance/compliance-guidance

⁵ USSG Ch. 8, Intro. Comment.

promote compliance with Federal health care program standards at entities that have resolved fraud allegations.

Basic CIA elements mirror those in the Guidelines, but a CIA also includes obligations tailored to the organization and its compliance risks. Existing CIAs may be helpful resources for Boards seeking to evaluate their organizations' compliance programs. OIG has required some settling entities, such as health

systems and hospitals, to agree to Board-level requirements, including annual resolutions. These resolutions are signed by each member of the Board, or the designated Board committee, and detail the activities that have been undertaken to review and oversee the organization's compliance with Federal health care program and CIA requirements. OIG has not

Although compliance program design is not a "one size fits all" issue, Boards are expected to put forth a meaningful effort....

required this level of Board involvement in every case, but these provisions demonstrate the importance placed on Board oversight in cases OIG believes reflect serious compliance failures.

Although compliance program design is not a "one size fits all" issue, Boards are expected to put forth a meaningful effort to review the adequacy of existing compliance systems and functions. Ensuring that management is aware of the Guidelines, compliance program guidance, and relevant CIAs is a good first step.

One area of inquiry for Board members of health care organizations should be the scope and adequacy of the compliance program in light of the size and complexity of their organizations. The Guidelines allow for variation according to "the size of the organization." In accordance with the Guidelines,

⁶ USSG § 8B2.1, comment. (n. 2).

OIG recognizes that the design of a compliance program will depend on the size and resources of the organization.⁷ Additionally, the complexity of the organization will likely dictate the nature and magnitude of regulatory impact and thereby the nature and skill set of resources needed to manage and monitor compliance.

While smaller or less complex organizations must demonstrate the same degree of commitment to ethical conduct and compliance as larger organizations, the Government recognizes that they may meet the Guidelines requirements with less formality and fewer resources than would be expected of larger and more complex organizations. Smaller organizations may meet their compliance responsibility by "using available personnel, rather than employing separate staff, to carry out the compliance and ethics program." Board members of such organizations may wish to evaluate whether the organization is "modeling its own compliance and ethics programs on existing, well-regarded compliance and ethics programs and best practices of other similar organizations." The Guidelines also foresee that Boards of smaller organizations may need to become more involved in the organizations' compliance and ethics efforts than their larger counterparts.¹⁰

Boards should develop a formal plan to stay abreast of the ever-changing regulatory landscape and operating environment. The plan may involve periodic updates from informed staff or review of regulatory resources made available to them by staff. With an understanding of the dynamic regulatory environment, Boards will be in a position to ask more pertinent questions of management

⁷ Compliance Program for Individual and Small Group Physician Practices, 65 Fed. Reg. 59434, 59436 (Oct. 5, 2000) ("The extent of implementation [of the seven components of a voluntary compliance program] will depend on the size and resources of the practice. Smaller physician practices may incorporate each of the components in a manner that best suits the practice. By contrast, larger physician practices often have the means to incorporate the components in a more systematic manner."); Compliance Program Guidance for Nursing Facilities, 65 Fed. Reg. 14,289 (Mar. 16, 2000) (recognizing that smaller providers may not be able to outsource their screening process or afford to maintain a telephone hotline).

⁸ USSG § 8B2.1, comment. (n. 2).

⁹ *Id.*

¹⁰ Id.

and make informed strategic decisions regarding the organizations' compliance programs, including matters that relate to funding and resource allocation. For instance, new standards and reporting requirements, as required by law, may, but do not necessarily, result in increased compliance costs for an organization. Board members may also wish to take advantage of outside educational programs that provide them with opportunities to develop a better understanding of industry risks, regulatory requirements, and how effective compliance and ethics programs operate. In addition, Boards may want management to create a formal education calendar that ensures that Board members are periodically educated on the organizations' highest risks.

Finally, a Board can raise its level of substantive expertise with respect to regulatory and compliance matters by adding to the Board, or periodically consulting with, an experienced regulatory, compliance, or legal professional. The presence of a professional with health care compliance expertise on the Board sends a strong message about the organization's commitment to compliance, provides a valuable resource to other Board members, and helps the Board better fulfill its oversight obligations. Board members are generally entitled to rely on the advice of experts in fulfilling their duties. OIG sometimes requires entities under a CIA to retain an expert in compliance or governance issues to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities under the CIA. Experts can assist Boards and management in a variety of ways, including the identification of risk areas, provision of insight into best practices in governance, or consultation on other substantive or investigative matters.

¹¹ See Del Code Ann. tit. 8, § 141(e) (2010); ABA Revised Model Business Corporation Act, §§ 8.30(e), (f)(2) Standards of Conduct for Directors.

¹² See Corporate Integrity Agreements between OIG and Halifax Hospital Medical Center and Halifax Staffing, Inc. (2014, compliance and governance); Johnson & Johnson (2013); Dallas County Hospital District d/b/a Parkland Health and Hospital System (2013, compliance and governance); Forest Laboratories, Inc. (2010); Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation (2010); Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (2010); Synthes, Inc. (2010, compliance expert retained by Audit Committee); The University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey (2009, compliance expert retained by Audit Committee); Quest Diagnostics Incorporated (2009); Amerigroup Corporation (2008); Bayer HealthCare LLC (2008); and Tenet Healthcare Corporation (2006; retained by the Quality, Compliance, and Ethics Committee of the Board).

Roles and Relationships

Organizations should define the interrelationship of the audit, compliance, and legal functions in charters or other organizational documents. The structure, reporting relationships, and interaction of these and other functions (e.g., quality, risk management, and human resources) should be included as departmental roles and responsibilities are defined. One approach is for the charters to draw functional boundaries while also setting an expectation of cooperation and collaboration among those functions. One illustration is the following, recognizing that not all entities may possess sufficient resources to support this structure:



The compliance function promotes the prevention, detection, and resolution of actions that do not conform to legal, policy, or business standards. This responsibility includes the obligation to develop policies and procedures that provide employees guidance, the creation of incentives to promote employee compliance, the development of plans to improve or sustain compliance, the development of metrics to measure execution (particularly by management) of the program and implementation of corrective actions, and the development of reports and dashboards that help management and the Board evaluate the effectiveness of the program.

The legal function advises the organization on the legal and regulatory risks of its business strategies, providing advice and counsel to management and the Board about relevant laws and regulations that govern, relate to, or impact the organization. The function also defends the organization in legal proceedings and initiates legal proceedings against other parties if such action is warranted.

The internal audit function provides an objective evaluation of the existing risk and internal control systems and framework within an organization. Internal audits ensure monitoring functions are working as intended and identify where management monitoring and/or additional

Board oversight may be required. Internal audit helps management (and the compliance function) develop actions to enhance internal controls, reduce risk to the organization, and promote more effective and efficient use of resources. Internal audit can fulfill the auditing requirements of the Guidelines.

The human resources function manages the recruiting, screening, and hiring of employees; coordinates employee benefits; and provides employee training and development opportunities.

The quality improvement function promotes consistent, safe, and high quality practices within health care organizations. This function improves efficiency and health outcomes by measuring and reporting on quality outcomes and recommends necessary changes to clinical processes to management and the Board. Quality improvement is critical to maintaining patient-centered care and helping the organization minimize risk of patient harm.

Boards should be aware of, and evaluate, the adequacy, independence, ¹³ and performance of different functions within an organization on a periodic basis. OIG believes an organization's Compliance Officer should neither be counsel for the provider, nor be subordinate in function or position to counsel or the legal department, in any manner. ¹⁴ While independent, an organization's counsel and compliance officer should collaborate to further the interests of the organization. OIG's position on separate compliance and legal functions reflects the independent roles and professional obligations of each function; ¹⁵

¹³ Evaluation of independence typically includes assessing whether the function has uninhibited access to the relevant Board committees, is free from organizational bias through an appropriate administrative reporting relationship, and receives fair compensation adjustments based on input from any relevant Board committee.

¹⁴ See OIG and AHLA, An Integrated Approach to Corporate Compliance: A Resource for Health Care Organization Boards of Directors, 3 (2004) (citing Compliance Program Guidance for Hospitals, 63 Fed. Reg. 8,987, 8,997 (Feb. 23, 1998)).

¹⁵ See, generally, id.

the same is true for internal audit.¹⁶ To operate effectively, the compliance, legal, and internal audit functions should have access to appropriate and relevant corporate information and resources. As part of this effort, organizations will need to balance any existing attorney-client privilege with the goal of providing such access to key individuals who are charged with the responsibility for ensuring compliance, as well as properly reporting and remediating any violations of civil, criminal, or administrative law.

The Board should have a process to ensure appropriate access to information; this process may be set forth in a formal charter document approved by the Audit Committee of the Board or in other appropriate documents. Organizations that do not separate these functions (and some organizations may not have the resources to make this complete separation) should recognize the potential risks of such an arrangement. To partially mitigate these potential risks, organizations should provide individuals serving in multiple roles the capability to execute each function in an independent manner when necessary, including through reporting opportunities with the Board and executive management.

Boards should also evaluate and discuss how management works together to address risk, including the role of each in:

- 1. identifying compliance risks,
- 2. investigating compliance risks and avoiding duplication of effort,
- **3.** identifying and implementing appropriate corrective actions and decision-making, and
- **4.** communicating between the various functions throughout the process.

¹⁶ Compliance Program Guidance for Hospitals, 63 Fed. Reg. 8,987, 8,997 (Feb. 23, 1998) (auditing and monitoring function should "[b]e independent of physicians and line management"); Compliance Program Guidance for Home Health Agencies, 63 Fed. Reg. 42,410, 42,424 (Aug. 7, 1998) (auditing and monitoring function should "[b]e objective and independent of line management to the extent reasonably possible"); Compliance Program Guidance for Nursing Facilities, 65 Fed. Reg. 14,289, 14,302 (Mar. 16, 2000).

Boards should understand how management approaches conflicts or disagreements with respect to the resolution of compliance issues and how it decides on the appropriate course of action. The audit, compliance, and legal functions should speak a common language, at least to the Board and management, with respect to governance concepts, such as accountability, risk, compliance, auditing, and monitoring. Agreeing on the adoption of certain frameworks and definitions can help to develop such a common language.

Reporting to the Board

The Board should set and enforce expectations for receiving particular types of compliance-related information from various members of management.

The Board should receive regular reports regarding the organization's risk mitigation and compliance efforts—separately and independently—from a variety of key players, including those responsible for audit, compliance, human resources, legal, quality, and information technology. By engaging the leadership team and others deeper in the organization, the Board can identify who can provide relevant

The Board should receive regular reports regarding the organization's risk mitigation and compliance efforts....

information about operations and operational risks. It may be helpful and productive for the Board to establish clear expectations for members of the management team and to hold them accountable for performing and informing the Board in accordance with those expectations. The Board may request the development of objective scorecards that measure how well management is executing the compliance program, mitigating risks, and implementing corrective action plans. Expectations could also include reporting information on internal and external investigations, serious issues raised in internal and external audits, hotline call activity, all allegations of material fraud or senior management misconduct, and all management exceptions to the organization's

code of conduct and/or expense reimbursement policy. In addition, the Board should expect that management will address significant regulatory changes and enforcement events relevant to the organization's business.

Boards of health care organizations should receive compliance and riskrelated information in a format sufficient to satisfy the interests or concerns of their members and to fit their capacity to review that information. Some Boards use tools such as dashboards—containing key financial, operational and compliance indicators to assess risk, performance against budgets, strategic plans, policies and procedures, or other goals and objectives—in order to strike a balance between too much and too little information. For instance, Board quality committees can work with management to create the content of the dashboards with a goal of identifying and responding to risks and improving quality of care. Boards should also consider establishing a risk-based reporting system, in which those responsible for the compliance function provide reports to the Board when certain risk-based criteria are met. The Board should be assured that there are mechanisms in place to ensure timely reporting of suspected violations and to evaluate and implement remedial measures. These tools may also be used to track and identify trends in organizational performance against corrective action plans developed in response to compliance concerns. Regular internal reviews that provide a Board with a snapshot of where the organization is, and where it may be going, in terms of compliance and quality improvement, should produce better compliance results and higher quality services.

As part of its oversight responsibilities, the Board may want to consider conducting regular "executive sessions" (i.e., excluding senior management) with leadership from the compliance, legal, internal audit, and quality functions to encourage more open communication. Scheduling regular executive sessions creates a continuous expectation of open dialogue, rather than calling such a session only when a problem arises, and is helpful to avoid suspicion among management about why a special executive session is being called.

Identifying and Auditing Potential Risk Areas

Some regulatory risk areas are common to all health care providers. Compliance in health care requires monitoring of activities that are highly vulnerable to fraud or other violations. Areas of particular interest include referral relationships and arrangements, billing problems (e.g., upcoding, submitting claims for services not rendered and/or medically unnecessary services), privacy breaches, and quality-related events.

The Board should ensure that management and the Board have strong processes for identifying risk areas. Risk areas may be identified from internal or external information sources. For instance, Boards and management may identify regulatory risks from internal sources, such as employee reports to an internal compliance hotline or internal audits. External sources that may be used to identify regulatory risks might include



professional organization publications, OIG-issued guidance, consultants, competitors, or news media. When failures or problems in similar organizations are publicized, Board members should ask their own management teams whether there are controls and processes in place to reduce the risk of, and to identify, similar misconduct or issues within their organizations.

The Board should ensure that management consistently reviews and audits risk areas, as well as develops, implements, and monitors corrective action plans. One of the reasonable steps an organization is expected to take

under the Guidelines is "monitoring and auditing to detect criminal conduct."¹⁷ Audits can pinpoint potential risk factors, identify regulatory or compliance problems, or confirm the effectiveness of compliance controls. Audit results that reflect compliance issues or control deficiencies should be accompanied by corrective action plans.¹⁸

Recent industry trends should also be considered when designing risk assessment plans. Compliance functions tasked with monitoring new areas of risk should take into account the increasing emphasis on quality, industry consolidation, and changes in insurance coverage and reimbursement. New forms of reimbursement (e.g., value-based purchasing, bundling of services for a single payment, and global payments for maintaining and improving the health of individual patients and even entire populations) lead to new incentives and compliance risks. Payment policies that align payment with quality care have placed increasing pressure to conform to recommended quality guidelines and improve quality outcomes. New payment models have also incentivized consolidation among health care providers and more employment and contractual relationships (e.g., between hospitals and physicians). In light of the fact that statutes applicable to provider-physician relationships are very broad, Boards of entities that have financial relationships with referral sources or recipients should ask how their organizations are reviewing these arrangements for compliance with the physician self-referral (Stark) and antikickback laws. There should also be a clear understanding between the Board and management as to how the entity will approach and implement those relationships and what level of risk is acceptable in such arrangements.

Emerging trends in the health care industry to increase transparency can present health care organizations with opportunities and risks. For example, the Government is collecting and publishing data on health outcomes and quality measures (e.g., Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Quality Compare Measures), Medicare payment data are now publicly available (e.g.,

¹⁷ See USSG § 8B2.1(b)(5).

¹⁸ See USSG § 8B2.1(c).

CMS physician payment data), and the Sunshine Rule¹⁹ offers public access to data on payments from the pharmaceutical and device industries to physicians. Boards should consider all beneficial use of this newly available information. For example, Boards may choose to compare accessible data against organizational peers and incorporate national benchmarks when assessing organizational risk and compliance. Also, Boards of organizations that employ physicians should be cognizant of the relationships that exist between their employees and other health care entities and whether those relationships could have an impact on such matters as clinical and research decision-making. Because so much more information is becoming public, Boards may be asked significant compliance-oriented questions by various stakeholders, including patients, employees, government officials, donors, the media, and whistleblowers.

Encouraging Accountability and Compliance

Compliance is an enterprise-wide responsibility. While audit, compliance, and legal functions serve as advisors, evaluators, identifiers, and monitors of risk and compliance, it is the responsibility of the entire organization to execute the compliance program.

In an effort to support the concept that compliance is "a way of life," a Board may assess employee performance in promoting and adhering to compliance.²⁰ An

Compliance is an enterprise-wide responsiblity.

organization may assess individual, department, or facility-level performance or consistency in executing the compliance program. These assessments can then be used to either withhold incentives or to provide bonuses

¹⁹ See Sunshine Rule, 42 C.F.R. § 403.904, and CMS Open Payments, https://www.cms.gov/newsroom/press-releases/affordable-care-act-sunshine-rule-increases-transparency-health-care

²⁰ Compliance Program Guidance for Nursing Facilities, 65 Fed. Reg. 14,289, 14,298-14,299 (Mar. 16, 2000).

based on compliance and quality outcomes. Some companies have made participation in annual incentive programs contingent on satisfactorily meeting annual compliance goals. Others have instituted employee and executive compensation claw-back/recoupment provisions if compliance metrics are not met. Such approaches mirror Government trends. For example, OIG is increasingly requiring certifications of compliance from managers outside the compliance department. Through a system of defined compliance goals and objectives against which performance may be measured and incentivized, organizations can effectively communicate the message that everyone is ultimately responsible for compliance.

Governing Boards have multiple incentives to build compliance programs that encourage self-identification of compliance failures and to voluntarily disclose such failures to the Government. For instance, providers enrolled in Medicare or Medicaid are required by statute to report and refund any overpayments under what is called the 60 Day Rule.²¹ The 60-Day Rule requires all Medicare and Medicaid participating providers and suppliers to report and refund known overpayments within 60 days from the date the overpayment is "identified" or within 60 days of the date when any corresponding cost report is due. Failure to follow the 60-Day Rule can result in False Claims Act or civil monetary penalty liability. The final regulations, when released, should provide additional guidance and clarity as to what it means to "identify" an overpayment.²² However, as an example, a Board would be well served by asking management about its efforts to develop policies for identifying and returning overpayments. Such an inquiry would inform the Board about how proactive the organization's compliance program may be in correcting and remediating compliance issues.

21 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7k.

²² Medicare Program; Reporting and Returning of Overpayments, 77 Fed. Reg. 9179, 9182 (Feb. 16, 2012) (Under the proposed regulations interpreting this statutory requirement, an overpayment is "identified" when a person "has actual knowledge of the existence of the overpayment or acts in reckless disregard or deliberate ignorance of the overpayment.") disregard or deliberate ignorance of the overpayment."); Medicare Program; Reporting and Returning of Overpayments; Extensions of Timeline for Publication of the Final Rule, 80 Fed. Reg. 8247 (Feb. 17, 2015).

Organizations that discover a violation of law often engage in an internal analysis of the benefits and costs of disclosing—and risks of failing to disclose—such violation to OIG and/or another governmental agency. Organizations that are proactive in self-disclosing issues under OIG's Self-Disclosure Protocol realize certain benefits, such as (1) faster resolution of the case—the average OIG self-disclosure is resolved in less than one year; (2) lower payment—OIG settles most self-disclosure cases for 1.5 times damages rather than for double or treble damages and penalties available under the False Claims Act; and (3) exclusion release as part of settlement with no CIA or other compliance obligations.²³ OIG believes that providers have legal and ethical obligations to disclose known violations of law occurring within their organizations.²⁴ Boards should ask management how it handles the identification of probable violations of law, including voluntary self-disclosure of such issues to the Government.

As an extension of their oversight of reporting mechanisms and structures, Boards would also be well served by evaluating whether compliance systems and processes encourage effective communication across the organizations and whether employees feel confident that raising compliance concerns, questions, or complaints will result in meaningful inquiry without retaliation or retribution. Further, the Board should request and receive sufficient information to evaluate the appropriateness of management's responses to identified violations of the organization's policies or Federal or State laws.

Conclusion

A health care governing Board should make efforts to increase its knowledge of relevant and emerging regulatory risks, the role and functioning of the organization's compliance program in the face of those risks, and the flow and elevation of reporting of potential issues and problems to

²³ See OIG, Self-Disclosure Information, https://oig.hhs.gov/compliance/self-disclosure-info/

²⁴ See id., at 2 ("we believe that using the [Self-Disclosure Protocol] may mitigate potential exposure under section 1128J(d) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7k(d).")

senior management. A Board should also encourage a level of compliance accountability across the organization. A Board may find that not every measure addressed in this document is appropriate for its organization, but every Board is responsible for ensuring that its organization complies with relevant Federal, State, and local laws. The recommendations presented in this document are intended to assist Boards with the performance of those activities that are key to their compliance program oversight responsibilities. Ultimately, compliance efforts are necessary to protect patients and public funds, but the form and manner of such efforts will always be dependent on the organization's individual situation.

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Minutes of the Open Session of the **El Camino Hospital Board of Directors** Wednesday, February 14, 2018 2500 Grant Road, Mountain View, CA 94040 Conference Rooms F&G (ground floor)

Board Members Present Lanhee Chen, Chair Jeffrey Davis, MD (via teleconference) Neysa Fligor

Board Members Absent None

Members Excused

None

| 110,500 - 11801 | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Peter C. Fung, MD | |
| Gary Kalbach | |
| Julie Kliger, RN | |
| Julia Miller, Secretary | |
| Robert Rebitzer | |
| David Reeder | |
| John Zoglin, Vice Chair | |
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| Ag | enda Item | Comments/Discussion | Approvals/ Action |
|----|---|--|--|
| 1. | CALL TO ORDER/ ROLL CALL | The open session meeting of the Board of Directors of El Camino Hospital (the "Board") was called to order at 5:30pm by Chair Chen. A silent roll call was taken. Director Fligor joined the meeting at 5:34pm and Director Rebitzer joined the meeting at 5:37pm during Agenda Item 4: Quality Committee Report. Director Davis joined the meeting via teleconference at 5:57pm during Agenda Item 5: Advisory Committee Self-Assessments. All other Board members were present at roll call. | |
| 2. | POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES | Chair Chen asked if any Board members may have a conflict of interest with any of the items on the agenda. Director Fung reported that he has a conflict with Agenda Item 26: Approval of ED On-Call Stroke & Neurology Panel. No other conflicts were reported. | |
| 3. | QUALITY COMMITTEE REPORT | Director Reeder, Chair of the Quality Committee, shared a patient story from the Committee's materials. He also highlighted the Heart & Vascular Institute's Annual Heart Forum and the recognition of the Pain Management A3 team at ECH's Employee Service Awards. | |
| | | He reported that the Committee received a presentation from Fabio Komlos, MD and Bart Dolmatch, MD about ECH's interventional radiology services and from Wendy Ron, a Quality Committee member, who shared her personal patient experience at ECH. | |
| | | He explained that currently the only unfavorable performance on the quality dashboard is for catheter-associated urinary tract infections, and described staff education efforts in this area. He also described the organization's standardized infection rates. | |
| | | In response to Director Zoglin's questions, Director Reeder described the addition of interventional radiology physicians to the medical staff, and noted that quality benchmarks may be discussed further during the strategic discussion in closed session. | |
| 4. | FY18 PERIOD 6 FINANCIALS | Iftikhar Hussain, CFO, reviewed the FY18 Period 6 Financials, noting that: - ECH is \$34 million ahead of plan for operating margin due to \$13.4 million in unusual items (IGT and PRIME funding, late charge accrual and credit balance valuations which have been corrected), and good revenue cycle operations and charge capture processes. - Inpatient volume is 5.1% ahead of budget | FY18 Period 6 Financials approved |

| | ebruary 14, 2018 Page 2 | - On a volume-adjusted basis, labor expenses are at target. | |
|----|--|---|---|
| | | In response to Director Rebitzer's question, Mr. Hussain noted that the growth this year is different than in prior years due to a combination of sustainable growth from service line recruitments and newer technologies as well as a very severe flu season. | |
| | | Motion: To approve the FY18 Period 6 Financials. | |
| | | Movant: Zoglin Second: Reeder Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Davis Recused: None | |
| 5. | ADVISORY COMMITTEE SELF- | Director Fung, Chair of the Governance Committee, and JoAnn McNutt from Nygren Consulting provided an overview of the Advisory Committee Self-Assessments and Committee Structure Survey. | Staff to provide additional |
| | ASSESSMENTS | The Board's discussion focused on two areas: 1) improving feedback to the Advisory Committees from the Board, and 2) considering delegating authority to the Committees. | information about Reports on Board |
| | | Ms. McNutt and the Board discussed communication from the Board to the Committees and what form would be most useful. The Board agreed that the Board members serving on each Committee will provide verbal updates to the rest of the Committee about the Board's discussions and intent regarding Committee's recommendations. | Actions |
| | | Director Zoglin requested additional information from legal counsel about what information from the Board's closed session can be shared with the Committees, and whether that discussion should be in open or closed session. | |
| | | Ms. McNutt encouraged the Board to purposefully use the joint Board and Committee Educational Gatherings. | |
| 6. | EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE | Bob Miller, Chair of the Executive Compensation Committee, outlined the proposed changes recommended by the Executive Compensation Committee as further detailed in the materials related to: | Resolution 2018-02 approved |
| | REPORT | Executive Compensation Philosophy: expanding to reflect total cash compensation and total remuneration Executive Base Salary Administration: allowing for more differentiation Executive Performance Incentive Plan: adding a variable financial metric; modifying the weighting of individual incentive goals and using CEO discretion as a modifier | |
| | | In response to Director Davis' question, Mr. B. Miller explained that the budget threshold for all individual goals to receive any incentive payment will be retained in the proposed policy. He also further explained the proposed addition of a variable organizational financial goal. | |
| | | Director Reeder voiced his support of the combination of the individual goals and discretionary component. | |
| | | Director Zoglin expressed concerns about target executive compensation above the 50 th percentile (up to the 75 th percentile), which could result in increases for executives above the rest of the organization, including the | |

contracted increases for union employees.

Mr. B. Miller commented that the base salary philosophy would be still be targeting the 50th percentile on average, not by individual, which would allow for differentiation based on performance and experience. He noted that executives differ because they have incentive opportunities, which are designed to reward extraordinary performance (through total cash compensation as outlined in the proposed changes).

Director Zoglin expressed concerns about what "extraordinary performance" could mean, especially with ECH's payor mix.

The Board discussed how best to motivate management to perform and how to reward excellent performance in a given year. Director Rebitzer expressed concerns about incentives drifting up over time without underlying performance driving them. Mr. B. Miller commented that if goals are designed properly, on average, there should be achievement at maximum 1 or 2 out of every ten years, and no payment 1 or 2 out of every ten years.

In response to Director Rebitzer and Director Kliger's questions, Mr. B. Miller explained that base salaries, salary ranges, target bonuses, and benefits are competitive and are analyzed by a third party every year for reasonableness. He noted that the proposed changes would allow for differentiation between executives and bonus payments above target if the organization and an individual perform well.

Motion: To approve the proposed changes to the Executive Compensation Philosophy policy.

Movant: Kalbach Second: Fligor

Ayes: Chen, Davis, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Rebitzer, Reeder

Noes: Zoglin

Absentions: Miller **Absent:** None **Recused:** None The motion passed.

Motion: To approve the proposed changes to the Executive Base Salary

Administration policy.

Movant: Reeder Second: Kalbach

Ayes: Chen, Davis, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder,

Zoglin
Noes: None

Abstentions: None Absent: None Recused: None

The motion passed.

Motion: To approve the proposed changes to Executive Performance

Incentive Plan policy.

Movant: Reeder Second: Kalbach

Director Fligor suggested that discussion be referred back to the Executive Compensation Committee to clarify the language regarding "up to the 75th

percentile."

Mary Rotunno, General Counsel, advised that the compensation philosophy was addressed in the first motion, which was already approved. In response to Chair Chen's question, she stated that Directors could change their votes before the next agenda item.

In response to Director Miller's question, Mr. B. Miller described safeguards built into the philosophy and the effects on executive compensation when the organization performs poorly.

Ayes: Chen, Davis, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder,

Zoglin
Noes: None
Abstentions: None

Absent: None
Recused: None
The motion passed.

After consultation with counsel, the vote was retaken on the motion to approve the proposed changes to the Executive Compensation Philosophy:

Ayes: Chen, Davis, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Reeder

Noes: Fligor, Rebitzer, Zoglin

Abstentions: Miller Absent: None Recused: None

The motion passed.

7. PUBLIC COMMUNICATION

Director Miller reported that she received a note and a donation to the ECH Foundation from Mr. Michael Fox.

8. ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION

Motion: To adjourn to closed session at 6:45 pm pursuant to *Gov't Code* Section 54957.2 for approval of the Minutes of the Closed Session of the Hospital Board Meeting (January 10, 2018), Minutes of the Closed Session of the Special Meeting to Conduct a Study Session of the Hospital Board (January 20, 2018) and Minutes of the Closed Session of the Executive Compensation Committee Meeting (November 9, 2017); pursuant to Health and Safety Code 32155 for deliberations concerning reports on Medical Staff quality assurance matters: Organizational Clinical Risks; pursuant to Gov't Code Section 54957.6 for a conference with labor negotiator Dan Woods: Labor Negotiations Update; pursuant to Health and Safety Code 32155 for deliberations concerning reports on Medical Staff quality assurance matters: Medical Staff Report; pursuant to Gov't Code Sections 54957 and 54957.6 for report and discussion on personnel matters: FY18 CIO Base Salary; pursuant to Gov't Code Sections 54957 and 54957.6 for report and discussion on personnel matters: FY18 SVMD President Base Salary; pursuant to Gov't Code Section 5496.9(d)(2) – conference with legal counsel – pending or threatened litigation: Consider Delegation of Authority to Executive Compensation Committee; pursuant to Health & Safety Code Section 32106(b) for a report and discussion involving health care facility trade secrets: Marketing and Branding Education; pursuant to Gov't Code Section 5496.9(d)(2) – conference with legal counsel – pending or threatened litigation, Health and Safety Code 32106(b) for a report involving health care facility trade secrets: CEO Report on New Services and Programs and Legal Issues; pursuant to Gov't Code Sections 54957 and 54957.6 for report and discussion on personnel matters: Proposed First Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement; pursuant to Gov't Code Section 54957

Adjourned to closed session at 6:45 pm

| February 14, 2018 Page 5 | for discussion and report on personnel performance matters: Executive Session. Movant: Miller Second: Kalbach Ayes: Chen, Davis, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: None Recused: None | |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| 9. AGENDA ITEM 20: RECONVENE OPEN SESSION/ REPORT OUT | Open session was reconvened at 9:10pm by Chair Chen. Director Davis did not attend the second open session. Agenda items 9-19 were addressed in closed session. During the closed session, the Board approved the Minutes of the Closed Session of the Hospital Board Meeting (January 10, 2018), Minutes of the Closed Session of Special Meeting to Conduct a Study Session of the Hospital Board (January 20, 2018), Minutes of the Closed Session of the Executive Compensation Committee Meeting (November 9, 2017), and the Medical Staff Report by a unanimous vote in favor of all members present (Directors Chen, Davis (via teleconference), Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, and Zoglin). | |
| 10. AGENDA ITEM 21: CONSENT CALENDAR | Chair Chen asked if any member of the Board or the public wished to remove an item from the consent calendar. No items were removed. Motion: To approve the consent calendar: Minutes of the Open Session of the Hospital Board Meeting (January 10, 2018); Minutes of the Open Session of the Special Meeting to Conduct a Study Session of the Hospital Board (January 20, 2018); Government Investigations Policy; Physician Financial Arrangements Policy; Minutes of the Open Session of the Executive Compensation Committee Meeting (November 9, 2018); PACS and Image Archive System Replacement (\$2.2m); Acute Rehabilitation Agreement (LG): ED On-Call Interventional Radiology Panel (LG); ED On-Call Interventional Radiology Panel (MV); ED On-Call Urology Panel (MV); ED On-Call Urology Panel (MV); ED On-Call Urology Panel (LG); Community Benefit Grants Policy; FY18 Period 5 Financials; Appointment of Directors to Advisory Committees; Approval of Revised Board and Committee Education Policy; and the Medical Staff Report. Movant: Zoglin Second: Reeder Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Absent: Davis Recused: None | Consent calendar approved |
| 11. AGENDA ITEM 22: APPROVAL OF FY18 CIO BASE SALARY | Chair Chen noted that Cindy Murphy, Director of Governance Services, had hard copies of the proposal available for the public. Motion: To approve the FY18 CIO Base Salary. Movant: Fligor Second: Kalbach Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None | |

| February 14, 2018 Page 6 | | |
|---|---|--|
| | Absent: Davis Recused: None | |
| 12. AGENDA ITEM 23: APPROVAL OF | Chair Chen noted that Cindy Murphy, Director of Governance Services, had hard copies of the proposal available for the public. | |
| FY18 SVMD PRESIDENT BASE SALARY | Motion: To approve the FY18 SVMD President Base Salary and the exception to the severance policy. | |
| SALSAN I | Movant: Miller Second: Kliger Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Davis Recused: None | |
| 13. AGENDA ITEM 24: CONSIDER | Motion: To refer back to the Executive Compensation Committee further discussion regarding the delegation of authority to the Committee. | |
| DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE | Movant: Zoglin Second: Fung Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Davis Recused: None | |
| 14. AGENDA ITEM 25: PROPOSED FIRST | Motion: To approve the Proposed First Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement. | |
| AMENDMENT TO EXECUTIVE EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT | Movant: Miller Second: Kalbach Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Fung, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None Absent: Davis Recused: None | |
| 15. AGENDA ITEM 26: APPROVAL OF ED | Director Fung left the meeting. | |
| ON-CALL STROKE & NEUROLOGY PANEL | Motion: To approve the ED On-Call Stroke & Neurology Panel renewal. Movant: Kalbach Second: Reeder | |
| | Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin Noes: None Abstentions: None | |
| | Absent: Davis Recused: Fung | |
| 16. AGENDA ITEM 27: CEO REPORT | Dan Woods, CEO, highlighted current progress toward achievement of the FY18 organizational goals, the re-application for Magnet Designation, a revamped employee engagement and recognition program, and recent Town Hall meetings. He also recognized participants in the Foundation's Employee Giving Campaign and the Auxiliary's contribution of 6,300 volunteer hours in December. | |
| 17. AGENDA ITEM 28: BOARD COMMENTS | There were no additional comments from the Board. | |

18. AGENDA ITEM 29:
ADJOURNMENT

Movant: Reeder
Second: Kalbach
Ayes: Chen, Fligor, Kalbach, Kliger, Miller, Rebitzer, Reeder, Zoglin
Noes: None
Abstentions: None
Absent: Fung, Davis
Recused: None

Meeting
adjourned at
9:17 pm.

| Attest as to the app | proval of the for | egoing minute | s by the Board | of Directors of | of El Camino | Hospital |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|
| Treese as to the ap | or of the rol | Some minute | s s, the board | or Directors o | , Li Cuillio | TTOO DICEL |

Lanhee Chen Julia Miller

Chair, ECH Board of Directors Secretary, ECH Board of Directors

Prepared by: Cindy Murphy, Director of Governance Services

Sarah Rosenberg, Contracts & Board Services Coordinator



ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

| 1 | |
|--|---|
| Item: | FY18 Community Benefit Midterm Grant Results |
| | El Camino Hospital Board of Directors |
| | March 14, 2018 |
| Responsible party: | Cecile Currier, VP Corporate and Community Health Services and President, CONCERN, EAP |
| | Barbara Avery, Director, Community Benefit |
| Action requested: | For Information Only |
| Background – FY18 Midterm Grant | Results: |
| metrics that speak to the quality an Community Benefit staff to hold graassistance wherever possible. The Cometric targets in the current year as in the current portfolio, which is a 2 programs, a 114% increase from the established FY18 metric targets. Of were either met or exceeded. 31 ou metrics. Targets were increased for Community Benefit staff will contin | d quantity of services being provided. It is the role of antees accountable to the approved metrics and provide Community Benefit staff assesses performance against swell as tracking year-over-year results. There are 43 grant 23% increase over FY17. New programs comprise 35% of all e prior year. Overall, grantees performed well against the 127 midterm metrics, a 21% increase over FY17, 87% at of 43 (72%) of grants met at least 90% of their established 47% of the midterm metrics, a 42% increase over FY17. ue to monitor and work with underperforming grants. |
| • | reviewed the issue and recommendation, if any: None |
| Summary and session objectives : To inform the Board about the FY18 | B Community Benefit Midterm Grant results. |
| Suggested discussion questions: No | one |
| Proposed board motion, if any: No | ne |
| LIST OF ATTACHMENTS: | |
| FY18 Year-over-Year Midter | m Dashboard |





Community Benefit FY18 Midterm Summary

"My family has really enjoyed the experience of learning to grow our own veggies! My main reason for joining the program was to be able to give my family a chance at more healthy choices, eating more veggies.... I have also noticed the program has had a profound impact on my neighborhood as well. The neighborhood children enjoy helping me water our garden. I've even caught one grabbing a snack of my scrumptious little cherry tomatoes! It warmed my heart!"

— Participant of Valley Verde's San Jose Garden's for Health program

"We're so grateful for having the clinic around. It really is the only spot here. The psychiatrist here, he's the only hookup we've got to mental health services. He's helped to get a lot of us leveled out." — Peninsula Healthcare Connection patient and formerly homeless community member

"I am dealing with diabetes and high blood pressure issues, and the staff have always been extremely caring, attentive and thorough regarding all of my medical and other needs. Without the opportunity to stay at the Medical Respite Center, I would have to ride VTA buses all night, and probably would not have survived during the month of November. Thank you again for everyone's role in saving the lives of people on the street (like me) and for treating us with respect." – Medical Respite patient

"My healing began when I started coming to support groups at Next Door Solutions. I remember crying the whole time, listening to women telling their stories. At that moment, I realized I'm not alone." – Participant, Next Door Solutions











Community Benefit FY18 Midterm Summary

GRANT PROGRAM & METRIC PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Grant programs 43

New programs **15 (35%)**

| Grant programs that met at least 90% of their program's midterm metrics (see column W of Dashboard) | 72 % |
|---|-------------|
| Total individual midterm metrics across all 43 grant programs (see column C of Dashboard) | 127 |
| Individual midterm metrics that achieved midterm targets (see column V of Dashboard) | 87% |
| Total individual metrics that were new or revised to be more robust | 43% |
| Total individual year-over-year (trending) metrics | 57 % |

Individual trending midterm metric targets that:

Increased 47%

Decreased 18%

Remained the same 34%



Community Benefit FY18 Midterm Summary

FY18 Expanded Dashboard Guide

The FY18 Expanded Annual Dashboard provides data for programs funded in FY18, FY17, and/or FY16.

Column C: All FY18 metrics

Columns D - X: 6-month and annual targets and actuals, and percent of all metrics achieved by grant

FY16 6-month target and actual (Columns D & E)

FY16 annual target and actual (Columns H & I)

FY17 6-month target and actual (Columns L & M)

FY17 annual target and actual (Columns P & Q)

FY18 6-month target and actual (Columns T & U)

FY18 annual target (Column X)

FY16, FY17 and FY18 6-month & annual percent of metrics met (Columns G, K, O, S & W)

Note: Only those with FY18 trending metrics appear on this dashboard

A dash "-" represents either I) agency is a new FY18 partner so no metrics from prior years, or 2) new metric with no previous data

- A metric receives a "green dot" if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
- A metric receives a "red dot" if the target was not met in excess of 10% of the target goal

N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| Health Priority Area (Column A) | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target (Column D) | FY16 6-month actual (Column E) | • | FY16 %of ALL 6- month metrics let (Column G) | FY16 Annual target (Column H) | FY16 Annual Actual (Column I) | • ALI | '16 % of L annual trics met | FY17 6-month target (Column L) | FY17 6-month actual (Column M) | FY17 % 6- month metrics met (Column O) | FY17 Annual : Target (Column P) | FY17 Annual Actual (Column Q) | | FY17 % Annual netrics met (Column S) | FY18 6-month target (Column T) | FY18 6-month actual (Column U) | FY18 % 6- month metrics met (Column W) | FY18 Annual Target (Column X) | Supporting Details for Variance and Trending (Column Y) | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|-------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--|------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|------|-----|--|
| | 5-2-1-0 FY18 Requested:15,000 FY18 Approved: \$15,000 | Students served | 3,500 | 4,066 | • | | 4,562 | 6,500 | • | | 3,700 | 5,300 | • | 6,300 | 8,800 | • | | 4,000 | 4,120 | • | 6,500 | Redefined criteria for volume resulting in lower number than previous years. | | | |
| | FY17 Approved: \$20,000 FY17 Spent: \$15,181 FY16 Approved: \$29,500 FY16 Spent: \$2,638 | Students who report being active one or more hours per day after 5210 engagement | N/A | N/A | | 100% | 50% | 53% | • | 100% | N/A | N/A | 100% | 53% | 59% | • | 100% | N/A | N/A | 100% | 56% | | | | |
| | New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Students who report the knowledge to limit sweetened beverage to 0 per day after 5210 engagement | N/A | N/A | | | 70% | 68% | • | | N/A | N/A | | 70% | 71% | • | | N/A | N/A | | 75% | | | | |
| | BAWSI Girls Program FY18 Requested: \$19,200 FY18 Approved: \$16,000 | Youth served | 55 | 61 | • | | 110 | 128 | • | | 60 | 65 | • | 120 | 133 | • | | 60 | 62 | • | 120 | | | | |
| | FY17 Approved: \$16,000 F17 Spent: \$16,000 FY16 Approved: \$15,000 FY16 Spent: \$15,000 | Average weekly attendance | 80% | 88% | • | 100% | 80% | 82% | • | 100% | 80% | 88% | 100% | 80% | 89% | • | 100% | 80% | 90% | 100% | 80% | | | | |
| | New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Focus Girls who are observed to have improved behavior or attitudes after each season | 80% | 100% | • | | 80% | 100% | • | | 90% | 85% | • | 90% | 93% | • | | 90% | 83% | • | 90% | | | | |
| | BAWSI Rollers Program | Youth served | - | - | | Name | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | 25 | 11 | • | 25 | Enrollment of special education students eligible for the program was lower this school year. | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$16,300 FY18 Approved: \$16,300 | Students who report they want to exercise more like they do at BAWSI | - | - | P | New Partner in | - | - | | v Partner n FY18 | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | 1 1 | lew Partner in FY18 | 90% | 75% | 33% | 90% | | | | |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Students who are observed to have improved behaviors/ attitudes including increased participation, confidence, and social behaviors. | - | - | | FY18 | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | 80% | 100% | • | 80% | | | | |
| | Breathe California FY18 Requested: \$60,000 FY18 Approved: \$50,000 FY17 Approved: \$50,000 FY17 Spent: \$49,994 | Parents, children, teachers, and care providers served through air quality assessment and asthma management training | - | - | P | New Partner in | - | - | 1 1 | w Partner | 80 | 87 | 100% | 650 | 767 | • | 100% | 225 | 296 | 33% | 800 | In the second year of this program, midyear targets were set higher than year 1 (FY17) when midyear targets were set conservatively while program ramped up in new locations, establishing new relationships for service delivery. Year 2 targets were based on strong performance by end of year 1 and refined program, which continues to reach a good number of children. | | | |
| | FY16 Approved: N/A FY16 Spent: N/A New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Trained parents, teachers, and childcare providers who gain at least a 35% increase in knowledge of asthma management, environmental triggers and remediation steps. | - | - | | FY17 | - | - | | n FY17 | 55% | 70% | • | 55% | 58% | • | | 60% | 40% | • | 60% | Agency experienced challenges with survey methods, primarily incomplete surveys and parents having a higher baseline knowledge of asthma than | | | |
| | | Parents reporting their children gained at least a 30% increase in knowledge/skills after receiving multi-session education | - | - | | | - | - | | | 45% | 83% | • | 45% | 72% | • | | 50% | 30% | • | 50% | anticipated leaving less room for improvement. Agency is revising survey tools to correct these issues. | | | |
| | | Students served Students served | - | - | | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | П | | 805 | 1,268 | • | 2,110 | | | | |
| | Cambrian School District School Nurse Program | Students who have failed health screenings who saw a healthcare provider | - | - | | New | - | - | New | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | L N | lew Partner | 20% 0 | 0% | • | 40% | All screenings completed, followed-ups started in second half of year. Forecasting challenges as this is the first year the school has had a nurse. | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$116,315 FY18 Awarded: \$116,315 New Metrics: N/A | School staff who received CPR/AED training during Staff Development Days and who reported increased knowledge and confidence in the ability to perform CPR and use of an AED | - | - | P | Partner in FY18 | - | - | 1 1 | | - | - | | - | - | 1 1 | in FY18 | 10% | 9% | 50% | 30% | | | | |
| | | Teachers/staff at target schools that receive training on severe allergies, anaphylaxis, and EpiPen usage | - | - | | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | 15% | 10% | • | 30% | Training to be completed in the second half of the school year. | | | |
| | Campbell Union School District | Students served | 2,051 | 2,380 | • | | 4,102 | 4,512 | • | | 2,060 | 2,073 | • | 3,924 | 3,942 | • | | 2,060 | 1,883 | • | 4,560 | | | | |
| | School Nurse Program FY18 Requested: \$225,000 | Uninsured students who have applied for healthcare insurance | 30% | 46% | • | | 65% | 73% | • | | 35% | 38% | • | 70% | 64% | • | | 35% | 61% | • | 70% | | | | |
| | FY18 Approved: \$ 225,000 FY17 Approved: \$215,000 | Students with a failed health screening who saw a healthcare provider | 20% | 18% | • | 100% | 70% | 76% | • | 80% | 20% | 45% | 100% | 72% | 75% | • | 80% | 40% | 33% | 66% | 72% | | | | |
| HEALTHY BODY | FY17 Spent: \$215,000 FY16 Approved: \$225,000 FY16 Spent: \$225,000 | Students identified as needing urgent dental care through on-site screenings who saw a dentist | N/A | N/A | | | 80% | 81% | • | | N/A | N/A | | 80% | 68% | • | | N/A | N/A | | 60% | | | | |
| 7 98 2 | New Metrics: 1 of 5 | Rosemary and Lynhaven students who receive fluoride varnish during onsite screenings | - | - | | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | N/A | N/A | | 20% | | | | |
| Ψ | | Clients served in the program | 300 | 458 | • | | 300 | 458 | • | | 375 | 542 | • | 375 | 542 | • | | 420 | 520 | • | 520 | Program Coordinator expanded outreach and programming in multiple languages which has helped to retain clients from prior years. | | | |
| | Challenge Diabetes Program FY18 Requested: \$192,290 FY18 Approved: \$192,290 | Clients post-screened for HbA1c | N/A | N/A | | | 300 | 358 | • | | N/A | N/A | | 250 | 405 | • | | N/A | N/A | | 360 | | | | |
| | FY17 Approved: \$200,922 FY17 Spent: \$200,922 FY16 Approved: \$168,953 | Participants who experience at least a 0.10 percentage point decrease in HbA1c | - | - | | 100% | 0% | 00% | 10% | - | - | | 100% | - | - | 100% | - | - | | 100% | N/A | N/A | 100% | 25% | |
| | FY16 Spent: \$113,731 New Metrics: 4 of 6 | Participants who improve by at least 1-point on the self-efficacy scale | - | - | | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | N/A | N/A | | 30% | | | | |
| | | Participants who report at least 15 – 30 minutes of physical activity at least 4 – 5 times a week | - | - | Ш | | - | - | Ш | | - | - | | - | - | Ш | | N/A | N/A | | 75% | | | | |
| | | Participants who score at least 70% on survey about diabetes risk and prevention | - | - | | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | | N/A | N/A | | 68% | | | | |

- A metric receives a "green" dot if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| Health Priority Area | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target | FY16 6-month actual | FY16 ALL moi | 6- nth A | I | FY16 Annual Actual | FY16 % of ALL annual metrics me | 6-month | FY17 6-month actual | FY17 % 6- month metrics me | Annual | FY17 Annual Actual | FY17 Annu metrics | ıl 6-mon | h 6-month | FY18 • mo • metric | nth An | Y18 nual Supporting Details for Variance and Trending rget (Column Y) |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|--|
| | | | (Column D) | (Column E) | met (C | | olumn H) (| (Column I) | (Column K) | (Column L) | (Column M) | (Column O) | (Column P) | (Column Q) | (Colum | S) (Column | T) (Column U) | (Colun | n W) (Colu | ımn X) |
| | Cristo Rey Network FY18 Requested: \$32,076 FY18 Approved: \$10,000 | Students served | - | - | | | - | - | | 82 | 82 | • | 82 | 82 | • | 19 | 18 | • | | 25 |
| | FY17 Approved: \$27,402 FY17 Spent: \$26,102 FY16 Approved: N/A | Physical activity sessions provided | - | - | Partn FY: | er in | - | - | New Partne in FY17 | er 656 | 809 | 100% | 1,610 | 1,635 | • 1009 | 17 | 23 | • 100 |)% | 46 |
| | FY16 Spent: N/A New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Students who show improved Body Mass Index per scoring in the healthy range of 14-23 | - | - | | | - | - | | 50% | 53% | • | 70% | 73% | • | 26% | 56% | • | 3 | 5% |
| | Consulting Union Cab and District | Students served | 1,000 | 1,088 | • | : | 2,200 | 2,225 | • | 554 | 538 | • | 1,482 | 1,411 | • | 550 | 597 | • | 1, | Trending on this metric not applicable; school district requested changes in the schools served by grant to reflect the shifting needs. |
| | Cupertino Union School District FY18 Requested: \$72,481 FY18 Approved: \$72,481 | Students who failed a mandated health screening who saw a healthcare provider | 35% | 50% | • | | 80% | 77% | • | 40% | 71% | • | 75% | 84% | • | 60% | 67% | • | 8 | 22% |
| | FY17 Approved: \$68,997 FY17 Spent: \$68,997 FY16 Approved: \$103,233 FY16 Spent: \$103,233 | Kindergarteners identified as needing early intervention or urgent dental care through on-site screenings who saw a dentist | N/A | N/A | 100 | 1% | 55% | 81% | 100% | N/A | N/A | 100% | 75% | 86% | 1009 | N/A | N/A | 100 |)% 8 | 10% |
| | New metrics: 0 of 4 | Teachers/staff at target schools that receive training on severe allergies, anaphylaxis, and EpiPen usage | - | - | | | - | - | | 50% | 87% | • | 75% | 87% | • | 75% | 96% | • | 8 | Trainings occur during staff meetings; due to the hire of many new teachers, there were more staff meetings at the beginning of the year. Additionally, although the training is voluntary, more staff want to learn how to respond to students' needs. |
| | Gardner Family Health Networl FY18 Requested: 5214,140 FY18 Approved: \$185,000 FY17 Approved: \$185,000 | k Patients served | 600 | 86 | 25 | | 600 | 513 | 40% | 250 | 664 | 100% | 600 | 1,341 | 1009 | 500 | 956 | • | | This two-year old program struggled at the beginning but has continued to develop and refine programming. There is tremendous support for the program due to the epidemic diabetes burden among the population served. Redefined criteria for volume to include pre-diabetic patients, resulting in a higher than anticipated performance. |
| | FY17 Spent: \$180,000 FY16 Approved: \$160,600 FY16 Spent: \$149,229 | Services provided, including patient visits with a Registered Dietitian and/or Wellness Coordinator | 1,600 | 162 | • 23 | | 1,800 | 1,878 | • 40% | 750 | 995 | • 100% | 1,800 | 2,762 | • 100. | 700 | 1,030 | 100 | | 100 |
| | New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Patients demonstrating a reduction in body weight | N/A | N/A | | | 50% | 25% | • | 15% | 55% | • | 30% | 60% | • | 50% | 49% | • | 5 | 0% |
| | | Patients demonstrating a reduction in HbA1c levels | N/A | N/A | | | 50% | 25% | • | 15% | 51% | • | 30% | 47% | • | 45% | 71% | • | 4 | Program was able to retain patients from the prior year who successfully decreased their HbA1c levels. |
| | GoNoodle | Schools served | 184 | 184 | • | | 184 | 184 | • | 183 | 183 | • | 183 | 183 | • | 183 | 236 | • | 1 | Middle School teachers are now accessing GoNoodle along with the SCC |
| | FY18 Requested: \$110,000 FY18 Approved: \$ 110,000 | GoNoodle physical activity breaks played | 45,000 | 98,929 | • | 9 | 90,000 | 227,697 | • | 100,000 | 161,211 | • | 200,000 | 299,311 | • | 150,00 | 0 130,973 | • | 27 | County Office of Education. Target based on previous year when many new programs were released. Go |
| | FY17 Approved: \$110,000 FY17 Spent:\$110,000 FY16 Approved: \$74,000 FY16 Spent: \$74,000 New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Teachers who believe GoNoodle benefits their students' focus and attention in the classroom | N/A | N/A | 100 | + $+$ | 80% | 96% | 100% | N/A | N/A | 100% | 90% | 96% | 1009 | N/A | N/A | 50 | % 9 | Noodle expects to meet annual target. 2% |
| | | Teachers who agree that GoNoodle Plus physical activity breaks are a valuable resource in helping their students succeed in core subjects | N/A | N/A | | | 80% | 98% | • | N/A | N/A | | 90% | 90% | • | N/A | N/A | | 9 | 22% |
| | | Children screened (ages 6 months to 18 years old) | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 225 | 218 | • | 4 | 150 |
| | Healthier Kids Foundation DentalFirst Program FY18 Requested: \$20,000 FY18 Approved: \$20,000 New Metrics: N/A | Of those who received a referral, the percent that received dental treatment | - | - | Ne Partn FY: | er in | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | - - | - | New Partne in FY18 | - | - | New Pa in FY | l l | 74% | 100 | | At the midyear, about half of the dental cases are still open and case mangers are still working with the families. For dental, the cases that are the first to close are the cases in which the child received minor treatment quickly. At the end of the fiscal year, there will be a more representative depiction of what happened with all cases because the majority of cases will be closed at that time. |
| | | Individuals served | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 60 | 122 | • | 1 | Outreach efforts and referrals were more effective than anticipated. Forecasting was a challenge for this new program. |
| | Indian Health Center FY18 Requested: \$70,000 | Services provided | - | - | Ne | | - | - | New Partne | - | - | New Partne | - r | - | New Pa | 676 | 652 | • | | 510 |
| | FY18 Approved: \$70,000 New Metrics: N/A | Participants who decrease their BMI percentile | - | - | Partn FY: | | - | - | in FY18 | - | - | in FY18 | - | - | in FY | | 32% | 100 | | Staff worked to ensure patients were very engaged and motivated to make this change. |
| HEALTHY BODY | nea meach ny | Participants who are diagnosed with pre-diabetes or diabetes that decrease their HbA1c by at least 0.1 percentage points | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 30% | 83% | • | 7 | Nearly all of the patients in the program were able to lower their HbA1c but because the number of cohort participants was small the percentage achieved is quite large. |
| 488 485 | Medical Respite FY18 Requested: \$13,500 | Patients served | 70 | 71 | • | | 145 | 250 | • | 70 | 111 | • | 145 | 221 | • | 100 | 134 | • | 2 | Decreased length of stay freed up more beds for new admissions. |
| | FY18 Approved: \$13,500 FY17 Approved: \$13,500 FY17 Spent: \$13,500 FY16 Approved: \$13,500 | Program patients linked to Primary Care home | 92% | 93% | • 100 | % | 92% | 87% | 100% | 92% | 91% | • 100% | 92% | 90% | • 1009 | 92% | 90% | • 100 |)% 9 | 2% |
| | FY16 Spent: \$13,500 New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Hospital days avoided for total program | 250 | 260 | • | | 530 | 1,025 | • | 275 | 444 | • | 550 | 884 | • | 400 | 536 | • | 8 | Increase in the number of patients served resulted in more hospital days avoided. |
| | Playworks FY18 Requested: \$112,000 | Students served | 2,305 | 2,333 | • | | 2,305 | 2,325 | • | 2,710 | 2,690 | • | 2,710 | 2,690 | • | 2,326 | | • | - | 326 |
| | FY18 Approved: \$112,000 FY17 Approved: \$110,000 | School staff that report Playworks helps teach students cooperation and respect | - | - | 100 | | - | - | 100% | - | - | 1000/ | - | - | 1000 | N/A | N/A | 1 | - | 0% Organization developed new national metrics. |
| | FY17 Spent: \$110,000 FY16 Approved: \$105,000 FY16 Spent: \$105,000 | Teachers reporting that overall student engagement increased use of positive language, attentiveness and participation in class | - | - | 100 | 170 | - | - | 100% | - | - | 100% | - | - | 1009 | N/A | N/A | 100 | 7 | 75% |
| | New Metrics: 3 of 4 | Teachers/administrators reporting that Playworks positively impacts school alimate Community Benefit Dashboard No | tes | 1 | 1 1 | | I_ | I_ | <u> </u> | 1 | 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | 1 | 1 | N1/A | NI/A | ┧— | 9 | 0% |

- A metric receives a "green" dot if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| Health Priority Area (Column A) | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target (Column D) | FY16 6-month actual (Column E) | FY16 %of ALL 6- month metrics met (Column G) | FY16 Annual target (Column H) | FY16 Annual Actual (Column I) | • ALL a | ics met tar | onth 6-mo | onth | FY17 % 6- month metrics met (Column O) | FY17 Annual Target (Column P) | FY17 Annual Actual (Column Q) | FY17 % Annua metrics n | 6-month et target | FY18 6-month actual (Column U) | • | FY18 % 6- month metrics met (Column W) | FY18 Annual Target (Column X) | Supporting Details for Variance and Trending (Column Y) |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|------------------------|---------------------|--|------|---|--|--|------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | SCCOE: Early Head Start | Individuals served | 88 | 88 | • | 88 | 88 | • | 3 | 38 3 | 3 | | 38 | 38 | • | 33 | 33 | • | | 38 | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$278,037 FY18 Approved: \$40,000 FY17 Approved: \$40,000 | Services provided | 370 | 375 | • | 500 | 519 | • | 36 | 60 32 | 27 | | 564 | 564 | • | 327 | 341 | • | | 564 | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$40,000 FY16 Approved: \$80,724 FY16 Spent: \$69,956 | Children meeting the Child Health and Disabilities Prevention periodicity schedule on time as required by age | 80% | 78% | 100% | 95% | 97% | • 10 | 00% | 0% 80 | 0% | 75% | 95% | 95% | 100% | 80% | 80% | • | 100% | 95% | |
| | New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Children who are not up to date on recommended procedures who come under medical care | 50% | 54% | • | 90% | 91% | • | 50 | 0% 50 | 0% | | 90% | 100% | • | 50% | 50% | • | | 90% | |
| | Vision to Learn FY18 Requested: \$47,164 FY18 Approved: \$47,164 FY17 Approved: \$34,226 FY17 Spent: \$15,510 | Free eye exams provided | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | _ | Partner | 00 9 | 95 | 100% | 441 | 195 | 0% | 100 | 49 | • | 0% - | 616 | Agency has exceeded 6-month metrics for the District grant. For this grant, - screenings are scheduled in Campbell Union School District for winter/spring. |
| | FY16 Approved: N/A FY16 Spent: N/A New Metrics: 0 of 2 | Free eyeglasses provided | - | - | FY17 | - | - | ini | FY17 | 00 9 | 1 | | 353 | 180 | • | 80 | 43 | • | | 490 | Scheduling in-process for other school districts. |
| | AACI - Healthy IDEAS | Seniors screened for depression | 75 | 124 | • | 150 | 203 | • | 7 | 75 7 | 77 | | 150 | 158 | • | 75 | 80 | • | | 150 | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$40,000 FY18 Approved: \$40,000 FY17 Approved: \$50,000 | Participants who enroll in the Healthy IDEAS program | 20 | 38 | 100% | 40 | 71 | • | 30% | 20 3 | 6 • | 100% | 40 | 53 | 100% | 20 | 28 | • | 100% | 40 | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$50,000 FY16 Approved: \$50,000 FY16 Spent: \$50,000 | Healthy IDEAS services provided | 195 | 314 | • 100% | 390 | 470 | · | | 95 2! | 52 | 100% | 390 | 465 | • 100% | 195 | 178 | • | 100% | 390 | |
| _ | New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Participants who demonstrate at least a one-point decrease in score on Geriatric Depression Scale | N/A | N/A | | 85% | 74% | • | N, | /A N | /A | | 85% | 90% | • | 85% | 78% | • | | 85% | |
| | Almaden Valley Counseling Services FY18 Requested: \$73,755 | Students served | - | - | | - | - | | 10 | 00 13 | 26 | | 290 | 187 | • | 100 | 62 | • | | 270 | The program has focused on addressing the immediate needs of students in crisis, delaying the formation of group sessions. Agency expects to meet annual targets. |
| | FY18 Approved: \$46,000 FY17 Approved: \$43,457 | Counseling sessions provided | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | | Partner 60 FY17 | 00 7 | 56 | 100% | 2,030 | 2,711 | 75% | 600 | 550 | • | 50% | 2,100 | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$43,457 FY16 Approved: N/A FY16 Spent: N/A | Students who show an increase in at least 50% of the 7 relevant External Developmental Assets for their age group | - | - | FY17 | - | - | | | /A N | /A | | 70% | 90% | • | N/A | N/A | | | 80% | |
| | | Teachers of the elementary school youth who state that the child shows an improved attitude in school | - | - | | - | - | | N, | /A N | /A | | 70% | 90% | • | N/A | N/A | | | 80% | |
| | Alum Rock Counseling Center | Youth served | - | - | New | - | - | | | | - | | - | - | | 10 | 10 | • | | 10 | |
| | | Services provided | - | - | Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Part in FY18 | 1 203 | 203 280 | • | 100% | 628 | |
| | | Students who will report not drinking alcohol, smoking cigarettes, or using drugs in the previous 30 days | - | - | | - | - | | | | - | | - | - | | 75% | 100% | • | | 90% | |
| | | Youth served | - | - | | - | - | | | | - | | - | - | | 6 | 6 | • | | 12 | |
| | Bill Wilson Center FY18 Requested: \$25,000 FY18 Awarded: \$25,000 | Services provided | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | | Partner | - . | - | New Partner | - | - | New Part | | 81 | • | 100% | 140 | |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Clients who report demonstrating improvement in their coping skills | - | - | FY18 | - | - | ini | FY18 . | | - | in FY18 | - | - | in FY18 | 75% | 100% | • | | 75% | |
| | | Students served | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 40 | 55 | • | | 110 | |
| | Cambrian School District Mental Health Counseling Program | Services provided | - | - | New | - | - | New I | Partner | - | - | New Partner | - | - | New Part | 128 er | 95 | • | | 323 | Forming groups was challenging during first half of the year, which was the category of services lowering the total. Projections may have been too high for the first year of this grant program. However, the school district anticipates forming more group sessions during the second half of the year. |
| | FY18 Requested: \$103,685 FY18 Awarded: \$103,685 | Students who improved by at least 3 points from pre-test (at the beginning of counseling services) to post-test (prior to termination of services) on the Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire and Impact Assessment based on teacher report (for students age 10 and under) | - | - | Partner in FY18 | - | - | | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | in FY18 | - | - | in FY18 | | N/A | | 50% | 50% | |
| | | Students who improved by at least 3 points from pre-test (at the beginning of counseling services) to post-test (prior to termination of services) on the Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire and Impact Assessment based on self-report (for students age 11-17) | - | - | | - | - | | | <u>. </u> | - | | - | - | | N/A | N/A | | | 50% | |

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 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| Health Priority Area | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target (Column D) | FY16 6-month actual (Column E) | FY16 %of ALL 6- month metrics met (Column G) | FY16 Annual target (Column H) | FY16 Annual Actual (Column I) | • AL | etrics met | FY17 6-month target (Column L) | FY17 6-month actual (Column M) | FY17 % 6- month metrics met (Column O) | | FY17 Annual Actual (Column Q) | FY17 % Annual metrics me (Column S) | FY18 6-month t target (Column T) | FY18 6-month actual (Column U) | FY18 9 mont | th Annual met Target | Supporting Details for Variance and Trending (Column Y) | | |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|------|----------------------|---|---|---|-------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------|-------------------------|---|-----|--|
| | Child Advocates of Silicon Valley | Foster children served | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 107 | 157 | • | 137 | The number of foster children aged 11 - 18 needing services was higher than anticipated. | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$25,000 | New volunteer Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASAs) | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | | w Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne | r 35 | 54 | 1009 | % 76 | Agency recruited a higher number of Advocates from one of the Fall trainings than anticipated. | | |
| | New Metrics: N/A | CASA high school seniors who earn their diploma or equivalent | - | - | FY18 | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | N/A | N/A | | 80% | | | |
| | | Students served | 80 | 93 | • | 170 | 133 | • | | 80 | 73 | • | 170 | 143 | • | 92 | 88 | • | 2,000 | | | |
| HEALTHY MIND | | Services provided | 750 | 780 | • | 2,300 | 2,282 | • | | 750 | 832 | • | 2,300 | 2,176 | • | - | - | | - | Between FY17 and FY18, school mental health programs transitioned to a consistent measure of services by hours. | | |
| | Cupertino Union School District FY18 Requested: \$123,000 | Service hours provided | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 751 | 1,371 | • | 2,000 | This is a new, shared metric with other school-based mental health programs making it difficult to forecast. For example, program provided more case management hours than anticipated. | | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$105,000 FY16 Approved: \$100,000 | Students who improved by at least 3 points from pre-test (at the beginning of counseling services) to post-test (prior to termination of services) on the Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire and Impact Assessment based on teacher report (for students age 10 and under) | - | - | 100% | - | - | | 75% | - | - | 100% | - | - | 50% | N/A | N/A N/A | 100% | 50% | | | |
| | New Metrics: 1 of 5 | Students who improved by at least 3 points from pre-test (at the beginning of counseling services) to post-test (prior to termination of services) on the Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire and Impact Assessment based on self-report (for students age 11-17) | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | • | - | - | | N/A | N/A | | 50% | | | |
| | | Students who improve on treatment plan goals by 20% in 6 months and 50% by the end of the school year as measured by counselor report | 60% | 59% | • | 90% | 85% | • | | 60% | 63% | | 90% | 73% | • | 60% | 66% | • | 90% | | | |
| | Hope Services | Individuals served | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 6 | 6 | • | 22 | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$37,739 FY18 Approved: \$25,000 | Services provided | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | | w Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | r 40 | 39 | • 66% | 6 175 | | | |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Counselees who report a 15% improvement in quantity and quality of sleep after at least 6 sessions. | - | - | FY18 | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 25% | 16% | • | 40% | | | |
| | Momentum for Mental Health FY18 Requested: \$26,000 FY18 Approved: \$26,000 FY17 Approved: \$26,000 FY17 Spent: \$26,000 FY16 Approved: \$26,000 FY16 Spent: \$26,000 New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Patients served | 16 | 15 | • | 22 | 23 | • | | 16 | 17 | • | 22 | 22 | • | 16 | 23 | • | 22 | There were more patients with greater need than anticipated. Majority of these are continuing from previous year. | | |
| | | Services provided | 90 | 97 | 100% | 180 | 190 | • | 100% | 90 | 191 | 100% | 180 | 331 | 100% | 90 | 349 | 1009 | 180 | Greater number of clients in crisis. Counseling sessions needed to be extended and more patients required more services. | | |
| | | Patients who avoid psychiatric hospitalization for 12 months after admission after beginning services with Momentum | 90% | 100% | • | 90% | 100% | • | | 95% | 100% | • | 95% | 100% | • | 97% | 100% | • | 97% | | | |
| | Peninsula HealthCare Connection FY18 Requested: \$90,000 | Patients served | 75 | 121 | • | 150 | 367 | 1 | | 85 | 103 | • | 170 | 325 | • | 100 | 95 | • | 200 | | | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$90,000 | Visits including psychiatry, therapy, and case management | 260 | 321 | 100% | 520 | 581 | | 100% | 275 | 281 | 100% | 550 | 532 | 100% | 322 | 293 | 1009 | 645 | | | |
| | | Actively managed patients who obtain permanent housing | 6 | 9 | • | 12 | 13 | • | | 6 | 8 | • | 12 | 11 | • | 7 | 7 | • | 14 | | | |
| | New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Psychiatric patients not hospitalized in a 12 month period | 85% | 89% | • | 85% | 87% | • | | 85% | 97% | • | 85% | 91% | • | 85% | 87% | • | 85% | | | |
| HEALTHY MIND | | Students served with individual and/or group counseling and classroom presentations | 900 | 1,224 | • | 2,415 | 2,621 | • | | 1,200 | 1,034 | • | 3,000 | 2,745 | • | 1,125 | 1,064 | • | 2,900 | | | |
| £ | | Service hours provided | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,040 | 1,040 960 | • | 2,290 | | | |
| | Uplift (formerly EMQ) | Services provided | 1,100 | 990 | • | 2,975 | 3,121 | • | | 1,500 | 1,231 | • | 3,500 | 3,211 | • | - | - | | - | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$230,000 | Youth participating in classroom presentations who show an increase in knowledge which may improve behaviors related to high risk activities | - | - | 100% | - | - | | 100% | 85% | 87% | 609/ | 85% | 86% | 1 | 85% | 77% | 1009 | 85% | | | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$230,000 FY16 Approved: \$150,000 | Parents/caregivers who show an increase in knowledge of the topics presented and a better understanding of how to access services for youth | 95% | 95% | | 95% | | 95% | 95% | • | 100% | 95% | 95% | 60% | 95% | 96% | 100% | 95% | 95% | 1009 | 95% | |
| | FY16 Spent: \$150,000 New Metrics: 5 of 8 | Students who reduce high risk behaviors by at least 25% | - | - | | | | - | - | Ш | | - | - | | - | - | | 5% | 90% | • | 65% | |
| | | Students who decrease exposure to violence by at least 25% | - | - | | - | - | Ш | | - | - | | - | - | | 5% | 100% | • | 65% | | | |
| | | Students who increase their use of coping skills for trauma, depression, anxiety and/or anger by at least 25% | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 18% | 92% | • | 75% | | | |
| | | Students who decrease their suicidal thoughts and feelings by at least 25% | - | - | | - | - | | | - | - | | - | - | | 18% | 100% | • | 75% | | | |

- A metric receives a "green" dot if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| | | | | | | | | - | | | | 1 1 | | | 1 1 | - | | | 1 1 | | | T | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|---|---|---|-----|---|--|--|-------|----|---|--|----|---|
| Health Priority Area (Column A) | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target (Column D) | FY16 6-month actual (Column E) | FY16 9 ALL mon metr met (Co | th Ani ics tar | nual rget | FY16 Annual Actual Column I) | FY16 % ALL and metrics (Column | nual 6-mont met target | actual | FY17 % 0 month metrics n (Column C | Annual net Target | Actual | • | FY17 % Annual metrics met (Column S) | FY18 6-month target (Column T) | FY18 6-month actual (Column U) | | FY18 % 6- month metrics met (Column W) | FY18 Annual Target (Column X) | Supporting Details for Variance and Trending (Column Y) | | | | | | |
| | Cancer CAREpoint FY18 Requested: \$25,310 FY18 Approved: \$22,000 FY17 Approved: \$20,000 | Individuals served | - | - | | | - | - | | 50 | 151 | • | 130 | 419 | • | | 150 | 152 | • | | 400 | | | | | | | |
| | FY17 Spent: \$20,000 FY16 Approved: N/A FY16 Spent: N/A FY16 Approved: N/A | Nutrition class services provided | - | - | Partne FY1 | r in | - | - | New Par | | 465 | • 100% | 900 | 1,380 | • | 100% | 648 | 644 | • | 100% | 1,296 | | | | | | | |
| | FY16 Spent: N/A New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Participants who report at least a moderate increase in understanding how nutrition may affect cancer treatments and medications | - | - | | | - | - | | 50% | 94% | • | 50% | 91% | • | | 90% | 93% | • | | 90% | | | | | | | |
| | Chinese Health Initiative FY 18 Requested: \$30,000 | Individuals served | 60 | 80 | • | 1 | 125 | 216 | • | 60 | 65 | • | 125 | 145 | • | | 75 | 80 | • | | 150 | | | | | | | |
| | FY18 Approved: \$30,000 FY17 Approved: \$30,000 FY17 Spent: \$30,000 FY16 Approved: \$30,000 | Services provided | 125 | 100 | 679 | 2 | 250 | 272 | 1009 | % 125 | 120 | 100% | 250 | 315 | • | 100% | 150 | 135 | • | 100% | 300 | | | | | | | |
| | FY16 Spent: \$30,000 New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Participants who strongly agree or agree that the program's health education or screening helps them better manage their health | N/A | N/A | | 85 | 5% | 96% | • | N/A | N/A | | 85% | 86% | • | | N/A | N/A | | | 90% | | | | | | | |
| HEALTHY COMMUNITY | Health Library Resource Center | Individuals served | 700 | 762 | • | 1,4 | 400 | 1,363 | • | 702 | 664 | • | 1,404 | 1,270 | • | | 708 | 680 | • | | 1,416 | | | | | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$69,702 FY18 Approved: \$69,702 FY17 Approved: \$63,672 FY17 Spent: \$63,672 FY16 Approved: \$63,672 FY16 Spent: \$63,672 | Individuals who strongly agree or agree that eldercare referrals appropriate to their needs | N/A | N/A | 100% | % 95 | 5% | 100% | 100% | % N/A | N/A | 100% | 96% | 87% | • | 100% | N/A | N/A | | 100% | 95% | | | | | | | |
| | New Metrics: 1 of 3 | Community members who strongly agree or agree that eldercare referrals are appropriate to my needs | - | - | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | N/A | N/A | | | 95% | | | | | | | |
| | Latinas Contra Cancer | Community members educated about breast cancer, screening and prevention | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | 60 | 37 | • | | 150 | Agency experienced scheduling challenges but expects to meet annual target. | | | | | | |
| | FY18 Requested: \$44,638 FY18 Approved: \$44,000 | Participants who receive a Clinical Breast Exam | - | - | | r in | - | - | New Par in FY1 | | - | New Parti | | | | New Partner in FY18 | 13% | 88% | • | 66% | 80% | | | | | | | |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Participants who receive a mammogram | - | - | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | | 13% | 60% | • | | 80% | | | | | | | |
| | Next Door Solutions | Adults served through the Comprehensive Services For Victims of Domestic Violence Program | - | - | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | Ш | | 77 | 126 | • | | 154 | Program saw significant increase in demand for walk-in crisis counseling, particularly legal services. The continuing rise in cost of housing has also | | | | | | |
| | FY 18 Requested: \$75,000 FY18 Approved: \$75,000 | Adults served through the FY16 Support Group and Crisis Support Program | 700 | 1,215 | • | 1,3 | 300 | 1,988 | • | 170 | 191 | 1 | 340 | 344 | • | _ | - | - | | - | - | influenced more people coming for services. | | | | | | |
| | FY17 Approved: \$75,000 FY17 Spent: \$75,000 | Services provided | - | - | 809 | 67% | 80% | 0% - | | - | 1009 | % 833 | 779 | • | 1,665 | 1,623 | • | 100% | 564 | 819 | • | 100% | 1,133 | | | | | |
| | FY16 Approved: \$50,000 FY16 Spent: \$50,000 | Surveyed participants who report that they have gained at least one strategy to increase their safety or their children's safety | 67% | 98% | • | | 67% | 97% | • | 65% | 95% | • 100% | 65% | 92% | • | | 80% | 93% | • | | 80% | | | | | | | |
| | New Metrics: 1 of 4 | Clients newly engaged in Self-Sufficiency Case Management who will complete a risk assessment, safety planning, and a self-sufficiency action plan | - | - | | | - | - | | 50% | 50% | • | 50% | 56% | • | | 50% | 48% | • | | 50% | | | | | | | |
| | | Community members reached through Promotores outreach program | - | - | | | - | - | | 1,500 | 3,468 | • | 3,000 | 5,754 | • | | 1,000 | 1,414 | • | | 2,500 | | | | | | | |
| | Company) FY18 Requested: \$207,288 | Pre-diabetes outreach events | - | - | | | - | - | | 50 | 119 | • | 185 | 211 | • | | 75 | 106 | • | | 136 | | | | | | | |
| | FY18 Approved: \$150,000 | CDC Risk-Assessments Administered | - | - 1 | - 1 | New _ | - | - | New Par | rtner 900 | 2,993 | 679/ | 3,000 | 4,535 | • | 1000/ | 800 | 1,134 | • | 1000/ | 2,000 | | | | | | | |
| | FY17 Approved: \$204,596 FY17 Spent: \$204,596 FY16 Approved: N/A FY16 Spent: N/A | Text messages delivered | - | - | Partne FY1 | - 1 | - | - | in FY1 | | - | 67% | - | - | | 100% | 1,000 | 9,717 | • | 100% | 3,500 | A portion of these text messages are instructional for interactive responses on behavior change. | | | | | | |
| | New Metrics: 1 of 5 | Impressions through culturally relevant radio ads | - | - | | | - | - | | 195,60 | 92,000 | • | 391,200 | 460,000 | • | | 359,000 | 338,200 | • | | | | | | | | | |
| | Racing Hearts FY18 Requested: \$25,000 FY18 Approved: \$25,000 | School Districts served | - | - | | New Partner in - FY17 | - | - | - | - | _ | _ | - | - | | 5 | 11 | • | 10 | 10 13 | • | | 31 | 31 | • | | 31 | The County Sheriff program, which deploys AEDs in Sheriff vehicles, was |
| | FY17 Approved: \$25,000 FY17 Spent: \$25,000 FY16 Approved: N/A | AEDs placed | - | - | Partne | | - | - | New Par | 1 100 | 214 | • 100% | 200 | 373 | • | 100% | 100 | 186 | • | 100% | 200 | completed in the first half of the grant year. | | | | | | |
| | FY16 Spent: N/A New Metrics: 0 of 3 | Teachers and/or staff who attend an AED orientation will report knowing 3+ steps to do when an AED is needed. | - | - | | | - | - | | 60% | 92% | • | 80% | 94% | • | | 85% | 88% | • | | 85% | | | | | | | |

- A metric receives a "green" dot if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year



| th Priority Area (Column A) | Partner (Column B) | Metrics (Column C) | FY16 6-month target (Column D) | FY16 6-month actual (Column E) | FY16 % of ALL 6- month metrics met (Column G) | FY16 Annual target (Column H) | FY16 Annual Actual (Column I) | FY16 % of ALL annual metrics me (Column K) | 6-month t target | FY17 6-month actual (Column M) | FY17 % 6- month metrics met (Column O) | | FY17 Annual Actual (Column Q) | FY17 % Annual metrics me (Column S) | FY18 6-month t target (Column T) | FY18 6-month actual (Column U) | FY18 mo metric | nth Ann | ual Supporting Details for Variance and Trending get (Column Y) |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---|-------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|---------|---|
| EALTHY MMUNITY | Second Harvest Food Bank | Nutrition education services provided to individuals | - | - | New | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 3,600 | 9,511 | • | 7,2 | Agency recruited more Health Ambassadors who were able to deliver services at a greater number of sites than projected. |
| \bigotimes | FY18 Requested: \$40,000 FY18 Approved: \$40,000 | Clients who report that half of each meal should include fresh fruits and vegetables | - | - | Partner in | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | er - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | N/A | N/A | 10 | 0% 30 | % |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Clients who report that their family eats more fruits and vegetables through participation in the program | - | - | FY18 | - | - | 1 | - | - | | - | - | | N/A | N/A | | 70 | % |
| | Silicon Valley Bicycle Coalition | Individuals served | - | - | New | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 100 | 30 | • | 30 | Hiring delay for key staff role to execute this program caused a delay in s of services. The program has strong momentum now with many rides an |
| | | Services provided | - | - | Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | er - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne in FY18 | 165 | 39 | • 0 | % 50 | workshops scheduled during winter/spring - 8 already conducted as of n Pebruary. Expect to meet year-end targets. |
| | New Metrics: N/A | Participants who report riding 6-10 times per year | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | - | | | 5% | N/A | | 20 | % Program delay meant post- surveys did not occur. |
| | | Individuals served | 625 | 680 | • | 1,250 | 2,250 | | 625 | 657 | • | 1,250 | 1,356 | • | 208 | 222 | • | 38 | 33 |
| | South Asian Heart Center FY18 Requested: \$360,000 | Services provided Services provided | 2,500 | 2,610 | • | 7,000 | 6,475 | | 2,750 | 2,607 | • | 7,500 | 6,468 | • | 814 | 888 | • | 2,0 | 44 |
| | FY18 Approved: \$240,000 FY17 Approved: \$360,000 | Improvement in average level of weekly physical activity from baseline | - | - | 1000/ | - | - | 100% | 14% | 18% | 1000/ | 16% | 17% | • 020/ | 19% | 21% | 10 | 20 | % |
| | FY17 Spent: \$360,000 FY16 Approved: \$400,000 | Improvement in average levels of daily servings of vegetables from baseline | - | - | 100% | 100% | - | 100% | 11% | 18% | 100% | 13% | 14% | 83% | 18% | 20% | 10 | 20 | % |
| | FY16 Spent: \$400,000 | Improvement in levels of HDL-C as measured by follow-up lab test | - | - | П | - | - | | 3% | 5% | • | 4% | 4% | • | 4% | 5% | • | 55 | % |
| | New Metrics. 0 01 6 | Improvement in cholesterol ratio as measured by follow-up lab test | - | - | Н | - | - | 1 | 5% | 6% | • | 6% | 6% | • | 7% | 7% | • | 75 | % |
| | Teen Success, Inc. FY18 Requested: \$20,000 FY18 Approved: \$20,000 New Metrics: N/A | Individuals served | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 10 | 10 | • | 10 | 0 |
| | | Services provided to teen mothers | - | - | New Partner in | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne | er 80 | 74 | • 10 | 0% 16 | 50 |
| | | Individuals who are enrolled in school and working towards graduation or receive their high school diploma or GED | - | - | FY18 | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 95% | 92% | • | 95 | % |
| | Valley Verde FY18 Requested: \$35,000 FY18 Approved: \$35,000 New Metrics: N/A | Individuals/households served | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 81/18 | 82/17 | • | 216 | /48 |
| | | Services provided Services provided | - | - | | - | - | 1 | | - | | - | - | | 48 | 46 | • | 13 | 12 |
| | | Participants reporting increased food security for themselves and their children by at least on level on the USDA range, as measured by pre- and post-participation surveys | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne | er - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - | - | New Partne | 80% | 84% | • 10 | 0% 80 | % |
| | | Participants reporting an increase in their knowledge of nutrition and healthy cooking, as measured by pre- and post-participation surveys and final focus group | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 80% | 84% | • | 8 | 0 |
| - | West Valley Community Services - CARE | Households served | 60 | 66 | • | 120 | 125 | | 60 | 66 | • | 120 | 128 | • | 63 | 63 | • | 12 | 12 |
| | FY18 Requested: \$150,000 FY18 Approved: \$150,000 FY17 Approved: \$150,000 | Households that receive intensive Case Management services | 40 | 41 | • | 80% | 61 | | 30 | 30 | 100% | 60 | 63 | • | 30 | 30 | • | 6 | 0 |
| | FY17 Spent: \$150,000 FY16 Approved: \$150,000 | Case managed clients who increased in 3 of the 18 domains measured by Self Sufficiency Index | N/A | N/A | 80% | | 80% | 100% | N/A | N/A | | 80% | 80% | 100% | N/A | N/A | 10 | 0% 80 | % |
| | FY16 Spent: \$150,000 New Metrics: 0 of 4 | Program participants who will improve 1 point in the health domain through supportive services | - | - | | - | - | - | N/A | N/A | | 60% | 80% | • | N/A | N/A | | 80 | % |
| | West Valley Community Services - CARE Senior Services FY18 Requested: \$25,000 | Individuals served | 10 | 10 | • | 20 | 25 | | 10 | 10 | • | 22 | 22 | • | 10 | 10 | • | 2 | 2 |
| | FY18 Approved: \$25,000 FY17 Approved: \$25,000 FY17 Spent: \$25,000 | Encounters provided | 120 | 128 | 100% | 240 | 250 | 100% | 120 | 130 | 100% | 240 | 278 | 100% | 125 | 130 | 10 | 0% | 15 |
| | New Metrics: 1 of 3 | Case managed clients who increased in 3 of the 18 domains measured by Self Sufficiency Index | - | - | | - | - | 1 | - | - | | - | - | \dashv | N/A | N/A | \Box | 9 | 0 |
| | YWCA Silicon Valley FY18 Requested: \$25,000 FY18 Approved: \$20,000 New Metrics: N/A | Individuals served | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | | 4 | 13 | • | 1 | Adding facilitators for Chinese and Vietnamese clients increased number served. |
| | | Services provided | - | - | New | - | - | New Partner in FY18 | - er | - | New Partne | | - | New Partne | 40 | 32 | 66 | 10 | 00 |
| | | Individuals completing the program | - | - | Partner in FY18 | - | - | | - | - | in FY18 | - | - | in FY18 | 60% | 93% | • | 60 | Program design was revised to offer services in multiple languages decrease the number of weeks in the cohort and meet more frequently and with smaller groups. These changes serve to increa the number of individuals completing the program. |

- A metric receives a "green" dot if the target was met, exceeded or within 10% of the target goal
 A metric receives a "red" dot if the target was not met by an excess of 10% of the target goal
- N/A There are some 6-month metric targets with "N/A" because the client/patient has not had significant exposure to the intervention in order to accurately evaluate effectiveness or because activities or surveys are not scheduled until the second half of the year

ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

| Item: | Approval of Resolution 2018-04 Required by Premier, Inc. Listing the CEO and CFO as Authorized Individuals to Sell Stock | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | El Camino Hospital Board of Directors | | | | | | | |
| | March 14, 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Responsible party: | Iftikhar Hussain, CFO | | | | | | | |
| Action requested: | Approval | | | | | | | |
| Background: | | | | | | | | |
| sale with a value of \$4.2 mill Premier. The value of the st that ECH is only a passive inv investment to be moved into | El Camino Hospital own 238,000 shares of Premier, Inc. stock. 130,000 shares are eligible for sale with a value of \$4.2 million. The sale does not change the vendor relationship with Premier. The value of the stock has been trending favorably compared to history and given that ECH is only a passive investor it seems prudent to sell at this time. The sale allows the investment to be moved into the surplus cash pool where our investments are managed with the oversight of the Investment Committee. Board Advisory Committees that reviewed the issue and recommendation, if any: | | | | | | | |
| Board Advisory Committees | | | | | | | | |
| - | This document will be updated with the Investment Committee's recommendation following consideration of this matter at its upcoming meeting on March 12, 2018. Proposed Board Motion: To approve Resolution 2018-04 | | | | | | | |
| Proposed Board Motion: To | | | | | | | | |
| LIST OF ATTACHMENTS: | LIST OF ATTACHMENTS: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Draft Resolution 2018 | 1. Draft Resolution 2018-04 | | | | | | | |



Draft

Resolution Granting Authority to Sell Securities

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL RESOLUTION 2018-04

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EL CAMINO HOSPITAL GRANTING AUTHORITY TO SELL SECURITIES.

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors ("Board") of El Camino Hospital ("Hospital") has determined it is in the best interest of the Hospital to authorize certain officers to transfer, convert, sell and assign any securities in the name of the Hospital; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital or the Chief Financial Officer of the Hospital be and they hereby are each, separately, authorized to transfer, convert, sell and assign any securities in the name of the Hospital; be it further

RESOLVED, that the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital or the Chief Financial Officer of the Hospital be, and hereby are, authorized and empowered to execute, sign and deliver assignments or any other required instruments for any securities standing in the name of the Hospital by affixing thereto the name of the Hospital and the individual signature of such officer.

| Duly passed and adopted at a regular meeting held following votes: | d on this day of | , 2018, by the |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| AYES: | | |
| NOES: | | |
| ABSENT: | | |
| ABSTAIN: | | |
| | | |
| Julia E. Miller Secretary, ECH Poord of Directors | | |
| Secretary, ECH Board of Directors | | |

ECH BOARD MEETING AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

| Item: | Medical Staff Report – Open Session | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | El Camino Hospital Board of Directors | | |
| | March 14, 2018 | | |
| Responsible party: | Rebecca Fazilat, MD, Chief of Staff Mountain View | | |
| | J. Augusto Bastidas, MD, Chief of Staff, Los Gatos | | |
| Action requested: | Approval | | |
| Background: | | | |
| The Medical Executive Commit reports: | tee met on February 22, 2018. We received the following | | |
| 1. The Manager of Palliati | ve Care reported on the development and testing of a Trigge | | |
| Tool for Palliative Care which prescribes criteria for Palliative Care referral. | | | |
| 2. Director of Medical Staff Report | | | |
| a. Development of clear processes related to LOA's is underway. | | | |
| b. Quarterly New PracUpdates have been | titioner Orientation Program and Ongoing Medical Staff instituted. | | |
| Medical Staff Bylaws Committee meeting scheduled for March 1st to review revisions needed to create a Credentials Committee. | | | |
| CNO Report – Review o surgery. | f processes for reviewing consent and equipment prior to | | |
| 5. Medical Staff Officer Elections are coming up. We approved the following: | | | |
| Patient Care Policies, Protocols, ADT's (aka Scope of Services), and Plans. | | | |
| Board Advisory Committee(s) | that reviewed the issue and recommendation, if any: None | | |
| Summary and session objective | res: To obtain approval of the Medical Staff Report. | | |
| Proposed Board motion: To a | oprove the Medical Staff Report. | | |
| LIST OF ATTACHMENTS: | | | |

1. Patient Care Policy Summary and Policies, ADTs (aka Scope of Services), and Plans



SUMMARY OF POLICIES/PLANS/SCOPE FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL - BOARD

Feb-18

| | XII:XXI | Feb-18 | CEDIDEC |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | NEW | POLICIES/PRO Type of | CEDUKES |
| Document Name | Department | Document | Summary of Document Changes |
| Document Hame | | NTS WITH MAJ | · |
| | | Type of | OK 112 1 10 20 1 10 |
| Document Name | Department | Document | Summary of Policy Changes |
| Compliance with Emergency Medical | Department | Document | Summary of 1 oney changes |
| Treatment and Active Labor Act | | | Policy rewritten to make it easier to read and updated with current site |
| (EMTALA) | Administrative | Policy | locations |
| | | | |
| | DOCUME | NTS WITH MIN | OR REVISIONS |
| | | Type of | |
| Document Name | Department | Document | Summary of Policy Changes |
| NICU: Admission, Discharge and Transfer Criteria (ADT) LG Only | NICU LG | ADT | Combined ADT Admission and ADT Discharge, minor changes to the procedure |
| Infection Control Plan | Infection Control | Plan | Yearly updates, attached the Infection Control Plan Evalulation Annual Report FY 2017 |
| Admission, Discharge, Transfer (ADT) ICU LG | ICU | ADT | Revised Statement and Procedure |
| Admission, Discharge, Transfer (ADT) Short Stay Nursing Unit | Short Stay | ADT | Revised Statement and Procedure |
| Admission, Discharge, Transfer (ADT) PACU | PACU | ADT | Revised Discharge Criteria |
| | | | |
| | DOCUM | ENTS WITH NO | REVISIONS |
| Document Name | Department | Type of Document | No Revisions |
| | | | |
| | DOCUMEN | TS FOR INFOR | MATION ONLY |
| | DOCOME | Type of | THE STATE OF THE S |
| Document Name | Department | Document | Summary of Policy Changes |
| | | | 1 |



| - | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| TYPE: | ✓ Policy ☐ Protocol ☐ Practice Guideline ☐ Standardized ☐ Procedure ☐ Plan ☐ Scope of Service/ADT Procedure | | | |
| SUB-CATEGORY: | Patient Care Services | | | |
| OFFICE OF ORIGIN: | Emergency Department | | | |
| ORIGINAL DATE: | | | | |
| | | | | |

I. COVERAGE:

All El Camino Hospital Employees and Medical Staff

II. PURPOSE:

Provide guidance to ECH staff and physician on obligations under the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act (EMTALA).

III. POLICY STATEMENT:

It is the policy of El Camino Hospital to comply with state and federal laws regarding EMTALA in accordance with the policy below. ECH will provide emergency services and care without regard to an individual's race, color, ethnicity, religion, ancestry, national origin, citizenship, age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation (including gender orientation), preexisting medical condition, physical or mental disability, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical services or any other category protected by law, except to the extent that a circumstance such as age, sex, preexisting medical disability, or physical or mental handicap is medically significant to the provision of appropriate medical care to the patient.

IV. DEFINITIONS

Full glossary of terms used in this policy is found in Appendix A.

V. APPLICABILITY

- A. This policy applies to anyone who requests evaluation for an Emergency Medical Condition (EMC-see Appendix A for definition) who presents to the Emergency Department, OB Emergency Department (OBED) or the Labor and Delivery units on campus.
- B. Individuals requesting or in need of evaluation and treatment for a potential EMC who present in areas on hospital property other than the ED and L&D units are governed by *Administrative policy: EMTALA-Providing Emergency Services to Individuals outside the Emergency Department*.
- C. This policy does not apply to inpatients or outpatients receiving treatment in the hospital or clinic. If an emergency medical condition develops during an outpatient encounter,



appropriate policies should be followed which may include referring the patient to the nearest Emergency Department.

D. This EMTALA policy does not apply when the Secretary of HHS declares a public health emergency and the hospital has received a waiver of EMTALA requirements for the area in which the Hospital is located. The waiver of the Hospital's EMTALA requirements applies only for the period during which the waiver is in effect. Refer to procedure: *EM - Surge Plan - 03.07 Alt Care Sites - 1135 Waiver* for more information.

VI. PROCEDURE: EMTALA REQUIREMENTS

A. Screening Requirements:

- 1. All individuals who come to the ED, OB ED or L&D unit requesting or in need of examination or treatment of a medical condition shall receive an appropriate medical screening examination (MSE). An MSE is provided without discrimination to the individual and is the same provided to any individual coming to the ED/OBED/L&D unit with similar signs and symptoms. The hospital shall not delay in providing the MSE or necessary stabilizing treatment in order to inquire about an individual's method of payment or insurance status.
- 2. A MSE is performed by a physician or a qualified medical professional, as defined in the Medical Staff bylaws, rules and regulations, as a credentialed MD, DO, certified nurse midwife, Emergency Department physician assistants under appropriate supervision and within scope of practice, or, in the case of a patient presenting with pregnancy and/or signs and symptoms of labor, RNs who have demonstrated current competency (per hospital policy) in assessing the laboring patient.
 - 3. A MSE is performed to determine within reasonable clinical confidence, whether an EMC exists. The scope of the examination must be tailored to the presenting complaint and the medical history of the patient.
- 4. The MSE includes the provision of all services available within the capabilities of the Hospital, which, in the judgment of the ED physician or other treating Physician or qualified medical professional are necessary to screen and/or stabilize an individual with an EMC. The process may range from simple examination such as brief H&P to complex examination that may include lab tests, diagnostic imaging and the use of on call specialty Physicians. If the physician or qualified medical professional determines that the patient requires the services of an on call physician, the on call physician shall be contacted. Documentation to support the process and evaluation taken as part of the MSE shall be appropriately documented in the EHR.



B. Registration

- 1. The hospital shall not delay in providing a MSE or necessary stabilizing treatment in order to inquire about an individual's method of payment or insurance status. Requests for any payment or payor authorization are not to be made prior to the MSE and initiation of any stabilizing treatment.
- 2. If a patient asks whether the hospital accepts their health plan or raises other financial matters, staff may answer the patient's inquiry. However, staff should reaffirm (and so document) the offer to provide a MSE and take reasonable steps to encourage the patient to remain for the examination. If after this discussion a patient is unwilling to proceed with the MSE for any reason, the patient's refusal to be examined should be documented in the medical record and the *EMTALA-Refusal of Medical Screening* policy should be followed.

C. Patients Who Do Not Have an EMC or Whose Condition Has Been Stabilized

Once the MSE is completed and there is a determination the patient does <u>not</u> have an EMC or the EMC has been stabilized, the patient, in accordance with applicable policies governing the situations below, may be:

- 1. Treated:
- 2. Discharged so long as the patient has reached a point clinically where further care is not needed or may be reasonably performed on an outpatient basis or later scheduled on an inpatient basis and the patient is given a reasonable plan for appropriate follow up care and discharge instructions; or
- 3. Transferred for continued care.

D. Patients Who Have An EMC

- 1. When a Physician or Qualified Medical Professional determines that the patient has an EMC, the Hospital shall:
 - a) Within the capability of the staff and facilities, stabilize the patient's condition to the point where the EMC is stabilized (see Paragraph C above for further treatment, discharge or transfer); or
 - b) Admit the patient as an inpatient, or if the hospital does not have the capability to stabilize the EMC, provide for an appropriate transfer of the unstabilized patient to another medical facility pursuant to Section E below.

E. Transfer of Patients with Unstabilized EMC



- 1. Eligibility for Patient Transfer. The hospital may not transfer a patient with an unstabilized EMC except under the following circumstances:
 - a. The patient or surrogate requests the transfer after being informed of the hospital's obligations and the risks of transfer. The request must be in writing and indicate the reasons for the request as well as indicate that he/she is aware of the risks and benefits of the transfer.
 - b. With physician certification documenting that the medical benefits expected from transfer outweigh the risks.
 - c. Complete documentation regarding the transfer shall be in EHR.
- 2. Transfer Requirements for Patients with an Unstabilized EMC.
 - a. The hospital shall provide that treatment which is within the capacity of the hospital to minimize the risk of transfer to the patient.
 - b. Contact a receiving hospital that has the capacity (available beds and personnel) and has agreed to treat the patient and receive acceptance of the patient. It is recommended that communication between accepting physicians and nursing staff
 - c. Transfer all medical records of the encounter
 - d. Use qualified personnel, equipment, and mode of transport based on the clinical presentation of the patient, including use of necessary and medically appropriate life support measures during the transfer. The physician is responsible for determining the mode of transport.
- e. A physician has signed the transfer certification that the benefits of the transfer of the patient to another facility outweigh the risks and provide the medical reason for the transfer, the risk and benefit analysis upon which the decision is based. It is not necessary to repeat information in the medical record, however, the certification must provide a complete picture of the expected benefits from appropriate care at the receiving facility, and risks associated with the transfer. The certification shall be timed and dated close to the time of actual transfer.
- f. The patient's vital signs are taken at time of transfer.

F. Refusal of Medical Screening Exam, Treatment or Transfer

- 1. If the patient or surrogate refuses the MSE, staff shall follow the *EMTALA-Refusal of Medical Screening Exam policy*.
- 2. If the patient refuses recommended treatment or transfer, the physician should be contacted to inform the patient or surrogate of the risks and benefits of performing



the examination and stabilizing treatment **AND** document a statement to this affect in the patient's medical record, and take all reasonable steps to secure the patient's or surrogate's written informed consent to refuse examination and treatment following appropriate hospital procedures.

G. On-Call Physician Obligation:

- 1. The hospital shall maintain a list of Physicians who are on-call to provide service after the initial examination for providing consultation or treatment necessary to stabilize the patient with a potential EMC. The physician or qualified medical professional performing the medical screening examination has the ultimate authority to decide whether an EMC is present and that there is need for the immediate services of the on-call specialist and whether onsite presence of the on-call specialist is required.
 - 2.Once the on call physician is contacted, the on-call specialist is to respond within the defined response time pursuant to the applicable on call contract with the hospital.
 - 3. The on-call physician has the responsibility to inform the ED if unable to respond when on-call and should make effort to find coverage. Valid examples include:
 - a. Circumstances beyond his/her control
 - b. Currently performing elective or emergency surgery and cannot respond in person within a clinically timely manner to evaluate or treat the patient
 - c. On-call MDs can attend to their private practices, but may not "stack" surgeries on their on-call day. The physician would be expected to interrupt the schedule or arrange for a back-up physician to be on-call
 - d. It is the responsibility of the on-call physician to notify the ED when s/he has made changes to the schedule. The on call physician must provide the ED with his/her replacement's name
 - e. The hospital should make appropriate arrangements to safely care/transfer the patient when there is not an on-call physician available.
 - f. Physicians can be on call simultaneously at other hospitals, but the on-call physician has the duty to inform all hospitals involved of his/her schedule.
 - g. The medical staff by-laws, rules and regulations should state the allowed exemptions for on-call duty.
 - 4. On-call physicians shall not engage in:
 - a. delay tactics such as debating with the ED physician or qualified medical professional on the necessity of coming to the hospital
 - b. asking about payment status or any other non clinically relevant information about the patient
 - c. only offering office follow-up
 - d. insist on another specialist consult before coming to the hospital
 - 5. Concerns regarding on call physician compliance with responding to ED requests for service shall be reported through appropriate chain of command and incident reports.



6. EMTALA obligates the transferring emergency physician to report if an on-call physician neglects to fulfill his/her on-call duties. EMTALA requires that the patient's medical record be sent along with the patient transfer. That medical record must contain "the name and address of any on-call physician who has refused or failed to appear within are reasonable time to provide necessary stabilizing treatment."

H. General Policies:

- 1. **Signage:** The hospital shall post required signage conspicuously in required areas in the required form required by CMS that specifies the rights of individuals to examination and treatment for EMCs and that ECH participates in the Medicaid program.
- 2. **Central Log:** Each department where a patient may present for emergency services (e.g., Emergency Department, OB-ED, Labor and Delivery unit) shall maintain a central log recording the names of individuals who come to the applicable department for services. In addition, the log shall contain information about whether the person refused treatment, was refused treatment by the hospital or whether the individual was stabilized and transferred, admitted to the inpatient area, or discharged.
- 3. **Maintenance of Records:** Medical and other records (such as transfer logs, on-call lists and changes to the on-call list and central logs) will be maintained in accordance with ECH record-retention policies, but not less than five years.
- 4. **Disputes:** In the event of any concern over emergency services to an individual, or a dispute with another facility regarding a transfer or a concern about ECH compliance with EMTALA, staff and physicians will refer the dispute to the Director, Regulatory and Accreditation or Compliance Officer.
- 5. Reporting EMTALA Violations: ECH will report to CMS or the Department of Public Health if it has a reason to believe that it has received an individual who has been transferred in an unstabilized EMC from another facility. All hospital personnel who believe that an EMTALA violation has occurred will report the violation to the Emergency Department Manager, Compliance Officer or Director, Regulatory and Accreditation.
- 6. Retaliation: ECH will not retaliate, penalize or take adverse action against any physician or qualified medical person for refusing to transfer an individual with an emergency medical condition that has not been stabilized, or against any ECH employee for reporting a violation of EMTALA or state laws to a governmental enforcement agency.

Applicable Regulations:

EMTALA Statute: United States Code, Title 42, Section 395dd.



EMTALA Regulations: Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 42, Sections 489.20 and 489.24, 2009.

California Licensing Laws on Emergency Services and Care: California Health and Safety Code, Sections 1317, 1317.2, 1317.2a, and 1317.4.

| APPROVAL | APPROVAL DATES |
|---|----------------|
| Originating Committee or UPC Committee: | 10/2017 |
| Emergency Department Panel/Medical Committee: | 10/2017 |
| OB Executive Committee: | 1/2018 |
| ePolicy Committee: | |
| Medical Executive Committee: | |
| Board of Directors: | |

Historical Approvals: (Note this policy is a combination of previously approved policies, all receiving Medical Executive Committee and Board of Directors Approvals with last approval date: 5/2010.)

Emergency Department Physician Panel, Patient Care Management Council, 3/12 Medical Executive Committee, 04/26/2012 Board of Directors, 05/2012, 2/2015

ATTACHMENTS:, ADDENDUMS:, EXHIBITS:, OR APPENDICES:

Appendix A

KEY DEFINITIONS:

- 1. **Appropriate Transfer:** Means a transfer of an individual with an emergency medical condition that is implemented in accordance with EMTALA standards.
- Campus: The buildings, structures and public areas of the hospital located on hospital property (see definition of hospital property below). Off-Campus means the buildings, structure and public areas of the hospital that are located off-site of the hospital property but are owned or operated by the hospital.
- 3. **Capability:** Refers to the physical space, equipment, staff, supplies and services (e.g., surgery, intensive care, pediatrics, obstetrics, and psychiatry), including ancillary services available at the hospital.
- 4. **Capacity:** The ability of the hospital to accommodate an individual requesting or needing examination or the treatment of a transferred individual. Capacity encompasses the number and availability of qualified staff, beds, equipment



and the hospital's past practices of accommodating additional individuals in excess of its occupancy limits.

- 5. **Central Log:** All dedicated emergency departments (DED) must maintain a log that documents each individual who comes to the DED, or individuals referred to the DED that arrived at another location on the hospital property seeking emergency assistance.
- 6. **Comes to the Emergency Department:** Under the EMTALA regulations a person is considered to come to the emergency department under any of the following circumstances:
 - a. A person who presents to a dedicated ED and:
 - i. Requests examination or treatment for a medical condition; or
 - ii. Has a request made on his/her behalf for examination or treatment for a medical condition; or
 - iii. A prudent layperson observer would believe, based on the individual's appearance or behavior, that the individual needs examination or treatment for a medical condition
 - b. A person who presents on hospital property (other than a dedicated ED)
 - i. Requests examination or treatment for what may be an emergency medical condition; or
 - ii. Has a request made on his/her behalf for examination or treatment for what may be an emergency medical condition; or
 - ii. A prudent lay-person observer would believe, based on the individual's appearance or behavior, that the individual needs examination or treatment for what may be a emergency medical condition
 - c. Is in a ground or air ambulance owned and operated by the hospital regardless of the location of the ambulance. Except:
 - If the ambulance is operated under a community wide emergency medical service (EMS) protocol that direct the ambulance to transport the patient to another hospital
 - The ambulance is operated at the direction of a physician who is not employed or otherwise affiliated with the hospital that owns the ambulance
 - d. A person who is a patient in an ambulance not owned or operated by the hospital, but is on hospital property for the purpose of examination or treatment for a medical condition at the hospital's dedicated ED.
- 7. **Compliance:** A Medicare participating hospital that has a dedicated ED must comply with EMTALA. The Federal Regulations Code states: A participating hospital has entered into a provider agreement mandated by Section 1866 of the Social Security Act, as amended, and regulations adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), and applicable state laws governing the provision of emergency services and care." (Moy, 2009).



- 8. **Dedicated Emergency Department, (DED):** A hospital department or facility, either on or off the main hospital campus, and meets one of the following requirements:
 - a. The department or facilities is licensed by the state as an emergency department
 - b. The department is held out to the public (by name, posted signs, advertising or other means) as a place that provides care for emergency medical conditions on an urgent basis without requiring a previously scheduled appointment.
 - c. During the immediately preceding calendar year, it provided (based on a representative sample) at least one-third of all its outpatient visits for the treatment of emergency medical conditions on an urgent basis without requiring a previously scheduled appointment.
- 9. Department of the Hospital: A hospital facility or department that provides services under the name, ownership, provider number, financial and administrative control of the hospital. For purposes of EMTALA, a department of the hospital does not include a skilled nursing facility, home health agency, rural health clinic, free-standing ambulatory surgery center, private physician office or any other provider or entity that participates in the Medicare program under a separate provider number that is different from the hospital provider number.
- 10. **Emergency Medical Condition (EMC):** A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain, psychiatric disturbances and/or symptoms of substance abuse), such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably expect to result in:
 - a. Placing the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman), the woman or her unborn child in serious jeopardy
 - b. With respect to a pregnant woman who is having contractions:
 - that there is inadequate time to effect a safe transfer to another hospital before delivery; or
 - that transfer may pose a threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn child
 - c. Serious impairment to bodily functions
 - d. Serious dysfunction of any body organ or part
- 11. **EMTALA:** Means the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act codified in §1866 and 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. §1395dd), and the regulations and interpretive guidelines adopted by CMS hereunder. EMTALA is also referred to as the "patient anti-dumping" law.
- 12. **Enforcement:** CMS and the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) of the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services are responsible for the enforcement of EMTALA. Violations of EMTALA may be reported to other federal and state agencies and to the Joint Commission (TJC).



- 13. **Hospital Property:** Means the entire main hospital campus, including areas and structures that are located within 250 yards of the main buildings, and any other areas determined on an individual case basis by the CMS regional office, to be part of the main hospital's campus. Hospital property includes offices that are part of the main hospital's campus. Hospital property includes the parking lots, sidewalks, and driveways on the hospital main campus.
- 14. Inpatient: Means an individual who is admitted to the hospital for bed occupancy for purposes of receiving inpatient services with the expectation that he/she will remain at least overnight and occupy a bed, even though the individual may be later discharged or transferred to another facility and does not actually use a hospital bed overnight. The EMTALA obligation does not apply once the patient is admitted from the ED, when sent from the MD office or nursing home as direct admissions to the inpatient setting. CMS and the state agree with this definition of inpatient.
- 15. **Labor:** Labor includes the latent or early phase of labor and continues through the delivery of the placenta. A woman experiencing contractions is in true labor, unless a physician, certified nurse mid-wife, or other qualified medical person acting within his/her scope of practice as defined by the hospital medical staff by- laws and State law, certifies that, after a reasonable period of observation, the woman is in false labor.
- 16. **Medical Screening Examination (MSE):** The process required to reach within reasonable clinical confidence, the point at which it can be determined whether or not an emergency medical condition exists or a woman is in labor. The MSE is an ongoing process, including monitoring of the individual, until the individual is either stabilized or transferred. The basics of the MSE are:
 - a. To determine if an emergency medical condition exists
 - b. The medical staff by-laws, rules and regulations state who can perform the MSE
 - c. Is an ongoing process and must be provided in the same manner to all individuals presenting with similar complaints. It is a screening process that is reasonably calculated to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists.
 - d. It is part of the permanent medical record
- 17. **Non-Discrimination:** ECH will provide emergency services and care without regard to an individual's race, color, ethnicity, religion, ancestry, national origin, citizenship, age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation (including gender identification), preexisting medical condition, physical or mental disability, insurance status, economic status or ability to pay for medical services or any other category protected by law, except to the extent that a circumstance such as age, sex, preexisting medical condition, or physical or mental disability is medically significant to the provision of appropriate medical care to the patient.



- 18. **On-Call List:** A list of physicians who are "on-call" after the initial medical screening examination to provide further evaluation and/or treatment necessary to stabilize an individual with an emergency medical condition.
- 19. **Outpatient:** An individual who has begun to receive outpatient services as part of an encounter, other than an encounter that triggers the EMTALA obligations. An "encounter" is a direct personal contact between an outpatient and a physician or qualified medical person who is authorized by state law to order or furnish hospital services for the diagnosis or treatment of the outpatient.
- 20. **Physician:** Means: a doctor of medicine or osteopathy; a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine; a doctor of podiatric medicine; a doctor of optometry, each acting within the scope of his/her respective licensure and clinical privileges.
- 21. **Physician Certification:** Means the written certification by the treating physician ordering a transfer and setting forth, based on the information available at the time of transfer, that the medical benefits reasonably expected from the provision of appropriate medical treatment at another medical facility outweigh the increased risks to the individual and, in the case of a woman in labor, to the unborn child, from effecting the transfer.
- 22. **Qualified Medical Person:** Means an individual other than a physician who is licensed or certified by the state; practices in a category of health professionals that has been designated by the hospital and the medical staff bylaws, rules and regulations, to perform medical screening examinations; has demonstrated current competence in the performance of medical screening examinations within his/her health profession; and as applicable, performs the medical screening examination in accordance with protocols, standardized procedures or other policies as may be required by law or hospital policy. A qualified medical person may include registered nurses, nurse practitioners, nurse midwifes, psychiatric social workers, psychologists and physician assistants.
- 23. Sanctions: Failure to comply with EMTALA may result in termination by CMS of the hospital's participation in the Medicare and Medical programs, as well as civil monetary penalties imposed by the OIG for both the hospital and physicians of up to \$104,826 and possible exclusion from Medicare/Medical. Failure to comply with state laws on emergency services is subject to licensing enforcement action. A violation of EMTALA is also subject to civil lawsuits against the hospital for damages
- 24. **Signage:** Signs will be posted by the hospital in its dedicated emergency department(s) and in a place or places likely to be noticed by all individuals entering the dedicated emergency department(s) (including waiting room,



admitting area, entrance and treatment areas), that inform individuals of their rights under EMTALA.

- 25. **Stabilized:** Means, with respect to an emergency medical condition, that no material deterioration of the condition is likely within reasonable medical probability, to result from or occur during the transfer of the individual from the hospital or in the case of a woman in labor, that the woman delivered the child and the placenta. An individual will be deemed stabilized if the treating physician has determined, within reasonable clinical confidence, that the emergency medical condition has been resolved.
- 26. To Stabilize: With respect to an emergency medical condition, to either provide such medical treatment of the condition as may be necessary to assure, within reasonable medical probability, that no material deterioration of the condition is likely to result from or occur during the transfer of the individual from the hospital, in the case of a woman in labor, that the woman has delivered the child and placenta.
- 27. **Stable for Discharge:** Following a determination by the treating physician within reasonable clinical confidence, that an individual has reached the point where his/her continued care, including diagnostic work-up and/or treatment, could reasonably be performed as an outpatient or later as an inpatient, provided the individual is given a plan for appropriate follow-up care with the discharge instructions.
- 28. **Transfer:** The movement (including the discharge) of an individual outside the hospital's facilities at the direction of any person employed by (or affiliated or associated, directly or indirectly, with) the hospital, but does not include such a movement of an individual who has been declared dead or who leaves the hospital against medical advice or without being seen.
- 29. **Triage:** A process to determine the order in which individuals will be provided a medical screening examination by a physician or qualified medical person. Triage is not the equivalent of a medical screening examination and does not determine the presence or absence of an emergency medical condition.



TITLE: NICU_ Admission Discharge and Transfer Criteria (ADT) - LG Only **CATEGORY:** Patient Care Services **LAST APPROVAL:** 2/2015 Policy ☐ Protocol ☐ Practice Guideline ☐ Standardized ਓ Procedure Procedure TYPE: ☐ Plan ☑ ☐ Scope of Service/ADT **SUB-CATEGORY: NICU**

OFFICE OF ORIGIN: LG NICU
ORIGINAL DATE: 6/2009

I. <u>COVERAGE:</u>

All El Camino Hospital Staff

II. PURPOSE:

To establish criteria for admission and discharge to the El Camino Hospital Los Gatos Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) and transfer to a higher level of care in the neonatal population served by El Camino Hospital Los Gatos.

III. POLICY STATEMENT:

- A NICU RN may directly admit an infant to the NICU based on established criteria (see section "Admission"; #2). The physician shall be immediately notified and expected to examine and evaluate the infant within 30 minutes of admission to the NICU.
- Infants will be discharged from the NICU when physiologically stable.
- When an infant requires neonatal intensive care greater than the capabilities of El Camino Hospital Los Gatos, neonatal transport to the nearest available higher level (3 or 4) NICU will be initiated.

IV. REFERENCES:

AAP Committee on Fetus and Newborn and ACOG Committee on Obstetric Practice (2017).

Guidelines for Perinatal Care 8th ed.

California Children's Services Manual of Procedures (1999). Standards for Neonatal Intensive Care Units (NICUs). Chapter 3.25.3, pages 1-30.

V. PROCEDURE:

- A. Admission
 - 1. The following may be cared for in the LG NICU:
 - a. Infants born at or beyond 32 weeks of gestation and weighing 1,500 grams or more at birth who have physiologic immaturity (e.g. apnea of prematurity) or who are moderately ill with problems that are expected to resolve rapidly and are not anticipated to need subspecialty services on an urgent basis.
 - <u>b.</u> Infants requiring continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) or mechanical ventilation for a brief period (less than or equal to 4 hours).



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b.c. Infants on CPAP who are deemed stable by the Neonatologist.

e.d. Infants convalescing after intensive care (i.e. transports in from tertiary center)

- 2. Infants will be **directly** admitted to the LG NICU for the following:
 - a. All infants on IV antibiotics. Please refer to the "Management of Infant Sepsis Screening" Policy.
 - b. Hypoglycemia, per the "Management of the Neonate at Risk for Hypoglycemia" Protocol.
 - c. Symptomatic iInfants with a birthweight < 2,000 grams
 - d. Infants born between 32-34 completed5 weeks of gestation
 - e. Infants requiring prolonged resuscitation after birth (greater than 10 minutes) and/or requiring Code White--Infant team intervention.
 - f. Any infant > 35 weeks of gestation with respiratory distress (e.g. grunting, flaring, and/or retracting) and not improving and/or not resolved within <u>six</u> one-hours after delivery.
 - g. All infants with congenital anomalies. If sub-specialty consults are needed, transfer to a tertiary center should be considered.
 - h. All infants with persistent color changes (i.e. pallor, cyanosis).
 - i. Infants requiring IV medication and/or fluids.
 - j. Transports from other institutions who meet the criteria for inborn admission.
- 3. The above criteria are not all inclusive and are not meant to limit admission only to the outlined diagnoses. Admits are considered based upon:
 - a. Availability of medical expertise
 - b. NICU census and acuity
 - c. NICU staffing
- 4. All transports in must be accepted for care by the NICU Medical Director or designee.

B. Discharge

- 1. Infants discharged from the NICU will fulfill the following criteria:
 - a. Physiological Parameters:
 - . The infant has received a physical examination by a physician ? on the day of (within 24 hours of)discharge per our BY Laws.physician within 24 hours of discharge.
 - Physical examination reveals no abnormalities that require continued hospitalization or problems that may require ongoing close surveillance.
 - iii. The infant is stable physiologically and is able to maintain body temperature without cold stress when the amount of clothing worn and the room temperature are appropriate.



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iv. The infant's weight has been assessed by the physician prior to discharge. is adequately gaining weight per physician ordered feeding regimen.

- v. The infant is able to feed without physical compromise.
- vi. If the infant's clinical condition precludes adequate nipple feeding, the parents are competent in alternative feeding techniques.
- vii. The infant is free of apnea or can be monitored at home.
- viii. If circumcision is done on the day of discharge, there will be no excessive bleeding at the site for at least two hours.
- b. Laboratory and Evaluation Parameters
 - Maternal Hepatitis B surface antigen status will have been ascertained.
 - ii. Cord or infant blood type and direct Coombs test <u>has been</u> <u>donepassive</u> if clinically indicated.
 - iii. California State Newborn Metabolic Screening Test has been completed.
 - iv. Initial Hepatitis B vaccine has been administered (unless the parent signs a refusal).
 - v. Newborn Hearing Screen has been done
 - vi. Car Seat Trial has been passed, if test is deemed necessary. *Please refer to "Infant Car Seat Trial" Policy*.
 - vii. CCHD screening or echocardiogram have been completed.
- c. Follow Up Care
 - i. A physician has been identified for continuing medical care.
 - ii. Family, environmental, and social risk factors have been assessed. When risk factors are present, the discharge should be delayed until they are resolved or a plan to safeguard the infant is in place.
 - iii. The parent/guardian's knowledge, ability, and confidence to provide adequate care for the infant are documented by the fact that they have received the following teaching:
 - A. Preparation, dosing accuracy, and proper storage and administration of medication, if needed.
 - B. Ability to provide adequate nutrition to the infant, including understanding of preparation, frequency and volume of feeding.
 - C. Recognition of signs of acute illness and acute deterioration.
 - Proper infant safety, including car seat adaptations for infants weighing < 2,000 grams, and recommended sleep positions for premature infants.
 - iv. Referrals to specialty clinics, physicians, developmental clinics, and outside agencies have been made as appropriate.



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v. Referrals for home health follow-up have been made, if needed.

- d. Special Considerations for Preterm Infants
 - Respiratory rate and effort is such that breathing does not compromise the infant's ability to feed, and the infant can maintain normal oxygen saturations during normal activities of daily living (i.e. sleeping, feeding, and crying).
 - ii. For all infants where reflux is suspected and be contributing to apnea and bradycardia episodes, reflux will be deemed under control prior to discharge.

e. Social Services

- All parents or guardians have had a social service consultation at the discretion of the RN or physician that is documented in the medical record prior to discharge.
- ii. Families that require support to assist them with their high risk infant have been referred to the appropriate resources prior to discharge.
- f. The infant will be discharged in the arms of a parent/guardian, seated in a wheelchair.
- g. Documentation:
 - i. The physician will document his/her physical exam in the infant's permanent record.
 - ii. The RN taking care of the infant will document in the flow sheet, NICU discharge planning and education record the adequacy of the infant's feedings, vital signs, and daily weight.
 - iii. If any family, environment, and social risk factors have been identified, the Social Worker will document in the EMR the assessment, interventions, and plan of action.
 - iv. Home health and equipment needs and arrangements <u>if needed</u>, are documented in the EMR by the Social Worker.
 - v. The Social Worker will document <u>any</u> specialty clinic, developmental clinic, and outside agency referrals in the EMR.

C. Transfer

- 1. Neonatal conditions requiring transport to a higher level of care are as follows, but not limited to:
 - a. All infants born at < 32 weeks of gestation.
 - b. All infants born at < 1,500 grams
 - c. Infants with complex medical or surgical conditions, regardless of gestational age, requiring specialty consultation and intervention. This includes infants with feeding complications requiring a modified barium swallow study.
 - d. Infants who are candidates for extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO).



CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 2/2015

e. Infants who are candidates for total body cooling.

f. Infants requiring CPAP or mmechanical ventilation greater than 4 hours.

f.g. Infants with severe hyperbilirubinemia, requiring an exchange transfusion.

- 2. A physician's clinical judgment may either expand or curtail this policy based upon:
 - a. Available medical expertise
 - b. NICU census and acuity
 - c. NICU staffing

VI. APPROVAL:

| APPROVING COMMITTEES AND AUTHORIZING BODY | APPROVAL DATES |
|---|-------------------------|
| Originating Committee or UPC Committee | 1/2018 |
| Peds Medical Committee: | 1/2018 |
| ePolicy Committee: | 2/2018 |
| Medical Executive Committee: | |
| Board of Directors: | |
| | |
| Historical Approvals: | 6/2009, 11/2012, 2/2015 |



| CATEGORY: Infection Control LAST APPROVAL DATE: 4/17 □ Policy □ Procedure □ Protocol □ Standardized Procedure □ Scope of Service □ Practice Guideline ☑ Plan | |
|---|--|
| SUB-CATEGORY: Infection Control Program ORIGINAL DATE: 1/96 | |

COVERAGE:

All El Camino Hospital staff

PURPOSE:

- 1. To plan, coordinate and monitor policies, procedures and practices related to the identification, control and prevention of hospital associated infections.
- 2. To identify areas of improvement and appropriate changes in the plan that would increase the effectiveness of the infection prevention and control program.

STATEMENT:

The El Camino Hospital Infection Control and Prevention Plan is a comprehensive, dynamic document which is based on a risk assessment for acquiring and transmitting infections within the hospital environment.

The El Camino Hospital Infection Prevention & Control Program primary function is to prevent transmission of infectious agents among patients, staff and visitors. It is the goal of the Infection Prevention and Control Department to reduce infection and infectious risk through strategic plans for surveillance and control of healthcare-associated infection; to identify trends and patterns in antimicrobial resistance; to address epidemiologically important issues; and to advise hospital employees, departments and services in developing policies, procedures, and practices which reflect current infection control guidelines and standards of care.

Goals to reduce the possibility of transmitting infections will be set based upon the identified risks. The plan includes risk reduction strategies supported by evidence based guidelines and expert consensus. At least annually, and whenever risks significantly change, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the infection prevention and control plan will be completed. This evaluation will include a review of the prioritized risks, the goals, objectives, and the infection prevention strategies. The results of the evaluation will be used to make revisions to the plan. The revised plan will be communicated to the organization.

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Evaluation of the Infection Control Plan shall be done at least annually or upon changes in the scope of the Infection Control Program or changes in the risk analysis. Assessment of the prevention strategies will be based on their effectiveness at preventing and controlling infection. The Infection Prevention Department reports all communicable diseases to the Public Health Departments to help prevent spread of certain infections within the public at large.

The Infection Prevention and Control Plan evaluates the risk of communicable disease transmission based on the following:

- Santa Clara County geographic location and demographics
- Mountain View demographics
- Santa Clara County Community health status assessment
- TB Risk Assessment: California and Community profiles
- Threats facing Santa Clara County

Santa Clara County Geographic Location and Demographics:

https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/santaclaracountycalifornia/PST045216

With 1.98-million residents, Santa Clara County is the sixth most populated of California's 58 counties and the most populated in the Bay Area. More than one-third (37%) of county residents are foreign-born. The largest percentage of foreign-born residents were born in Mexico (21%), followed by Vietnam (15%), India (13%), the Philippines (9%), and China, excluding Hong Kong and Taiwan (8%). Santa Clara County encompasses 1,312 square miles and runs the entire length of the County from north to south, ringed by the rolling hills of the Diablo Range on the east, and the Santa Cruz Mountains on the west. Salt marshes and wetlands lie in the northwestern part of the county, adjacent to the waters of San Francisco Bay. Nearly 92% of the population lives in cities.

The local industry of the County of Santa Clara is dominated by the technology sector. The County has three main interstate highways; 280, 680, and 880, one U.S. Route (101), and the following CA State Routes; 9, 17, 82, 85, 87, 130, and 237. Airports include: Norman Y. Mineta International Airport, Moffett Federal Airfield, and three County airports: Reid Hillview, Palo Alto, and South County.



Mountain View Demographics:

https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/mountainviewcitycalifornia,santaclaracountycalifornia/, (Source: US Census Bureau, State and County Quick Facts, January 2014)

The resident population of Mountain View is approximately 76,260. More than half the population is between 20 and 54, while nearly 25% is in the 25 to 34 year age bracket. The median age is 34.6 years old.

Los Gatos Demographics: need to add as above

https://www.homefacts.com/demographics/California/Santa-Clara-County/Los-Gatos.html, (Source: US Consus Bureau, State and County Quick Facts, January 2014)

The resident population of Los Gatos is approximately 30,705. The median age resident is 45.4 years young. The largest racial/ethinc groups are White (73.8%) followed by Asian (14.5%) and Hispanic (6.3%)

Santa Clara County Community Health Status Assessment:

(Data: 2014 Santa Clara County Community Assessment Project Survey

| Access to Care | 87% of adults have health insurance | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Chronic Disease | 8% of adults have diabetes. | |
| | Heart disease: 22% of the death among county residents. | |
| Overweight and Obesity | Over 50% of adults and over 33% of adolescents in the county | |
| | are overweight or obese | |
| HIV/ AIDS | Over 3342 adults in Santa Clara County are living with HIV | |
| | (61% Sexual transmission; 33% unknown, 6% IV Drug use | |
| Tobacco use | 1 in 10 adults and 1 in 12 adolescents in the county smoke | |
| | cigarettes | |

TB Risk Assessment: (retrieved from Santa Clara County TB Control Report; based on CY 20165) California Overview

- CA reported 2,137 2,062 new TB cases in 20165 compared to 2,1314 cases in 20154.
- California's annual TB incidence remained at 5.52 cases per 100,000 persons.
- An estimated \$72-0 million was spent on medical management of TB cases in CA during 20165.
- TB cases were reported in 5042 of California's 61 (82%) local health jurisdictions, but 29 (48%) jurisdictions reported fewer than 5 cases.
- Of 24 jurisdictions that reported at least 10 cases in 2015, 11 (46%) experienced an increased from 2014
- Among California's TB cases, and estimated 7% were imported from outside of the United States, 13% resulted from recent transmission and 80% were due to reactivation of latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI)
- More than 2 million Californians (6% of the population) are estimated to have LTBI which can progress to active TB without diagnosis and treatment.

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 The percentage of CA TB cases occurring in foreign-born persons increased from 78% in 2014 to 80% in 2015.

COMMUNITY TB PROFILE

www.SCCPHD.ORG

- Santa Clara County (SCC) has the third fourth highest number of cases among all jurisdictions in California, after Los Angeles and San Diego and Orange counties.
- Santa Clara County (SCC) had 498 160 cases of active tuberculosis in 20156, which
 decreased comparted with 2015 (197 TB cases) and was similar compared with
 2014 (162 TB cases).
- 22% increase compared with 162 cases in 2014
- This represents a Ccase rate of 10.5 8.4 per 10,000 residents. which is 1.9 times as high as the overall CA rate
- The case rate is 1.5 times as high as the overall California rate (5.2/100,000 persons) and 2.9 times as high as the national rate (2.9 per 100,000 persons).
- Case fatality rate of 4.4% (reported 7 deaths in 2016)
- California rate 5.5/100,000 persons

El Camino TB Profile : Medium Risk Facility

In 2016, ECH MV had 13 total cases with 7 INPATIENT and 6 OUTPATIENTS which is a decrease from 25 cases in 2015. El Camino Mountain View is considered a medium risk facility for TB based on a community rate of infection.

| <u>Year</u> | Total Patients | In Patient | Out Patient | Pulmonary | Extra-pulmonary |
|-------------|----------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|
| <u>2016</u> | <u>13</u> | <u>7</u> | <u>6</u> | <u>11</u> | <u>2</u> |
| 2015 | <u>25</u> | <u>13</u> | <u>12</u> | <u>22</u> | <u>3</u> |
| <u>2014</u> | <u>16</u> | <u>9</u> | <u>7</u> | <u>9</u> | <u>7</u> |
| 2013 | <u>10</u> | <u>6</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>8</u> | 2 |
| 2012 | <u>18</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>14</u> | <u>16</u> | <u>2</u> |
| <u>2011</u> | <u>12</u> | <u>8</u> | 4 | <u>7</u> | <u>5</u> |
| <u>2010</u> | <u>6</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>3</u> |

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Threats facing Santa Clara County:

1. Major Earthquake

The Operational Area is in the vicinity of several known active and potentially active earthquake faults including the San Andreas, Hayward, and Calaveras faults.

Two major local earthquakes that have impacted the County include:

- The San Francisco Earthquake (1906), magnitude 7.8, approximately 3000 fatalities
- The Loma Prieta Earthquake (1989), magnitude of 6.9, 63 fatalities.

Other significant local earthquakes near or within the County include:

- The Concord Earthquake (1955), magnitude 5.4, 1 fatality
- The Daly City Earthquake (1957), magnitude 5.3, 1 fatality
- The Morgan Hill Earthquake (1984), magnitude 6.2, no fatalities
- The Alum Rock Earthquake (2007), magnitude 5.6, no fatalities.

2. Wild land Urban/Interface Fire

The months of August, September and October have the greatest potential for wild land fires as vegetation dries out, humidity levels fall, and off shore winds blow.

3. Hazardous Material Incident

There are four major highways in the county that carry large quantities of hazardous materials: U.S. 101, I-880, and I-680, and I-280. Truck, rail, and pipeline transfer facilities are concentrated in this region, and are involved in considerable handling of hazardous materials.

5. Flood

There are approximately 700 miles of creeks and rivers in the County, all of which are susceptible to flooding. An Emergency Action Plan exists for the Anderson Dam and a general Dam Plan exists which includes other dams within Santa Clara County. These plans are maintained by the Santa Clara Valley Water District.

6. Landslide

For Santa Clara, the hillside areas in the Los Gatos areas have the greatest potential for economic loss due to landslides. The winters of 1982, 1983, 1986, and 1996/1997 provided a reminder of the degree of hazard from landslides in Santa Clara County



PROCEDURE:

1. Purpose

- To plan, coordinate and monitor policies, procedures and practices related to the identification, control and prevention of hospital associated infections.
- To identify areas of improvement and appropriate changes in the plan that would increase the effectiveness of the infection prevention and control program.

2. Objectives

- a. Maintain Enterprise Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infection (CLABSI) rate below Standardized Infection Ratio (SIR) SIR < 0.504 with a goal of "0" CLABSI's.
- b. Maintain Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) CLABSI rate below SIR < 0.50 1.0 with a goal of "0" CLABSI's
- c. Achieve 95% bundle compliance rate with Central Line Insertion Practice (CLIP) organization-wide.
- d. Maintain Enterprise hospital onset *Clostridium difficile* infection rate to ≤ 5.0 /10,000 patient days. Rate below Standardized Infection Ratio (SIR) < 0.70
- e. Maintain Enterprise hospital onset Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) infection rate to ≤ 0.709/10,000 patient days.
- f. Maintain Enterprise MRSA screening compliance rate to 910% or more.
- g. Maintain Enterprise hospital onset Multi- Drug Resistant Gram Negative Rods (MDRGNR) infection rate to $\leq 0.5 / 10,000$ patient days.
- h. Maintain Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) SSI rate at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR <1.00 (MV campus).

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- Maintain Total Knee Surgical Site Infection rate at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR <1.00. (MV and LG campus).
- Maintain Total Hip Surgical Site Infection rate to at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR <1.0. (MV and LG campus).
- Maintain laminectomy surgical site infection rate to at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR <1.00 (MV and LG campus).
- Maintain spinal fusion surgical site infection rate to at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR < 1.00. (MV and LG campus).
- m. Maintain spinal re-fusion surgical site infection rate to at or below NHSN Rates/Risk of SIR <1.00 (MV and LG campus).
- n. Maintain hand hygiene compliance at > 95%.
- o. Maintain Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) compliance at > 95%.
- Maintain Enterprise Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI) rate at ≤ 0.23 1000 Foley catheter day Rate below Standardized Infection Ratio (SIR) < 0.75</p>

p.q.

Flu Vaccination rate: Maintain Enterprise Vaccination Rate of ___-LG: 96%/MV: 90%

3. Goals

- a. Recommend methods for early identification of infections using epidemiological and scientific methodologies.
- b. Analyze practices that have the potential to affect hospital onset infection rates and recommend changes.
- Provide advice and consultation as appropriate to other departments including but not limited to: Nursing, Employee Wellness and Health Services, Clinical Laboratory, Environmental Services, Sterile Processing Department and Safety/Emergency Management.



- d. Monitor compliance with hospital regulatory reporting requirements to various public health agencies, National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN), California Department of Public Health (CDPH), Santa Clara County Public Health Department (SCCPHD), Santa Clara County TB Control, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Hospital Inpatient Quality (IQR).
- e. Coordinate monitoring and surveillance activities for targeted infections and microorganisms selected by Infection Control Committee based on annual Risk Assessment monitor infection control practices of healthcare workers. Provide feedback and education with recommendations for improvement.
- f. Provide guidelines on infection prevention and control and how to reduce the spread of infections at the general hospital orientation in for all employees.
- g. Review and revise infection control policies every three years, or as needed.
- h. Recognize and maintain an awareness and working knowledge of guidelines and recommendations that are published by Centers for Disease Control, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, The Joint Commission, Association of perioperative Registered Nurses (AORN), Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) and the Association of Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology (APIC)that impact infection control. Maintain and enhance own knowledge of infection control and epidemiology.



- Provide liaison activities with community health care providers that impact our ability to control communicable diseases. Continue to expand infection control role over the continuum of care with the assistance of Public Health Department.
- j. Provide input and education on infection control issues related to construction and renovation within the hospital. Perform infection control risk assessment prior to start of construction projects and monitor construction sites for compliance with infection control practices.

4. Infection Prevention and Control Program and the Infection Control Committee (ICC)

- (1) The responsibility for monitoring the Infection Prevention and Control Program is invested in the Infection Control Committee (ICC). The Infection Control (IC) Medical Director has the authority to institute any appropriate control measures or studies when a situation is reasonably felt to be a danger to any patient, Healthcare Worker (HCW) or visitor, or in the event of an infection control crisis situation (The committee functions as the central decision and policymaking body for infection control). The Infection Control Committee shall meet not less than quarterly.
- (2) The ICC shall be a multi-disciplinary committee consisting of representatives from at least the Clinical Laboratory, Quality Department administration, Sterile Processing Department, Perioperative services, Nutrition Services, Environmental Services, Employee Wellness and Health and the Infection Prevention Nurses. The Chairman is the Infection Control Medical Director, a physician with knowledge of and special interest in infectious disease. Representatives from key hospital departments such as but not limited to Facilities Services, Pharmacy, and shall be available on a consultative basis when necessary.



- c. The Infection Prevention and Control Department will collaborate with the ICC in developing a hospital-wide program and maintain surveillance over the program.
- d. The Infection Prevention and Control Department in collaboration with the ICC shall develop a system for reporting, identifying and analyzing the incidence and cause of all hospital onset infections, including assignment of responsibility for the ongoing collection and analytic review of such data, as well as for required follow-up action.
- e. The Infection Prevention and Control Department in collaboration with the ICC shall develop and implement a preventive and corrective program designed to minimize infection hazards, including establishing, reviewing, and evaluating isolation precautions and cleaning and disinfection techniques. Such techniques shall be defined in written policies and procedures.
- f. The Infection Prevention and Control Department shall develop written policies defining special indications for isolation requirements in relation to the medical condition involved and for monitoring the implementation of the policies and quality of care administered.
- g. The Infection Prevention and Control Department will collaborate with the ICC to identify new indicators and thresholds of diseases, recommend and assess corrective measures based upon the analysis of relevant data, and communicate its findings and interventions to the appropriate departments.
- h. The Infection Control Medical Director of the Infection Control Committee is responsible for medical direction and decisions as required for the review, analysis and presentation of data to the Medical Staff.
- i. The committee minutes shall be reviewed by the Medical Executive Committee.



5. Infection Prevention Department

- a. The <u>Director Manager</u> of Infection Prevention is responsible
- b. development, implementation, and evaluation of the infection prevention performance improvement activities, ensuring that they are based upon accurate data collection, analysis, and interpretation.

C.

- Provides input and assistance in the revision, updating and formulation of policies and procedures related to infection prevention and control.
- e. Identifies possible trends and risks of disease transmission through ongoing surveillance process.
- f. Participates with members of Infection Control Committee to provide solutions to potential infection control problems.
- g. Communicates potential infection control risks to appropriate departments either verbally or through written report.
- h. Notifies the Santa Clara County Public Health Department, The Santa Clara County TB Control Department and the California Department of Public Health, either verbally or by written communication for mandatory disease reporting.
- i. Provides education for all staff, patients and families regarding infection prevention and control principles that reduce the spread of disease.
- Acts as consultant in the management of patient's infection problem while in the hospital or upon discharge.

6. Scope of Services

a. The infection control program is divided into functional groups of routine activities that address the integrated facets of surveillance and prevention of infections, monitoring and evaluation, epidemiological investigation, risk reduction, consultation and education.



b. Hospital Onset Infection Surveillance and Prevention

- For the purpose of surveillance, hospital onset infections shall be clinically active infections occurring in hospitalized patients in whom the infection was not present or incubating at the time of admission.
- 2) Infections with endogenous organisms of the patient and those organisms transmitted either by healthcare workers or indirectly by a contaminated environment shall be included. Some hospital onset infections are potentially preventable-while others may be considered inevitable.
- 3) Strict criteria shall be used for assessment in regard to targeted hospital onset infections. Not all hospital onset infections in the hospital shall be counted and presented for statistical analysis. The type of data collection to be used and analyzed shall be determined by the Infection Control Committee (ICC) based upon the annual Risk Assessment.
- 4) The criteria written by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) shall be used when calculating infection rates for statistical analysis.

7. General Surveillance Activities

- Active infection surveillance within the hospital shall be an ongoing observation of the occurrence and distribution of disease or disease potential and of the conditions that increase or decrease the risk of disease transmission.
 - a. The surveillance of patients, staff and environment shall ensure appropriate patient placement, initiation of appropriate isolation or special precautions, identification of patient care problems associated with hospital infection control, prevention of targeted hospital onset infections in high risk, high volume procedures, facilitation of data collection for selected quality indicators and the collection of required information for reporting to the Public Health Department.
 - b. Daily laboratory reports, utilization review reports and verbal communications with staff shall be reviewed routinely by the Infection Prevention Nurses. Surveillance shall be a blend of



routine physical presence in all areas of the facility and the use of clinical and laboratory computer information systems.

- c. The amount of time spent on infection surveillance, control and prevention activities is based upon the following:
 - Acute Care Hospital Services:
 El Camino Hospital is a General Acute Care
 Community hospital with 2 campuses serving Santa

Community hospital with 2 campuses serving Santa Clara County, a large urban area in Northern

California.

· Licensed beds:

El Camino Hospital Mountain View:

275 General Acute Care

44 Perinatal Services

24 Intensive Care

20 Intensive Care Newborn Nursery

7 Pediatric Services

180 Unspecified General Acute Care

25 Acute Psychiatric

El Camino Hospital Los Gatos:

143 General Acute Care

30 Rehabilitation Center

14 Perinatal Services

8 Coronary Care

7 Intensive Care

2 Intensive Care Newborn Nursery

82 Unspecified General Acute

Care

- Patient Population:
 - a. Various ages, ethnic, socio-economic backgrounds
- Risk factors of the population:
 Infectious agents related to the population population construction
 - a. Tuberculosis
 - b. MRSA
 - c. Carbapenem-resistant enterobacteriaceae (CRE)

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- d. Extended spectrum beta-lactamase (ESBL)
- e. Multi-Drug Resistant Gram Negative Rods (MDRGNRs)
- f. Clostridium difficile
- g. Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus (VRE)
- Complexity of the services provided:
 - a. Basic Emergency Medical Services
 - b. Behavioral Health
 - c. Cardiac Catheterization Lab
 - d. Cardiovascular Surgery
 - e. Critical Care- adult and NICU
 - f. Dialysis-inpatient
 - g. General Surgery (including Bariatrics)
 - h. Infusion Center (outpatient)
 - i. Medical / Surgical
 - j. Oncology inpatient and outpatient
 - Nuclear medicine, radiology, diagnostic imaging
 - I. Radiation oncology (outpatient)
 - m. Rehabilitation Services
 - n. Senior Health Center
- o. The selection of clinical indicators is determined by the Infection Control Committee and is based upon the assessment of problem prone, high risk/high volume services provided. Results of these measures are reported in rates rather than raw numbers using valid epidemiological methods. Results are evaluated annually using data trend analysis generated by surveillance activities during the year and shall reflect changes in the hospital's assessed needs.
 - a. Surgical Site Infection Surveillance
 - b. Specific surgical site infection surveillance in accordance with California Department of Public Health Senate Bill 1058 requirements shall be monitored and reported to NHSN on a monthly basis.
 Surveillance activities include: daily census review of admission diagnosis, daily review



- of positive cultures and review of post discharge surveillance letters to surgeons.
- c. Targeted "high-risk" surgical procedures are monitored for surgical site infections and results are reported quarterly to the Infection Control Committee. Surveillance activities include: daily census review of admission diagnosis, daily review of positive cultures and review of post discharge surveillance letters to surgeons.

8. Targeted Surveillance Indicators for upcoming Calendar Year based upon the annual evaluation of the IC plan:

- Monitor targeted hospital and community onset infections and specific organisms as determined by the annual Risk Assessment.
- b. Surveillance for FY 20187:
 - Surgical site infections of high-risk procedures: Total knee, total hip, laminectomy, fusion, refusion and CABG procedures.
 - 2. Marker organisms: MRSA, C. difficile and MDR GNRs
 - 3. Blood Stream Infections related to central lines hospital-wide
 - 4. Foley catheter related Urinary Tract Infections hospital-wide
- c. Active disease surveillance at both campuses
 - Daily surveillance of MRSA, C difficile, Multi-Drug Resistant Organisms (MDRO), Tuberculosis, & other communicable diseases
 - Active surveillance of Surgical Site Infections (SSI), Central Line-Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLA-BSI), Catheter-Associated UTI (CA-UTI)
 - Carbapenem Resistant Enterobacteriacae (CRE) surveillance (patients hospitalized outside the U.S. within 6 months, admissions from skilled nursing facilities with patients identified with CRE)
 - 4. Tracking: mold-related organisms in construction areas



- 5. Evaluation/segregation of persons at risk
- 6. Specialized response to exposure & outbreaks
- 9. C. Diff Prevention Strategy Plan: Use Clostridium rates as quality indicators to evaluate the effectiveness of compliance with transmission-based precautions and cleaning and decontamination protocols. Goal is to reduce hospital onset infections of *C. difficile*.
 - a. Do: (1) Determine number of new C. difficile cases per 10,000 patient days. (2) Track daily C.diff patients by room location.
 - b. Study: Review and analyze data on a quarterly basis to identify trends and potential high-risk areas.
 - Act: (Clostridium difficile) Staff to cleanse hands of patients with soap and water before each meal. Place patient on Contact Precautions. Provide education to patient and family on Clostridium difficile infection. Bathe patient daily. Change linens daily or when soiled. Clean/disinfect patient room with bleach product and UVC (ultraviolet disinfection) upon transfer/ discharge or clearance. Provide education to staff, physicians, patients, and families

10. Data Collection Methods

- a. All identified cases related to targeted infections and communicable diseases will be maintained in a database. Specific methods used by infection control to obtain surveillance data include daily lab reports, patient census reports, daily serological reports, patient charts, referred cases from case managers and verbal communication with staff and physicians.
- b. Surveillance shall be a blend of routine physical presence in all area of the facility and use of clinical and laboratory computer information systems.



11. Investigation of Disease Clusters (Outbreak Control)

a. The Infection Control Infection Control Medical Director in coordination with the Manager Director of Infection Control shall have ultimate authority and responsibility for investigating epidemic/outbreak situations and implementing appropriate interventions in order to prevent and to control further disease and to identify factors that contributed to the outbreak. (See Infection Control Policy and Procedure Outbreak Investigation).

12. Reporting to Outside Agencies

- a. Specified communicable diseases (in accordance with Title 17, California Code of Regulation) identified at El Camino Hospital shall be reported to the Santa Clara Department of Public Health (SCDPH) in the required timelines to prevent the spread of certain communicable diseases to the public at large. (See Infection Control Policy and Procedure on Communicable Disease Reportings).
- El Camino Hospital shall provide follow-up management for pre-hospital caregivers who may have been exposed to a communicable disease during the performance of their duties and reporting of these exposures to the proper authorities. (See Infection Control Policy and Procedure Pre-hospital Communicable Disease Exposure).
- c. El Camino Hospital shall report to NHSN the following:
 - Hospital Onset and community onset MRSA BSI's
 - Hospital Onset and community onset VRE BSI's
 - Hospital Onset and community onset CRE-Klebsiella BSI's
 - All Hospital cases of Clostridium difficile infections
 - Hospital wide CLABSI's
 - Hospital Wide CAUTI's
 - Number of Operative procedures identified by CDPH as consistent with meeting the requirements of Health and Safety Code (HSC) Section 1288.55 for reporting SSI's.
 - All Healthcare associated Surgical Site infections of deep incisional or organ space surgical sites, healthcare associated infections of orthopedic surgical sites, cardiac



surgical sites, and gastrointestinal surgical sites designated as clean and clean-contaminated as outlined in HSC 128.55.

13. Education

- Orientation for all hospital employees shall include general information on potential infection risks, transmission routes, and infection prevention measures, proper hand hygiene, isolation precautions, and environmental cleaning and disinfection.
- b. Annual review of infection control principles shall be done through a computer-based learning system (Health Stream) and tracked by the Education Department.
- Department specific education shall be done as deemed necessary by the Infection Control Medical Director and/or the Infection Prevention Nurses, working in conjunction with department managers.
- d. Training material in all areas of education shall be kept current and conform to current information pertaining to the prevention and control of infectious diseases. Infection Control Nurses shall attend annual hospital-funded continuing education programs to maintain current in principles of Infection Prevention and Control and epidemiology.
- e Quarterly In-service presentations are provided to the Infection Control Resource Groups (ICRG). The ICRG is comprised of staff members from all nursing departments and ancillary departments (Lab, RT, etc.).

14. ECH Infection Prevention and Management Infection Control Committee Involvement– FY 2017

a. The Infection Prevention Nurses are active members of the following committees:



- 1) CAUTI Reduction Task Force
- 2) CLABSI Reduction Taskforce
- 3) SSI Reduction Task Force: Los Gatos Campus
- 4) Critical Care Committee
- 5) Antibiotic Stewardship
- 6) Emergency Management
- 7) Sepsis Committee
- 8) Value Analysis

15. Research

- a) Research and investigate unusual cases, infections, or issues pertaining to Infection Control through ongoing literature review and web-based search activities.
- b) Identify and report unusual cases, infections, or trends at scientific meetings or in the medical literature.
- c) Participate in any regional or national Infection Control projects as is feasible and appropriate.
- d) Participate in government- or pharmaceutically-sponsored clinical research projects pertaining to Infection Control as feasible and appropriate.
- e) Identify opportunities for independent directed clinical research and focused projects within the hospital and surrounding facilities as feasible and appropriate.
- f) Lend knowledge and practical support to other departments or units participating in clinical research studies including but not limited to the Microbiology Laboratory, Employee Health Services, Pharmacy Services, and Patient Care Services.

16. Liaison

- a) Provide ongoing expert advice and consultation as appropriate to other departments including but not limited to Microbiology Laboratory, Employee Wellness and Health Services, Pharmacy Services, and Environmental Services.
- b) Coordinate Infection Control activities with other departments or units including but not limited to Dialysis Services, Patient Care Services, Microbiology Laboratory, Pathology, Employee Wellness and Health Services, Pharmacy Services, and Environmental Services.



- c) Function as a liaison to the Santa Clara Public Health Department and other agencies.
- d) Function as a liaison to Infection Control Programs at other hospitals and long-term care facilities.

17. Policy Formation

- a) Policies and procedures shall be reviewed on a regular basis with changes made as new guidelines and information become available.
- b) Standard Precautions shall be practiced in all areas of the hospital and are the basic standard of care for all patients.
- Additional transmission-based precautions shall be used in addition to standard precautions for specific diseases or organisms to prevent their transmission.
- d) Infection control departmental policies are found on the toolbox.

18. Quality Improvement

- a) Provide ongoing evaluation and assessment of the goals and accomplishments of the Infection Control Program to ensure that it meets the needs of the hospital, employees, physicians, patient population, and visitors.
- Evaluation of the Infection Control Plan shall be done at least annually or when a change in the scope of the Infection Control Program or in the Infection Control risk analysis occurs.
 Assessment of Infection Control strategies shall also be evaluated for their effectiveness at preventing infections.

19. Environmental Conditions

- a. To ensure a safe environment during times of construction and or remodeling, protective measures shall be approved by the Infection Control Staff and implemented before the project commences. All construction projects will have an Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) performed by the Infection Control staff prior to start of construction.
- b. Routine microbiological surveillance of the inanimate hospital environment or of personnel, with the exception of



research purposes, shall be done on an as needed basis (to be determined by the Infection Control Nurse).

- c. Sterile Processing: Cleaning, disinfection and sterilization. Steam, Sterrad and ETO sterilizers shall be monitored according to current best practice guidelines. Instrument cleaning, disinfection and sterilization procedures shall be performed according to the manufacturer's recommended instructions for use.
- d. Endoscopes: Instrument cleaning, disinfection and sterilization shall be monitored each cycle by Steris/ Medivators quality indicators according to current best practice guidelines and manufacturer's instructions for use.
- e. All probes & TEE scopes: Instrument cleaning, disinfection and sterilization shall be monitored each use by quality indicators according to current best practice guidelines and manufacturer's instructions for use.
- f. Water used to prepare dialysis fluid shall be tested according to current AAMI standards. Current testing includes at least once a month. It shall contain a total viable microbial count not greater than < 100 cfu/ml; Endotoxin level < 0.25 EU/MI).

20. Reporting Mechanisms

- Patients admitted with a reportable or communicable disease or who develop such a disease while hospitalized shall be reported to Infection Control by admitting staff, care coordinators, case managers or direct care providers.
- b. Physicians shall be encouraged to report infections that occur after discharge that could be related with a recent hospitalization.
- Suspected exposure of pre-hospital care providers to infectious diseases shall be reported to infection control by emergency department staff or by the designated officer of the pre-hospital care giver. Each case shall be evaluated



and exposure confirmation determined. The proper forms shall be sent to the designated officer and to the Public Health Department. (See Policy & Procedure Pre-hospital Communicable Disease Exposure.)

d. A report regarding all infection control activities shall be made each quarter to the Infection Control Committee. The report shall include appropriate results related to routine surveillance, sentinel organisms, emerging pathogens, public health issues, employee health issues and special studies or reports. Copies of the committee meeting minutes shall be forwarded to the Medical Executive Committee. C. diff and MRSA Hospital Onset incidence rates and prevalence (new and old cases) shall be reported to individual departments on a quarterly basis. MRSA Screening compliance, Hand Hygiene/PPE compliance, Blood Stream infection rates are also reported to individual departments on a quarterly basis



| APPROVAL | APPROVAL DATES |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Infection Control Committee | 1/2018 |
| ePolicy Committee: | 2/2018 |
| MEC: | |
| Board of Directors: | |

Historical Approvals:

Board of Directors: 5/01, 7/9/03, 3/2/05, 10/5/05, 1/4/06, 5/11/07, 11/14/07, 9/9/09, 4/14/10, 5/11/11, 10/12, 2/14, 2/15, 1/2016, 4/2017

REFERENCES:

- 1. Deborah Yokoe et al. Compendium of Strategies to Prevent Hospital Acquired Infections in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S12-S21.
- 2. Jonas Maschall et al. Strategies to Prevent Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S22-S30.
- 3. Susan Coffin et al. Strategies to Prevent Ventilator Acquired Pneumonia in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S31-S60.
- 4. Deverick J. et al. Strategies to Prevent Surgical Site Infections in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S51-S61.
- 5. David Calfee et al. Strategies to Prevent Transmission of Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S62-S80.
- 6. Erik Dubberke et al. Strategies to Prevent *Clostridium difficile* Infection in Acute Care Hospitals ICHE 2008:29; S81-S92.

ATTACHMENTS: See top right hand corner Attachments tab

IC Plan Evaluation-Annual Report FY 2017

Infection Control Risk Assessment



| Enterprise Risk Factor/Event Measurement FY17 Rate | FY17 Goal | Probability Risk Will Occur (1=low, 2=mod, 3=high) | Potential Severity if Risk Occurs (1=low, 2=mod, | ee ≣i | FY17 Outcome (compared to annual goal or | Priority Rank The higher the score the greater the risk of HAIs. | FY18 Goal / Benchma rk | Comments: |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|-------|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Acute HO Foley Cath Urinary Tract Infection MV:# 20/LG:# 1 New Infections/1000 Cath Days rate: 1.06 | Rate: 0.23 SIR < 1.0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 10 | SIR ≤0.75 | Rate increased from FY 16 to FY 17 FY16: 0.36 vs FY17: 1.06 Enterprise: FY16 (8) vs FY17 MV: (20)/LG: (1) CAUTI Task Force in place. Daily tracking of Foley Catheters. New NPSG for CAUTI Prevention. Provide education to patients. Provide education to physicians. Provide education to nurses. Partner with nursing to evaluate patient hygiene management policy |
| Total Knee Surgical Site Infection MV:#0/LG# 3 New Infections/100 Procedures 0.34/LG-SIR 1.73 | SIR ≤1.0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 10 | SIR < 1.0 | Enterprise rate increased from FY16: 0.34 vs FY17: 0.56 (2) vs FY17 MV: (0)/LG: (3) NHSN -LG had (1) more Knee infection than expected, Goal: SIR rate <1.0. Strategies: Start SSI Reduction Task Force at LG to include Peri-op, Medical Director of Quality, Risk Management to work on best pracice guidelines to reduce SSI. |



| Total Hip Surgical Site Infection MV:#3/LG:#0 New Infections/100 Procedures rate: 0.68/-SIR ≤1.0 | SIR ≤1.0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 10 | SIR < 1.0 | Enterprise rate decreased from FY16: 0.68 vs FY17:0.51 FY16 MV (3)/LG: (1) SSI's/FY17: MV:(3) /LG (0) GOAL: SIR Rate < 1.0 Continue to investigate SSI to determine best practice guidelines to decrease SSI. Med. Dir. to follow-up with surgeons. Start Nose-to-toes program - Enterprise |
|---|-----------|---|---|---|---|----|-----------|--|
| Spinal Fusion Surgical Site Infection MV:# 0/LG# 1 New Infections/100 Procedures Rate 0.17/ SIR≤1 | SIR ≤1.0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | SIR < 1.0 | Enterprise rate decreased from FY16: 0.66 vs FY17:0.17 FY16 MV (1)/LG: (2) SSI's/FY17: MV:(0) /LG (1) Rate < 1.0 Continue to investigate SSI to determine best practice guidelines to decrease SSI. Med. Dir. to follow-up with surgeons. Start Nose-to-toes program - Enterprise |
| Laminectomy Surgical Site Infection MV:#0/LG:1-New Infections/100 Procedures 0.23/SIR ≤1 | SIR < 1.0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | SIR < 1.0 | Enterprise rate decrease FY16: 0.23 vs.FY17: 0.20 MV: FY16 (0) vs. FY17 (0) LG: FY16 (1) vs. FY17 (1) MV: met goal, post discharge surveillance monitoring for identifying SSI in place. Implemented SSI reduction taskforce with neurosurgeons, ID and periop director, established strategies to decrease spine SSI. Accomplished goal of providing CHG Scrubs, in pre-op to spine patients. |



| CLABSI MV:#6/LG:#1 Infections/1000 Central Line Days 0.57 | SIR ≤1.0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 8 | SIR < 0.5 | Increased FY16: rate 0.08 to FY17: 0.57 MV: FY16 (1)/LG: (0) vs MV: FY17 (6)/ LG: (1) Improved outcome was the result of the CLABSI Reduction Task Force. Multiple measures were implemented to reeducate the nursing staff on best practice guidelnes for: CVL, linecare, dressing changes, blood draws |
|--|----------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|--|
| MDRGNR: Hospital Onset Infections MV:#1/LG:#0 Infections/10,000 Patient Days Rate:0.10 | 1.40 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0.50 | Met goal. Continue to work to sustain improvement with current measures. Enterprise rate decrease FY2016: 0.11 vs FY2017: 0.10 MV: decrase FY16 (1) cases vs. FY17 (1) case Note: Increase risk of CRE in local SNF. Strategy to screen patients on admission from high risk facilites |
| MRSA: Hospital Onset Infections MV:#3/LG:#3 Infections/10,000 Patient Days Rate: 0.50 | 1.40 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0.90 | Met goal. Continue to work to sustain improvement with current measures. Enterprise rate FY2016: 0.56 vs FY2017: 0.50 |
| Clostridium difficile: Hospital Onset MV:#18/LG:#1 Infections/10,000 Patient Days 1.69 | ≤7.0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | SIR ≤ 0.7 | Decreased HO rate FY16 rate: 1.96. vs FY17 1.69 Enterprise: FY16 (17) vs. FY17 (19) Sustain improvement with current measures. Daily tracking of all C. diff patients. Process in place for notifying clinical managers, unit staff, EVS and MD attending on all HO cases to provide education on transmission and hand hygiene compliance. Surveillance system in place to test high risk patients on |

NOTE: Printed copies of this document are uncontrolled. In the case of a conflict between printed and electronic versions of this document, the electronic version prevails.



| | | | | | | | | admission. IC nurse member of the Antibiotic stewardship committee to present C.diff data. |
|---|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|----------|--|
| Operating Room/ IUSS | IUSS <5.0% | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | IUSS <5% | Sustained improvement with current measures. Daily huddle with SPD staff and OR Staff |
| Personal Protective Equip % Observed Compliance 100% | 95% | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1.00 | PPE/ Isolation education to all staff during general hospital orientation. PPE education to visitors and patients in isolation. Monitoring system in place; follow up process for notification of non- compliant staff. |
| Hand Hygiene % Observed Compliance Entry: 97% Exit: 96% | 95% | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 95% | Monitoring system in place; follow up process for notification of non-compliant staff. Ongoing yearly hand hygiene campaign during IC week in Oct. Provide education/ demonstration to staff on WHO hand hygiene guidelines during general hospital orientation. |
| MRSA Screening % "At Risk" with Screen Ordered 91% | 90% | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 90% | Met goal. Continue daily census audit for high-risk patients. Documentation of MRSA education by IC Nurses/staff nurses. |



| TITLE: | ADT ICU-LG |
|-------------------|---|
| CATEGORY: | Patient Care Services |
| LAST APPROVAL: | |
| | |
| TYPE: | □ Policy □ Protocol □ Practice Guideline □ Standardized □ Procedure □ Plan ☑ Scope of Service/ADT Procedure |
| SUB-CATEGORY: | Patient Care Services |
| OFFICE OF ORIGIN: | P & P Workgroup LG |
| ORIGINAL DATE: | |
| | |

I. COVERAGE:

All LG El Camino Hospital staff

II. PURPOSE:

- To establish criteria for the admission/discharge/transfer of patients to/from the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) LG.
- To define patient populations which are appropriate for admission to the ICU.
- To identify any exclusion criteria for ICU.

III. POLICY STATEMENT:

It is the procedure of El Camino Hospital regarding ICU admissions, to ensure patient safety Patient admissions, discharges and transfers to/from Intensive Care Unit(ICU) will be in accordance with the established admission, discharge and transfer criteria.

IV. PROCEDURE:

A. Admission to the ICU

The Intensive Care Unit (ICU) provides extraordinary care for critically ill
patients. All admissions are screened for appropriateness by a ICU charge RN or
Nursing Unit Coordinator (NUC)designee. Admissions or transfers who do not
clearly meet the admission criteria are referred to the Medical Director/designee
for review and approval.

Transfers from other hospitals are referred to an attending primary

MDphysician-caring for the patient and transfers are coordinated by an ICU
charge RN and/or Assistant Hospital Manager/Supervisor. (in collaboration
with the Pre-Admission Coordinator). The ICU charge RN conducts daily rounds
with the Medical Director to identify patients ready for transfer/discharge and
to review pending admissions. During times of high census, the Charge RN and

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CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL:

Medical Director triage patients as often as necessary to avoid Emergency Department ambulance diversions. It is the responsibility of the ICU Medical Director to decide if a patient meets eligibility requirements for the ICU. In cases of conflict, the medical director will decide which patients have priority for placement in the ICU and if a primary physician is in disagreement with the director's decision, he/she may appeal the case to the Medical Chief of Staff. The case will be reviewed by the Special Services Committee.

B. Admission Exclusion Criteria:

- Irreversible primary pathology which will lead to imminent demise despite therapy. e.g. "Comfort Care Patients"
- 2. Children <u>less than 13 years of age and</u> weighing less than <u>eighty pounds36</u> kilograms.
- 3. Patients not requiring critical care nursing/NIM < 4-3
- 4. Hours of nursing care less than a 1RN per 2 patient ratios

C. Admission Criteria:

- 1. Includes but is not limited to:
- Acute respiratory distress requiring continuous intervention/nursing observation and/or intubation.
- Impending respiratory failure for:
 - a. Respiratory muscle fatigue with associated tachypnea/O2 desaturation
 - b. Acute hypoxia
 - X-ray or endoscopic evidence of airway narrowing and/or imminent occlusion with/without stridor
 - d. Acute hypercapnia (pH less than 7.3 with corresponding pC02 elevation).
- 4. IV vasoactive drugs requiring frequent titration and/or monitoring.
- 5.4. Treatment of shock Severe Sepsis/Septic Shock per protocol:
 - a. Impending shock unresponsive to a fluid bolus.
 - b. Overt shock with impaired mentation
 - c.—urine output < 0.5cc/kg/hr
 - d.—Mean BP<65 and/or SBP<20mm Hg below patient's norm.



CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL:

5. Active hemorrhaging

- 6-5. Hemodynamic evaluation requiring the use of specialized critical care equipment:
 - -IABP
 - -PA line
 - -ICP
 - -CVVH
 - -Continuous Cardiac Output monitoring
 - -Continuous ScVo2 monitoring

•

- ₹-6. Status post Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation and/or Therapeutic Hypothermia.
- 8. Immediate post-op coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) or Cardio/Thoracic/vascular surgeries.
- Cardio/Thoracic/Vascular surgeries
- 9-8. Neuro/neuro-surgeicalry patients with uncontrolled seizures, invasive monitoring systems, or frequent monitoring of unstable respiratory/neuro status.
- <u>10.9.</u> Life threatening unstable dysrhythmia requiring frequent clinical intervention(s).
- 11.10. Acute/unstable myocardial infarction (AMI).
- 12.11. High probability R/O MI or unstable angina with:
 - a. ST segment elevation or depression and/or
 - b. Positive cardiac injury markers and/or
 - c. High risk coronary disease with ongoing chest pain and/or
 - d. Treatment with intravenous vasoactive medications
- <u>13.12.</u> Transvenous or percutaneous cardiac pacemaker with underlying life threatening dysrhythmias.
- 14.13. Close observation for severe metabolic and/or chemical imbalances. (DKA/ Hyperglycemia/Hypoglycemia etc) requiring frequent pharmacological interventions.
- 45.14. Drug overdose patients requiring:
 - a. Airway management or ventilatory support
 - b. Hemodynamic stabilization.
 - c. Arrhythmia observation and/or intervention
 - d. Restraints (Medically Necessary) for agitated/combative behaviors.
- 16. Dialysis patients requiring pressor support during or post dialysis.



CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL:

| 2) All p | pediatric patients meeting the minimum age and weight | |
|------------------|---|--|
| , <u> </u> | requirement of 80# and/or 13 years of age. All pediatric | |
| | patients will have a pediatrician in attendance. | |
| 3) 2) | High risk Post-Operative patients at high risk for complications. | |
| 4) 3) | Thrombolytic therapy for pulmonary embolism, AMI, or any | |
| | other embolic event | |
| 5) 4) | Severe Sepsis /Septic Shock | |

D. Discharge and Transfer Criteria:

A patient is appropriate for discharge or transfer from the ICU when medical criteria has been met. Discharge and transfer evaluations occur daily and are the responsibility of attending physician in collaboration with consultant physicians.

Patients for discharge and transfer from the ICU must meet the following medical criteria:

- 1. Patients must have a stable airway which includes:
- a. Breathing spontaneously without mechanical ventilation for <u>a minimum of 4</u> hours following extubation.
 - (b) O2 Saturations > 9088/9, Respiratory rate(> 8 or <32/min) with or without supplemental O2
 - i. (c) absence of signs/symptoms of respiratory distress
- 2. Patients who achieve hemodynamic stability and no longer require vasoactive drug titration therapy.

Once a vasoactive drug has been weaned and discontinued, a patient must remain in ICU a minimum of four 4 hours. to insure hemodynamic stability prior to transfer.

b. (3) Patients who are hemodynamically stable for 4 hours and (1) have:

(2) Mean BP greater than 65 and/or

(3) Mean BP within 10mm Hg of the patient's norm

(4)b. and/or

i. (c) Urine output greater than 0.5 cc/kg/hr except for those patients in acute or chronic renal failure.

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CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL:

(d) Blood Pressure/Pulse rate parameters ordered by a physician if (a),(b) and are not m

APPROVAL:

| ALL KOVAL | |
|---|----------------|
| APPROVING COMMITTEES AND AUTHORIZING BODY | APPROVAL DATES |
| Originating Committee or UPC Committee | 1/2018 |
| ePolicy Committee: | 2/2018 |
| Medical Executive Committee: | |
| Board of Directors: | |
| | |
| Historical Approvals: | |

New: 06/09, 03/2012.

Special Services: 8/00, 10/03, 11/06, 02/09

Patient Care Management Council: 12/00, 10/03, 02/05, 11/06, 01/09, 03/2012 Medical Executive Committee: 02/04, 03/05, 11/06, 02/09, 04/12,2/15

Board of Directors: 03/04, 04/05, 12/06, 03/09, 05/09/2012, 3/15



TITLE: ADT Short Stay Nursing Unit

CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 5/2012

 □Policy
 □Protocol
 □Practice Guideline
 ☑Standardized

 □Procedure
 □Plan
 □Scope of Service
 Procedure/ADT

SUB-CATEGORY: ADT Short Stay Nursing Unit

OFFICE OF ORIGIN:

ORIGINAL DATE: 02/2009

I. COVERAGE:

Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department

II. PURPOSE:

- To establish criteria for the admission/transfer/discharge of patients to/from Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department
- To define patient populations which are appropriate for admissions to the Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department
- To identify any exclusion criteria for Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department
- III. STATEMENT: Patient admissions, discharges and transfers to/from short stay department will be in accordance with the established admission, discharge and transfer criteria.

IV. PROCEDURE:

A. Admission to Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department

All admissions will be approved for appropriateness by the charge nurse or Clinical Manager. The Hospital Supervisor- - may also be utilized to evaluate admissions.

B. Admission Criteria: ADULT

- 1. Short stay patients/Outpatients undergoing interventional radiology requiring routine pre-procedure and post-procedure care.
- 2. Surgical patients requiring routine pre-operative and post-operative care.
- 3. Endoscopy/Bronchoscocpy requiring pre and post-procedural care (LG only)
- 4. Post cardiovascular procedure patients requiring local telemetry monitoring and planned for same day discharge. Limited to the following elective

 \checkmark



TITLE: ADT Short Stay Nursing Unit

CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 5/2012

procedures without complications: radial PCI, electrophysiology studies, electrophysiology ablations, cardiac rhythm management devices. (MV only)

C. Admission Criteria: -PEDIATRIC PATIENTS

The Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department delivers care
to -pediatric patients. All admissions and transfers will be approved for
appropriateness by the charge nurse or nurse manager. Any admissions
which do not clearly meet the admission criteria will be referred to the
Hospital Supervisor for final review and approval. Transfers from other
hospitals will be referred to the primary MD-attending physician caring for
the patient and will be coordinated by the Hospital Supervisor.

D. Exclusion Criteria: **ADULT PATIENTS**

- 1. Patients who require frequent observations and interventions beyond the routine pre-operative and post-operative period.
- 2. Patients requiring telemetry monitoring (LG only)
- 3. Any patient Hhemodynamically unstable patients.
- 4. Patients admitted for transfusions/infusions/pain control medications that require frequent monitoring and observation due to complex medical needs.

1

- E. Exclusion Criteria:-PEDIATRIC PATIENTS
 - 1. Unstable –pediatric patients who require intensive care or frequent monitoring.
- F. Transfer Criteria for Short Stay Nursing Unit Outpatient Surgery Department <u>ADULT</u> & -PEDIATRIC PATIENTS
 - 1. Transfer from the Short Stay Nursing/Outpatient Surgery Department within the hospital will be dependent upon special needs of patients and, ADT criteria of the unit i.e., acuity level, bed space, staffing levels and the operating hours of the Short Stay Nursing/Outpatient Surgery Department.
 - Transfer from Short Stay Nursing Unit/Outpatient Surgery Department to another facility. See Patient Care Services Policy & Procedure Manual ADT: Transfer to Other Acute Care Facilities.

2.3.

G. Discharge Criteria for Short Stay Nursing/Outpatient Surgery Department– <u>ADULT & PEDIATRIC-PATIENTS</u>

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TITLE: ADT Short Stay Nursing Unit

CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 5/2012

1. Patients who exhibit their optimal level of functioning and can manage <u>ADL</u>/self-care or have caretakers(s) providing such may be discharged home.

- 2. Patients and/or caretaker/parent, family have an understanding of:
 - a. -Activity and diet orders
 - b. Physician follow-up
 - c. Medications-
 - d. Potential complications and reporting mechanism.
- 3. Discharge Process
 - a. Patients/responsible adult have and/or caretaker/parent, family have had
 -written discharge instructions and medication reconciliation form
 reviewed, and verbalized understanding and signed. voiced
 - b) Patients/ responsible adult and /or caretaker/parent, family have any supplies as needed
- H. Exclusion Criteria for discharge in Short Stay/Outpatient Surgery Department-ADULTS AND PEDIATRIC PATIENTS
 - 1. Any patient without discharge order post-operative/post-procedure

A. _Applicable Regulations:

- a. (TJC) JOINT COMMISSION
- b. Title XXII

V. APPROVAL:

| APPROVING COMMITTEES AND AUTHORIZING BODY | APPROVAL DATES |
|---|----------------|
| Originating Committee or UPC Committee | 12/2017 |
| ePolicy Committee: | 2/2018 |
| Medical Executive Committee: | |
| Board of Directors: | |
| | |
| Historical Approvals: | 4/2009, 5/2012 |

VI. ATTACHMENTS (N/A):



| TITLE: | ADT PACU | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CATEGORY: | Patient Care Services | | | | | | | | |
| LAST APPROVAL: | 3/2015 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| TYPE: | □ Policy □ Protocol □ Practice Guideline □ Standardized □ Procedure □ Plan ☑ Scope of Service/ADT Procedure | | | | | | | | |
| SUB-CATEGORY: | PACU | | | | | | | | |
| OFFICE OF ORIGIN: | PACU | | | | | | | | |
| ORIGINAL DATE: | 5/1995 | | | | | | | | |

I. COVERAGE:

All El Camino Hospital Staff

II. PURPOSE:

To establish appropriate standards and safety of patients during admission and discharge from the PACU unit.

III. STATEMENT:

It is the policy of El Camino Hospital regarding Admission to and Discharge from the PACU to ensure patient safety.

IV. DEFINITIONS:

- PACU- Post Anesthesia Care Unit
- PONV- Post Operative Nausea and Vomiting
- POSS- Pasero Opioid Sedation Scale
- MAC Monitored Anesthesia Care

V. <u>REFERENCES:</u>

Perianesthesia Nursing Standards and Practice Recommendations 2010-2012; 2012-2014; ASPAN (American Society of PeriAnesthesia Nurses; McLaughlin M, Standards and Guidelines Committee Chair.

A Competency Based Orientation and Credentialing Program for the Registered Nurse in the PeriAnesthesia Setting, 2009 Edition; ASPAN (American Society of PeriAnesthesia Nurses; Godden B, Editor.

VI. PROCEDURE:

A. Admission Criteria:

- 1. Patients passing exclusion criteria.
- 2. General, MAC, or Regional Post Anesthesia patients.



TITLE: ADT PACU

CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 3/2015

3. Moderate Sedation patients with unstable vital signs, loss of protective reflexes, or unstable level of consciousness, and/or Modified Aldrete Score less than 8.

4. Exclusion criteria: Patients not intended to be extubated before or during post anesthesia care phase.

B. Discharge:

- 1. Discharge criteria are established by Department of Anesthesia and reviewed annually.
- 2. The PACU nurse will call <u>patient</u> report on the patient to <u>receiving a nurse nurse nurse unit</u> after the patient meets discharge criteria.
- 3. Patients not meeting discharge criteria will be assessed by an anesthesiologist.
- C. Discharge Criteria:
- 1. Airway is patent and protective reflexes are intact
- Respirations are effective with visible chest rise and fall; oxygen saturation is equal to or greater than 92% on room air or low flow oxygen support or to pre-anesthesia baseline;
- 3. Vital Signs are stabilized to pre-anesthesia baseline and/or Post-Anesthesia Status Score is equal to or greater than 8. POSS score 1 or 2
- 4. Thermoregulation: Temperature is greater than 36 degrees C or 96.8 degrees F.
- 5. Pain/comfort: managed using appropriate pain scale Patients able to verbalize or communicate tolerable pain level with optimal function.
 - 6. Sensory/motor function: Returned to pre-anesthesia baseline or has descended to spinal level T-10 or below after Epidural/Spinal.
 - Surgical site/dressing: is clean/dry/intact or reinforced. Line and tubes are intact and patient.
 - 8. Patient is observed for peak effect of narcotic.
 - 9. Patient is observed for two hours after administration of Naloxone or Flumazenil or transferred to same level of care.

VII. APPROVAL:

| APPROVING COMMITTEES AND AUTHORIZING BODY | APPROVAL DATES |
|---|--|
| Originating Committee or UPC Committee | 12/2017 |
| ePolicy Committee: | 2/2018 |
| Medical Executive Committee: | |
| Board of Directors: | |
| | |
| Historical Approvals: | 3/2004, 4/205, 12/2006, 3/2009, 5/2012, 3/2015 |

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TITLE: ADT PACU

CATEGORY: Patient Care Services

LAST APPROVAL: 3/2015





Summary of Financial Operations

Fiscal Year 2018 – Period 7 7/1/2017 to 1/31/2018

Financial Overview

Volume:

- For the year, overall volume, measured in adjusted discharges is 5.9% higher than budget.
- IP cases are 5.1% over budget, specifically Neurosciences, HVI, BHS, Oncology and General Medicine. Deliveries are slightly lower to prior year and 2.9% below budget
- OP cases are higher than budget in General Surgery, General Medicine, Emergency, Lab, Imaging Services, MCH, Rehab, Outpatient Clinics and Urology.

Financial Performance:

- Operating income is \$4.4M over budget. Revenue for the month include -\$453K in unusual items. For the year op margin is \$38.5M ahead of target

Payor Mix:

- Commercial insurance is 0.1% more of the Payor Mix in January than budget where Medicare has decreased .6%.

Cost:

- Prod Hrs/APD for January is 28.5 and better than budget . YTD we are slightly better than budget

Balance Sheet:

- Net days in AR is 48.1 which is .1 days more than budget.

Dashboard - ECH combined as of January 31, 2018

| | | Mont | h | | | YTD | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------|------------|-----------|
| | PY | CY | Bud/Target | Variance | PY | CY | Bud/Target | Variance |
| | | | | CY vs Bud | | | | CY vs Bud |
| Volume | | | | | | | | |
| Licenced Beds | 443 | 443 | 443 | - | 443 | 443 | 443 | - |
| ADC | 257 | 261 | 255 | 7 | 235 | 244 | 236 | 8 |
| Utilization MV | 71% | 70% | 71% | 0% | 64% | 67% | 65% | 2% |
| Utilization LG | 31% | 35% | 30% | 5% | 29% | 30% | 29% | 2% |
| Utilization Combined | 58% | 59% | 57% | 2% | 53% | 55% | 53% | 2% |
| Total Discharges (Excl NNB) | 1,802 | 1,836 | 1,707 | 129 | 11,372 | 12,081 | 11,516 | 565 |
| Financial Perf. | | | | | | | | |
| Total Operating Revenue | 69,528 | 78,848 | 72,943 | 5,905 | 488,297 | 540,540 | 499,101 | 41,438 |
| Operating Income \$ | 9,347 | 10,397 | 5,962 | 4,435 | 62,425 | 87,043 | 48,508 | 38,535 |
| Operating Margin | 13.4% | 13.2% | 8.2% | 5.0% | 12.8% | 16.1% | 9.7% | 6.4% |
| EBITDA % | 19.8% | 18.9% | 15.3% | 3.5% | 19.2% | 21.9% | 16.8% | 5.1% |
| Payor Mix | | | | | | | | |
| Medicare | 51.2% | 50.7% | 47.4% | 3.3% | 47.3% | 46.8% | 47.4% | -0.6% |
| Medi-Cal | 7.5% | 8.7% | 7.2% | 1.5% | 7.2% | 7.9% | 7.2% | 0.7% |
| Total Commercial | 38.8% | 38.5% | 42.9% | -4.4% | 43.0% | 43.0% | 42.9% | 0.1% |
| Other | 2.5% | 2.0% | 2.5% | -0.5% | 2.5% | 2.3% | 2.5% | -0.2% |
| Cost | | | | | | | | |
| Total FTE | 2,527.8 | 2,599.8 | 2,569.8 | 30 | 2,479.9 | 2,573.6 | 2,512.1 | 62 |
| Productive Hrs/APD | 29.5 | 28.5 | 29.5 | (1) | 30.4 | 29.9 | 30.8 | (1) |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | | | |
| Net Days in AR | 44.8 | 48.1 | 48.0 | 0 | 44.8 | 48.1 | 48.0 | 0 |
| Days Cash | 444 | 486 | 266 | 220 | 444 | 486 | 266 | 220 |
| Affiliates - Net I | Affiliates - Net Income (\$000s) | | | | | | | |
| Hosp | 21,393 | 39,597 | 6,187 | 33,410 | 86,923 | 147,285 | 50,085 | 97,200 |
| Concern | 255 | 82 | 97 | (14) | 725 | 1,111 | 855 | 255 |
| ECSC | (1) | (1) | 0 | (1) | (54) | (21) | 0 | (21) |
| Foundation | 147 | 627 | (22) | 650 | 1,675 | 2,217 | 392 | 1,824 |
| SVMD | 200 | (332) | 6 | (338) | 190 | 134 | (7) | 141 |

Budget Variances

Fiscal Year 2018 YTD (7/1/2017-01/31/2018) Waterfall

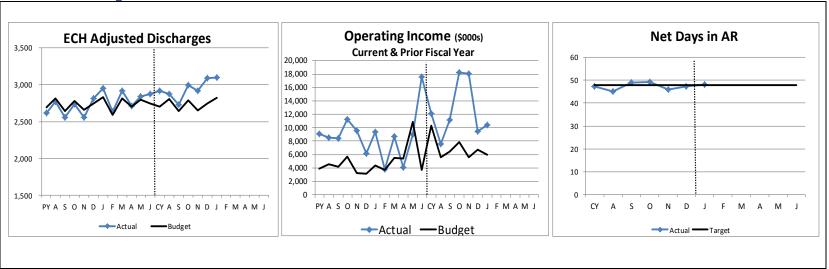
| | Year to D | ate (YTD) |
|---|----------------------|---------------|
| (in thousands; \$000s) | Net Income Impact | % Net Revenue |
| Budgeted Hospital Operations FY2018 | 48,508 | 9.7% |
| Net Revenue - Favorable due higher volume, favorable payor mix and \$13 million unusual items | 41,438 | 7.7% |
| Labor and Benefit Expense Change - Labor favorable vs budget after adjusting for higher volume | (2,933) | -0.5% |
| Professional Fees & Purchased Services - Recruiting costs and backfill for vacant position; | (2,389) | -0.4% |
| Supplies - unfavorable due to increase in surgical and other general supplies, offset by savings in Spine supplies as well as Drugs. Higher volumes also driving increase. | (2,290) | -0.4% |
| Other Expenses - primarily due to no strategic fund expenses offset with property tax retro payment and regular payment for half year. | 788 | 0.1% |
| Depreciation & Interest - Favorable due to delay in Parking Structure as well as LG projects | 3,920 | 0.7% |
| Actual Hospital Operations FY2018 | 87,043 | 16.1% |

El Camino Hospital (\$000s)

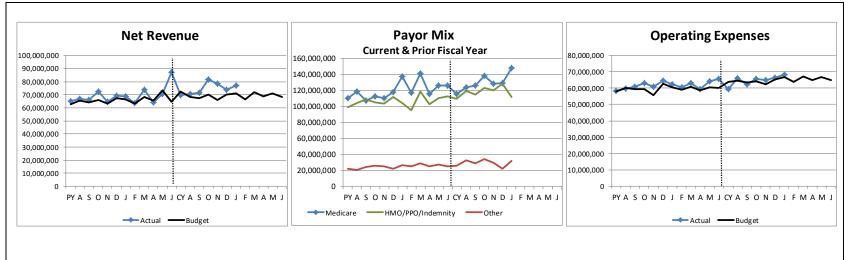
7 months ending 01/31/2018

| Period 7 | Period 7 | Period 7 | Variance | | | YTD | YTD | YTD | Variance | |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| FY 2017 | FY 2018 | Budget 2018 | Fav (Unfav) | Var% | \$000s | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | Budget 2018 | Fav (Unfav) | Var% |
| | | | | | OPERATING REVENUE | | | | | |
| 268,834 | 291,509 | 275,872 | 15,636 | 5.7% | Gross Revenue | 1,719,213 | 1,942,283 | 1,854,256 | 88,027 | 4.7% |
| (200,008) | (214,583) | (204,784) | (9,799) | 1.0% | Deductions | (1,246,351) | (1,419,472) | (1,368,942) | (50,529) | 3.7% |
| 68,826 | 76,925 | 71,088 | 5,837 | 8.2% | Net Patient Revenue | 472,861 | 522,811 | 485,313 | 37,498 | 7.7% |
| 702 | 1,923 | 1,855 | 68 | 3.7% | Other Operating Revenue | 15,436 | 17,728 | 13,788 | 3,940 | 28.6% |
| 69,528 | 78,848 | 72,943 | 5,905 | 8.1% | Total Operating Revenue | 488,297 | 540,540 | 499,101 | 41,438 | 8.3% |
| | | | | | OPERATING EXPENSE | | | | | |
| 35,920 | 41,150 | 40,884 | (266) | -0.7% | Salaries & Wages | 258,173 | 275,114 | 272,180 | (2,933) | -1.1% |
| 9,650 | 11,779 | 10,789 | (989) | -9.2% | Supplies | 65,356 | 73,109 | 70,820 | (2,290) | -3.2% |
| 7,763 | 8,904 | 7,798 | (1,106) | -14.2% | Fees & Purchased Services | 54,659 | 57,739 | 55,350 | (2,389) | -4.3% |
| 2,420 | 2,132 | 2,293 | 161 | 7.0% | Other Operating Expense | 16,418 | 16,217 | 17,005 | 788 | 4.6% |
| 444 | 256 | 725 | 470 | 64.8% | Interest | 2,979 | 2,861 | 5,078 | 2,217 | 43.7% |
| 3,984 | 4,231 | 4,492 | 261 | 5.8% | Depreciation | 28,286 | 28,457 | 30,161 | 1,703 | 5.6% |
| 60,181 | 68,451 | 66,981 | (1,470) | -2.2% | Total Operating Expense | 425,872 | 453,497 | 450,594 | (2,903) | -0.6% |
| 9,347 | 10,397 | 5,962 | 4,435 | 74.4% | Net Operating Income/(Loss) | 62,425 | 87,043 | 48,508 | 38,535 | 79.4% |
| 12,046 | 29,200 | 225 | 28,975 | 12860.7% | Non Operating Income | 24,497 | 60,242 | 1,577 | 58,665 | 3719.9% |
| 21,393 | 39,597 | 6,187 | 33,410 | 540.0% | Net Income(Loss) | 86,923 | 147,285 | 50,085 | 97,200 | 194.1% |
| 19.8% | 18.9% | 15.3% | 3.5% | | EBITDA | 19.2% | 21.9% | 16.8% | 5.1% | |
| 13.4% | 13.2% | | 5.0% | | Operating Margin | 12.8% | 16.1% | 9.7% | 6.4% | |
| 30.8% | 50.2% | | | | Net Margin | 17.8% | 27.2% | 10.0% | 17.2% | |

Monthly Financial Trends

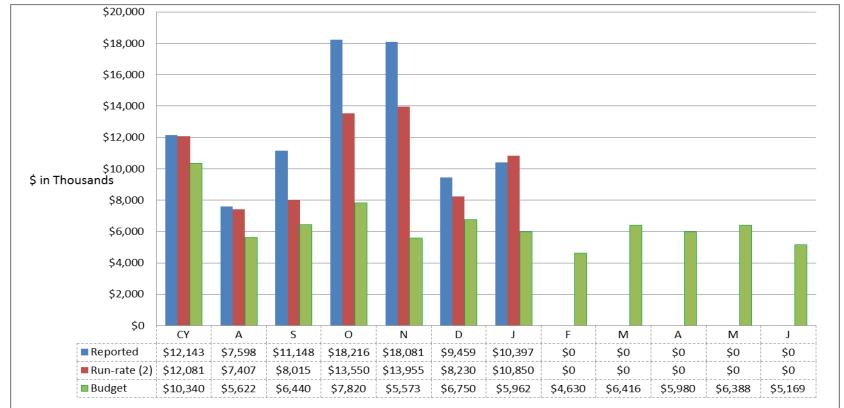


Volume is higher than budgeted for the month and the year. High inpatient volume is in Inpatient Behavioral Health, HVI, Neurosciences and General Medicine. High Outpatient volume is General Medicine, Imaging Services, MCH, Lab, Outpatient Clinics, General Surgery, Emergency and Rehab



ECH Operating Margin

Run rate is booked operating income adjusted for material non-recurring transactions



| Credit Balance Quarterly Review Late Charge Accrual | - | - | 2,201 | 3,283 | - | 472 - | - | 2,67 3,28 |
|--|----|-----|---------|-------|-------|----------|-----|--------------|
| PRIME Incentive | - | - | - 2 201 | - | 2,902 | - 470 | - | 2,90 |
| Hospital Fee | - | - | - | 712 | 1,024 | - | - | 1,73 |
| Mcare Settlmt/Appeal/Tent Settlmt/PIP | 54 | 155 | 905 | 54 | 184 | 81 | 396 | 1,83 |
| Insurance (Payment Variance) | - | - | - | 611 | - | 669 | 28 | 1,3 |
| 2018 Actual Run Rate Adjustments (in thousands) - FAV / <unfav adjustments<="" td="" wenue=""><td>J</td><td>A</td><td>S</td><td>O</td><td>N</td><td>D</td><td>Л</td><td>7</td></unfav> | J | A | S | O | N | D | Л | 7 |

El Camino Hospital Investment Committee Scorecard December 31, 2017

| Key Performance Indicator | Status | El Camino | Benchmark | El Camino | Benchmark | El Camino | Benchmark | FY18 Year-end Budget | Expectation Per Asset Allocation |
|---|--------|------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Investment Performance | | 4 Q | 2017 | Fiscal Ye | ar-to-date | | e Inception alized) | | 2017 |
| Surplus cash balance* | | \$872.0 | | | | | | \$926.1 | |
| Surplus cash return | | 2.6% | 2.7% | 5.4% | 5.6% | 6.0% | 5.9% | 1.9% | 5.7% |
| Cash balance plan balance (millions) | | \$259.2 | | | | | | \$257.1 | |
| Cash balance plan return | | 2.9% | 3.3% | 6.3% | 6.7% | 8.4% | 7.9% | 6.0% | 6.1% |
| 403(b) plan balance (millions) | | \$441.7 | - | | | | | | |
| Risk vs. Return | | 3-у | ear | | | | e Inception alized) | | 2017 |
| Surplus cash Sharpe ratio | | 1.16 | 1.19 | | | 1.44 | 1.42 | | 0.46 |
| Net of fee return | | 5.5% | 5.6% | | | 6.0% | 5.9% | - | 5.7% |
| Standard deviation | | 4.4% | 4.4% | | | 3.9% | 4.0% | - | 7.2% |
| Cash balance Sharpe ratio | | 1.13 | 1.16 | | | 1.51 | 1.47 | - | 0.43 |
| Net of fee return | | 6.7% | 6.5% | | | 8.4% | 7.9% | - | 6.1% |
| Standard deviation | | 5.6% | 5.3% | | | 5.3% | 5.1% | - | 8.7% |
| Asset Allocation | | 4 Q | 2017 | | | | | | |
| Surplus cash absolute variances to target | | 5.9% | < 10% | | | | | - | |
| Cash balance absolute variances to target | | 7.5% | < 10% | | | | | - | |
| Manager Compliance | | 4 Q | 2017 | | | | | | |
| Surplus cash manager flags | | 21 | < 19 Green < 23 Yellow | | | - | | _ | |
| Cash balance plan manager flags | | 23 | < 20 Green < 25 Yellow | - | - | - | - | - | |

^{*}Excludes debt reserve funds (~\$245 mm), District assets (~\$31 mm), and balance sheet cash not in investable portfolio (~\$124 mm).

Includes Foundation (~\$26 mm) and Concern (~\$13 mm) assets. Budget adds back in current Foundation and Concern assets and backs out current debt reserve funds.





El Camino Hospital

Capital Spending (in millions)

| | capital spending (in minoris) | | | | | Variance | | | |
|---|--|------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | | | Total | Total | | | | Between Current | |
| | | | Estimated Cost | Authorized | Spent from | 2018 Current Proj | FY18 Orig Proj | Proj Spend and | |
| (| Category Detail | Approved | of Project | Active | Inception | Spend | Spend | Orig Proj Spend | FY 18 YTD Spent |
| CIP E | EPIC Upgrade | | | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| IT Hardware, S | Software, Equipment & Imaging* | | | 12.2 | 1.0 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| Medical & Non Medical Equipment FY 17** | | | | 14.0 | 12.8 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 8.6 ² | 7.4 |
| Medical & No | n Medical Equipment FY 18*** | | | 5.6 | 1.8 | 3 5.6 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Facility Projec | ts | | | | | | | | |
| | 1245 Behavioral Health Bldg | FY16 | 96.1 | 96.1 | 32.3 | 3 27.0 | 51.4 | -24.4 ¹ | 14.7 |
| | 1413 North Drive Parking Expansion | FY15 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 23.4 | 2.6 | 3.4 | | 3.6 |
| | 1414 Integrated MOB | FY15 | 302.1 | 302.1 | 77.2 | 2 72.0 | 130.1 | -58.1 ¹ | 31.3 |
| | 1422 CUP Upgrade | FY16 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 3.7 | 7 5.5 | 4.0 | | 1.5 |
| | 1430 Women's Hospital Expansion | FY16 | 120.0 | 6.0 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 7.0 | -3.4 | 2.2 |
| | 1425 IMOB Preparation Project - Old Main | FY16 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 7 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| | 1502 Cabling & Wireless Upgrades | FY16 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 5 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| | 1525 New Main Lab Upgrades | | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 3 2.5 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 1.3 |
| | 1515 ED Remodel Triage/Psych Observation | n FY16 | 5.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| | 1503 Willow Pavilion Tomosynthesis | FY16 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 3 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | 1602 JW House (Patient Family Residence) | | 6.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | Site Signage and Other Improvements | ; | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.0 | -0.8 | 0.0 |
| | Nurse Call System Upgrades | | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| | 1707 Imaging Equipment Replacement (5 c | r 6 rooms) | 20.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| | 1708 IR/ Cath Lab Equipment Replacement | | 19.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 2.0 | -1.8 | 0.0 |
| | Flooring Replacement | | 1.6 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| | 1219 LG Spine OR | FY13 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 7 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| | 1313 LG Rehab HVAC System & Structural | FY16 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.: | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| | 1248 LG Imaging Phase II (CT & Gen Rad) | FY16 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 | -0.1 | 0.7 |
| | 1307 LG Upgrades | FY13 | 19.3 | 19.3 | 16.5 | 5 4.9 | 5.0 | -0.1 | 2.7 |
| | 1508 LG NICU 4 Bed Expansion | FY16 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | 1507 LG IR Upgrades | | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | 1603 LG MOB Improvements (17) | | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| | 1711 Emergency Sanitary & Water Storage | | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1 0.2 | 3.2 | -3.0 | 0.1 |
| | LG Modular MRI & Awning | | 3.9 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| | LG Nurse Call System Upgrade | | 2.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | LG Observation Unit (Conversion of IC | U 2) | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| | 1712 LG Cancer Center | | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| | All Other Projects under \$1M | | 5.6 | 0.4 | 27.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 3.1 |
| | | | 684.4 | 479.6 | 210.3 | 3 128.0 | 211.9 | -83.9 | 66.1 |

499.4

227.0

156.5

GRAND TOTAL

- * Excluding EPIC
- ** Unspent Prior Year routine used as contingency
- *** Includes 2 robot purchases
- 1 Variance due to delay in MV campus plan
- 2 Initial assumption was to spend all FY17 in FY17



231.7

77.3

Balance Sheet (in thousands)

| | | Audited |
|---|------------------|---------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS | January 31, 2018 | June 30, 2017 |
| Cash | 112,739 | 125,551 |
| Short Term Investments | 151,829 | 140,284 |
| Patient Accounts Receivable, net | 119,840 | 109,089 |
| Other Accounts and Notes Receivable | 2,706 | 2,628 |
| Intercompany Receivables | 1,635 | 1,495 |
| Inventories and Prepaids | 57,690 | 50,657 |
| Total Current Assets | 446,437 | 429,705 |
| BOARD DESIGNATED ASSETS | | |
| 2) Plant & Equipment Fund | 148,795 | 131,153 |
| Women's Hospital Expansion | 9,298 | 9,298 |
| 3) Operational Reserve Fund | 127,908 | 100,196 |
| 4) Community Benefit Fund | 19,087 | 12,237 |
| Workers Compensation Reserve Fund | 21,147 | 20,007 |
| Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund | 19,529 | 19,218 |
| PTO Liability Fund | 22,737 | 23,409 |
| Malpractice Reserve Fund | 1,634 | 1,634 |
| Catastrophic Reserves Fund | 19,174 | 16,575 |
| Total Board Designated Assets | 389,308 | 333,727 |
| 5) FUNDS HELD BY TRUSTEE | 234,534 | 287,052 |
| LONG TERM INVESTMENTS | 307,269 | 256,652 |
| INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES | 33,315 | 32,451 |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| 6) Fixed Assets at Cost | 1,251,050 | 1,192,047 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (557,018) | (531,785) |
| Construction in Progress | 147,153 | 138,017 |
| Property, Plant & Equipment - Net | 841,185 | 798,279 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | 28,610 | 28,960 |
| RESTRICTED ASSETS - CASH | 0 | 0 |
| | | |

| | LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | | |
|------|--|------------------|---------------|
| | | | Audited |
| | CURRENT LIABILITIES | January 31, 2018 | June 30, 2017 |
| (7) | Accounts Payable | 25,200 | 38,457 |
| (8) | Salaries and Related Liabilities | 21,710 | 25,109 |
| | Accrued PTO | 22,737 | 23,409 |
| | Worker's Comp Reserve | 2,300 | 2,300 |
| | Third Party Settlements | 9,942 | 10,438 |
| | Intercompany Payables | 73 | 84 |
| | Malpractice Reserves | 1,634 | 1,634 |
| | Bonds Payable - Current | 3,850 | 3,735 |
| (9) | Bond Interest Payable | 2,222 | 11,245 |
| | Other Liabilities | 6,522 | 4,889 |
| | Total Current Liabilities | 96,190 | 121,299 |
| | | | |
| | LONG TERM LIABILITIES | | |
| | Post Retirement Benefits | 19,529 | 19,218 |
| | Worker's Comp Reserve | 18,847 | 17,707 |
| | Other L/T Obligation (Asbestos) | 3,812 | 3,746 |
| | Other L/T Liabilities (IT/Medl Leases) | , - | , - |
| | Bond Payable | 522,071 | 527,371 |
| | Total Long Term Liabilities | 564,259 | 568,042 |
| | | | |
| | DEFERRED REVENUE-UNRESTRICTED | 500 | 567 |
| | DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES | 10,666 | 10,666 |
| | FUND BALANCE/CAPITAL ACCOUNTS | | |
| | Unrestricted | 1,219,735 | 1,132,525 |
| | Board Designated | 389,308 | 333,726 |
| | Restricted | 0 | 0 |
| (10) | Total Fund Bal & Capital Accts | 1,609,044 | 1,466,251 |
| | · | | |
| | TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE | 2,280,658 | 2,166,825 |
| | | | |

JANUARY 2018 El Camino Hospital Comparative Balance Sheet Variances and Footnotes

- (1) The increase is due to three quarterly pension fundings of \$2.6M in July, October and January.
- (2) The increase is due 6 months of funded depreciation contributions (130% of straight depreciation expense. Note this amount also contains \$14M reserved for BHS replacement building currently under construction, in conjunction with bond proceeds.
- (3) The increase here is to reset the Operational Reserve (to cover 60 days of operating expenses) for FY2018. The prior year balance hadn't been reset in a couple of years.
- (4) The increase is due to an approved addition of \$5 million to the Community Benefit Board Designated Endowment as an outcome of the FY2018 budget process to generate additional investment income for the Community Benefits program.
- (5) The decrease is due to additional draws from the 2017 bond financing Project Funds in support of monthly payments to contractors involved with the construction projects at the Mountain View campus. As these projects are now in full progress greater amounts will be withdrawn in future periods.
- (6) The increase is due to the capitalization of the Parking Structure expansion in August and CT upgrades at LG in September.
- (7) The decrease is due to the significant General Contractor construction payments being accrued at year end, along with associated retentions and other general accounts payable activity that were subsequently relieved in this first quarter of fiscal year 2018.
- (8) This decrease is primarily due to the annual 403B match funding that occurred in January
- (9) The significant decrease is due to semi-annual 2015A and 2017 Bond interest payments having been paid in January.
- (10) The increase is attributable to the first seven periods of financial performance producing an operating income of \$87 million and non-operating of \$60 million (mostly from unrealized gains on investments).

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (1 OF 2)

- **Plant & Equipment Fund** original established by the District Board in the early 1960's to fund new capital expansion projects of building facilities or equipment (new or replacements). The funds came from the M&O property taxes being received and the funding depreciation expense at 100%. When at the end of 1992, the 501(c)(3) Hospital was performed by the District, the property tax receipts remained with the District. The newly formed Hospital entity continued on with funding depreciation expense, but did that funding at 130% of the depreciation expense to account for an expected replacement cost of current plant and property assets. It is to be noted that within this fund is an itemized amount of \$14 million for the Behavioral Health Service building replacement project. This amount came from the District's Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) of the fiscal years of 2010 thru 2013 by various District board actions.
- **Women's Hospital Expansion** established June 2016 by the District authorizing the amounts accumulated in its Capital Appropriation Fund (excess Gann Limit property taxes) for the fiscal years of 2014 and 2015 to be allocated for the renovation of the Women's Hospital upon the completion of Integrated Medical Office Building currently under construction.
- **Operational Reserve Fund** originally established by the District in May 1992 to establish a fund equal to sixty (60) days of operational expenses (based on projected budget) and only be used in the event of a major business interruption event and/or cash flow.
- **Community Benefit Fund** following in the footsteps of the District in 2008 of forming its Community Benefit Fund using Gann Limit tax receipts, the Hospital in 2010 after opening its campus outside of District boundaries in Los Gatos formed its own Community Benefit Fund to provide grants/sponsorships in Los Gatos and surrounding areas. The funds come from the Hospital reserving \$1.5M a year from its operations, the entity of CONCERN contributing 40% of its annual income each year (an amount it would have paid in corporate taxes if it wasn't granted tax exempt status), that generates an amount of \$800,000 or more a year. \$15 million within this fund is a board designated endowment fund formed in 2015 with a \$10 million contribution, and added to at the end of the 2017 fiscal year end with another \$5 million contribution, to generate investment income to be used for grants and sponsorships, currently anticipated to generate \$500,000 a year in investment income for the program.

EL CAMINO HOSPITAL - BOARD DESIGNATED FUND DESCRIPTIONS/HISTORY (2 OF 2)

- **Workers Compensation Reserve Fund** as the Hospital is self-insured for its workers compensation program (since 1978) this fund was originally formed in early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined Workers Compensation amount. The thought being if the business was to terminate for some reason this is the amount in cash that would be needed to pay out claims over the next few years.
- **Postretirement Health/Life Reserve Fund** following the same formula as the Workers Compensation Reserve Fund this fund was formed in the early 2000's by management to reserve cash equal to the yearly actuarially determined amount to fund the Hospital's postretirement health and life insurance program. Note this program was frozen in 1995 for all new hires after that date.
- **PTO (Paid Time Off) Liability Fund** originally formed in 1993 as the new 501(c)(3) Hospital began operations, management thought as a business requirement of this vested benefit program that monies should be set aside to extinguish this employee liability should such a circumstance arise. This balance is equal to the PTO Liability on the Balance Sheet.
- **Malpractice Reserve Fund** originally established in 1989 by the then District's Finance Committee and continued by the Hospital. The amount is actuarially determined each year as part of the annual audit to fund potential claims less than \$50,000. Above \$50,000 our policy with the BETA Healthcare Group kicks in to a \$30 million limit per claim/\$40 million in the aggregate.
- Catastrophic Loss Fund was established in 1999 by the Hospital Board to be a "self-insurance" reserve fund for potential non-major earthquake repairs. Initially funded by the District transferring \$5 million and has been added to by the last major payment from FEMA for the damage caused the Hospital by the October 1989 earthquake. It is to be noted that it took 10 years to receive final settlement from FEMA grants that totaled \$6.8 million that did mostly cover all the necessary repairs.

APPENDIX

El Camino Hospital – Mountain View (\$000s)

7 months ending 01/31/2018

| Period 7 FY 2017 | Period 7 FY 2018 | Period 7 Budget 2018 | Variance Fav (Unfav) | Var% | \$000s | YTD FY 2017 | YTD FY 2018 | YTD Budget 2018 | Variance Fav (Unfav) | Var% |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 112017 | 11 2010 | Dauget 2010 | Tav (Omav) | V CI / U | OPERATING REVENUE | 11 2017 | 112010 | Dauget 2010 | Tuv (Omuv) | V 01 / 0 |
| 220,743 | 238,824 | 227,287 | 11,537 | 5.1% | Gross Revenue | 1,413,282 | 1,586,778 | 1,521,987 | 64,791 | 4.3% |
| (162,494) | (176,741) | (169,500) | (7,241) | 4.3% | Deductions | (1,020,465) | (1,159,093) | (1,127,639) | (31,455) | 2.8% |
| 58,248 | 62,083 | 57,787 | 4,296 | 7.4% | Net Patient Revenue | 392,817 | 427,685 | 394,349 | 33,336 | 8.5% |
| 664 | 1,762 | 1,638 | 125 | 7.6% | Other Operating Revenue | 14,293 | 16,552 | 12,290 | 4,262 | 34.7% |
| 58,913 | 63,845 | 59,425 | 4,420 | 7.4% | Total Operating Revenue | 407,110 | 444,237 | 406,639 | 37,598 | 9.2% |
| | | | | | OPERATING EXPENSE | | | | | |
| 29,836 | 34,171 | 34,233 | 62 | 0.2% | Salaries & Wages | 214,818 | 228,833 | 227,782 | (1,050) | -0.5% |
| 7,521 | 9,255 | 8,719 | (536) | -6.2% | Supplies | 53,420 | 58,680 | 57,015 | (1,664) | -2.9% |
| 6,378 | 7,285 | 6,514 | (771) | -11.8% | Fees & Purchased Services * | 45,282 | 48,254 | 46,347 | (1,907) | -4.1% |
| 822 | 677 | 760 | 83 | 10.9% | Other Operating Expense | 4,935 | 5,125 | 6,067 | 943 | 15.5% |
| 444 | 256 | 725 | 470 | 64.8% | Interest | 2,979 | 2,861 | 5,078 | 2,217 | 43.7% |
| 3,482 | 3,536 | 3,724 | 188 | 5.0% | Depreciation | 24,609 | 24,429 | 25,079 | 650 | 2.6% |
| 48,483 | 55,180 | 54,675 | (505) | -0.9% | Total Operating Expense | 346,043 | 368,181 | 367,369 | (812) | -0.2% |
| 10,429 | 8,665 | 4,750 | 3,915 | 82.4% | Net Operating Income/(Loss) | 61,067 | 76,056 | 39,270 | 36,786 | 93.7% |
| 12,046 | 29,200 | 225 | 28,975 | 12860.7% | Non Operating Income | 24,508 | 60,287 | 1,577 | 58,710 | 3722.7% |
| 22,475 | 37,865 | 4,975 | 32,890 | 661.1% | Net Income(Loss) | 85,575 | 136,343 | 40,847 | 95,496 | 233.8% |
| 24.4% | 19.5% | 15.5% | 4.0% | | EBITDA | 21.8% | 23.3% | 17.1% | 6.2% | |
| 17.7% | 13.6% | | 5.6% | | Operating Margin | 15.0% | 17.1% | | 7.5% | |
| 38.1% | 59.3% | | 50.9% | | Net Margin | 21.0% | 30.7% | 10.0% | 20.6% | |

El Camino Hospital – Los Gatos(\$000s)

7 months ending 01/31/2018

| Period 7 FY 2017 | Period 7 FY 2018 | Period 7 Budget 2018 | Variance Fav (Unfav) | Var% | \$000s | YTD FY 2017 | YTD FY 2018 | YTD Budget 2018 | Variance Fav (Unfav) | Var% |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| | | | | | OPERATING REVENUE | | | | | |
| 48,091 | 52,685 | 48,585 | 4,099 | 8.4% | Gross Revenue | 305,930 | 355,505 | 332,268 | 23,236 | 7.0% |
| (37,514) | (37,842) | (35, 284) | (2,558) | 7.2% | Deductions | (225,886) | (260,378) | (241,304) | (19,075) | 7.9% |
| 10,577 | 14,843 | 13,301 | 1,541 | 11.6% | Net Patient Revenue | 80,044 | 95,126 | 90,965 | 4,162 | 4.6% |
| 38 | 160 | 217 | (57) | -26.2% | Other Operating Revenue | 1,143 | 1,176 | 1,498 | (322) | -21.5% |
| 10,615 | 15,003 | 13,518 | 1,485 | 11.0% | Total Operating Revenue | 81,187 | 96,302 | 92,462 | 3,840 | 4.2% |
| | | | | | OPERATING EXPENSE | | | | | |
| 6,083 | 6,979 | 6,651 | (328) | -4.9% | Salaries & Wages | 43,356 | 46,281 | 44,398 | (1,883) | -4.2% |
| 2,129 | 2,524 | 2,071 | (453) | -21.9% | Supplies | 11,936 | 14,430 | 13,805 | (625) | -4.5% |
| 1,385 | 1,619 | 1,283 | (335) | -26.1% | Fees & Purchased Services * | 9,376 | 9,485 | 9,003 | (482) | -5.4% |
| 1,598 | 1,455 | 1,533 | 78 | 5.1% | Other Operating Expense | 11,483 | 11,092 | 10,938 | (154) | -1.4% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | Interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| 503 | 694 | 768 | 74 | 9.6% | Depreciation | 3,677 | 4,028 | 5,081 | 1,053 | 20.7% |
| 11,698 | 13,271 | 12,306 | (965) | -7.8 % | Total Operating Expense | 79,829 | 85,316 | 83,225 | (2,091) | -2.5% |
| (1,082) | 1,732 | 1,212 | 520 | 42.9% | Net Operating Income/(Loss) | 1,358 | 10,986 | 9,237 | 1,749 | 18.9% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | Non Operating Income | (10) | (45) | 0 | (45) | 0.0% |
| (1,082) | 1,732 | 1,212 | 520 | 42.9% | Net Income(Loss) | 1,347 | 10,942 | 9,237 | 1,704 | 18.4% |
| -5.5% | 16.2% | 14.6% | 1.5% | | EBITDA | 6.2% | 15.6% | 15.5% | 0.1% | |
| -10.2% | 11.5% | 9.0% | 2.6% | | Operating Margin | 1.7% | 11.4% | 10.0% | 1.4% | |
| -10.2% | 11.5% | 9.0% | 2.6% | | Net Margin | 1.7% | 11.4% | 10.0% | 1.4% | |

Non Operating Items and Net Income by Affiliate

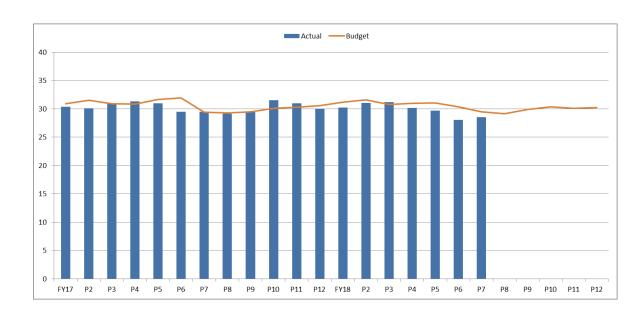
\$ in thousands

| | Period 7 - Month | | | Period 7 - FYTD | | | |
|--|------------------|--------|----------|-----------------|---------|----------|--|
| | Actual | Budget | Variance | Actual | Budget | Variance | |
| El Camino Hospital Income (Loss) from Operations | | | | | | | |
| Mountain View | 8,665 | 4,750 | 3,915 | 76,056 | 39,270 | 36,786 | |
| Los Gatos | 1,732 | 1,212 | 520 | 10,986 | 9,237 | 1,749 | |
| Sub Total - El Camino Hospital, excl. Afflilates | 10,397 | 5,962 | 4,435 | 87,043 | 48,508 | 38,535 | |
| Operating Margin % | 13.2% | 8.2% | | 16.1% | 9.7% | | |
| El Camino Hospital Non Operating Income | | | | | | | |
| Investments | 28,633 | 1,516 | 27,118 | 63,433 | 10,609 | 52,825 | |
| Swap Adjustments | 842 | 0 | 842 | 1,450 | 0 | 1,450 | |
| Community Benefit | (36) | (283) | 247 | (2,205) | (1,983) | (222) | |
| Pathways | 101 | 42 | 59 | 423 | 292 | 132 | |
| Satellite Dialysis | 0 | (35) | 35 | (97) | (248) | 151 | |
| SVMD Funding | (99) | (589) | 490 | (624) | (4,122) | 3,498 | |
| Other | (241) | (424) | 184 | (2,137) | (2,970) | 833 | |
| Sub Total - Non Operating Income | 29,200 | 225 | 28,975 | 60,242 | 1,577 | 58,665 | |
| El Camino Hospital Net Income (Loss) | 39,597 | 6,187 | 33,410 | 147,285 | 50,085 | 97,200 | |
| ECH Net Margin % | 50.2% | 8.5% | | 27.2% | 10.0% | | |
| Concern | 82 | 97 | (14) | 1,111 | 855 | 255 | |
| ECSC | (1) | 0 | (1) | (21) | 0 | (21) | |
| Foundation | 627 | (22) | 650 | 2,217 | 392 | 1,824 | |
| Silicon Valley Medical Development | (332) | 6 | (338) | 134 | (7) | 141 | |
| Net Income Hospital Affiliates | 377 | 81 | 296 | 3,440 | 1,240 | 2,200 | |
| Total Net Income Hospital & Affiliates | 39,974 | 6,268 | 33,706 | 150,725 | 51,325 | 99,400 | |

Productivity and Medicare Length of Stay

Work hours per adjusted patient day in January is under budget by -1. Overall the month of January is 28.5 worked hours per adjusted patient day

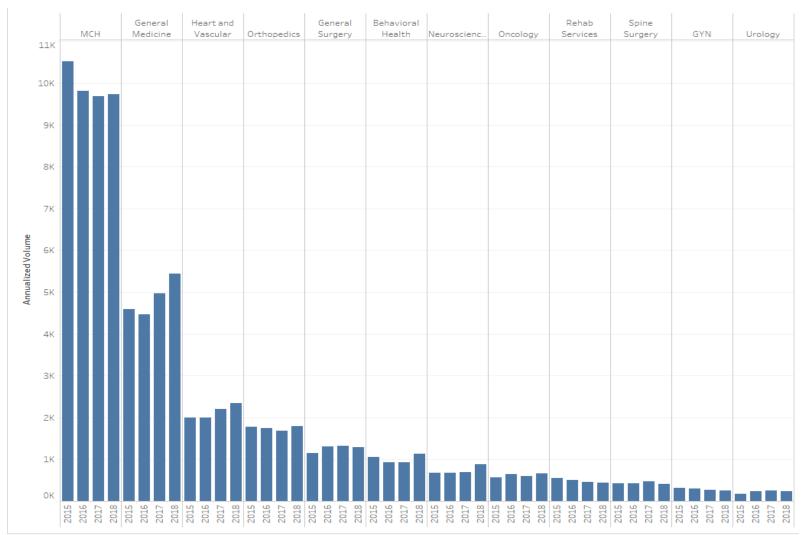
ALOS vs Milliman well-managed benchmark. Trend shows remarkable and steady improvement with FY 2018 at benchmark. Increase in benchmark beginning in FY 2017 due to Clinical Documentation Improvement (CDI)





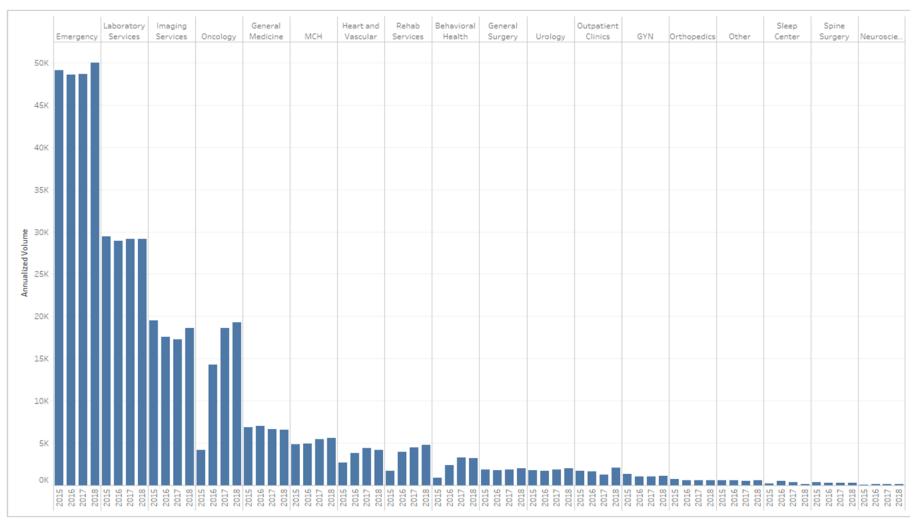


El Camino Hospital Volume Annual Trends – Inpatient FY 2018 is annualized



- · General Medicine, HVI, Behavioral Health, and Neuroscience display an increasing trend.
- Conversely, Rehab Services and GYN show a decreasing trend.
- The remaining service lines are staying flat.

El Camino Hospital Volume Annual Trends – Outpatient FY 2018 is annualized



• Comparing year-over-year Oncology, MCH, Rehab Services, Emergency and Outpatient Clinics are all increasing in volume. All others are remaining flat or decreasing.

Capital Spend Trend & FY18 Budget

| | Actual | Actual | Actual | Projected |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Capital Spending (in 000's) | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 |
| EPIC | 29,849 | 20,798 | 2,755 | 1,922 |
| IT Hardware / Software Equipment | 4,660 | 6,483 | 2,659 | 12,238 |
| Medical / Non Medical Equipment* | 13,340 | 17,133 | 9,556 | 14,275 |
| Non CIP Land, Land I, BLDG, Additions | - | 4,189 | - | - |
| Facilities | 38,940 | 48,137 | 82,953 | 128,030 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 86,789 | 96,740 | 97,923 | 156,465 |
| *Includes 2 robot purchases in FY2017 | | | | |

El Camino Hospital Capital Spending (in thousands) FY 2012 – FY 2017

| Category | 2013 | 2014 2 | 2015 2 | 2016 2 | 2017 | Category | 2013 2 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| EPIC | 0 | 6,838 | 29,849 | 20,798 | 2,755 | Facilities Projects CIP cont. | | | | | |
| IT Hardware/Software Equipment | 8,019 | 2,788 | 4,660 | 6,483 | 2,659 | 1403 - Hosp Drive BLDG 11 TI's | 0 | 86 | 103 | 0 | 0 |
| Medical/Non Medical Equipment | 10,284 | 12,891 | 13,340 | 17,133 | 9,556 | 1404 - Park Pav HVAC | 0 | 64 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Non CIP Land, Land I, BLDG, Additions | 0 | 22,292 | 0 | 4,189 | 0 | 1405 - 1 - South Accessibility Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 0 | 168 | 95 |
| Land Acquisition (1550) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,007 | 0 | 1408 - New Main Accessibility Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 7 | 46 | 501 |
| 828 S Winchester Clinic TI (1701) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 145 | 1415 - Signage & Wayfinding | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 58 |
| 0=0 0 11uco.co. c (=70=) | ŭ | · · | ŭ | ŭ | 1.5 | 1416 - MV Campus Digital Directories | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 23 |
| Facilities Projects CIP | | | | | | 1423 - MV MOB TI Allowance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 588 | 369 |
| Mountain View Campus Master Plan Projects | | | | | | 1425 - IMOB Preparation Project - Old Main | 0 | 0 | 0 | 711 | 1,860 |
| 1245 - Behavioral Health Bldg Replace | 0 | 1,257 | 3,775 | 1,389 | 10,323 | 1429 - 2500 Hospital Dr Bldg 8 TI | 0 | 0 | 101 | 0 | 0 |
| 1413 - North Drive Parking Structure Exp | 0 | 0 | 167 | 1,266 | 18,120 | 1430 - Women's Hospital Expansion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 |
| 1414 - Integrated MOB | 0 | 0 | 2,009 | 8,875 | 32,805 | 1432 - 205 South Dr BHS TI | 0 | 0 | 8 | 15 | 0 |
| 1422 - CUP Upgrade | 0 | 0 | 0 | 896 | 1,245 | 1501 - Women's Hospital NPC Comp | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 223 |
| Sub-Total Mountain View Campus Master Plan | 0 | 1,257 | 5,950 | 12,426 | 62,493 | 1502 - Cabling & Wireless Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,261 | 367 |
| Sub-Total Mountain View Campus Master Flan | U | 1,237 | 3,330 | 12,420 | 02,433 | 1503 - Willow Pavillion Tomosynthesis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 | 257 |
| Mountain View Capital Projects | | | | | | 1504 - Equipment Support Infrastructure | 0 | 0 | 61 | 311 | 0 |
| 9900 - Unassigned Costs | 734 | 470 | 3,717 | 0 | 0 | 1523 - Melchor Pavillion Suite 309 TI | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 59 |
| 1108 - Cooling Towers | 450 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1525 - New Main Lab Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464 |
| 1120 - BHS Out Patient TI's | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1526 - CONCERN TI | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 99 |
| 1129 - Old Main Card Rehab | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Sub-Total Mountain View Projects | 8,145 | 7,219 | 26,744 | 5,588 | 5,535 |
| 0817 - Womens Hosp Upgrds | 645 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Los Gatos Capital Projects | | | | | |
| 0906 - Slot Build-Out | 1,003 | 1,576 | 15,101 | 1,251 | 294 | 0904 - LG Facilities Upgrade | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1109 - New Main Upgrades | 423 | 393 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0907 - LG Imaging Masterplan | 244 | 774 | 1,402 | 17 | 0 |
| 1111 - Mom/Baby Overflow | 212 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1005 - LG OR Light Upgrd | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1204 - Elevator Upgrades | 25 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1122 - LG Sleep Studies | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0800 - Womens L&D Expansion | 2,104 | 1,531 | 269 | 0 | 0 | 1210 - Los Gatos VOIP | 147 | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1131 - MV Equipment Replace | 216 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1116 - LG Ortho Pavillion | 177 | 24 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 1208 - Willow Pav. High Risk | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1124 - LG Rehab BLDG | 49 | 458 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1213 - LG Sterilizers | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1247 - LG Infant Security | 134 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1225 - Rehab BLDG Roofing | 7 | 241 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1307 - LG Upgrades | 376 | 2,979 | 3,282 | 3,511 | 3,081 |
| 1227 - New Main elCU | 96 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1308 - LG Infrastructure | 0 | 114 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1230 - Fog Shop | 339 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1313 - LG Rehab HVAC System/Structural | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,597 | 1,904 |
| 1315 - 205 So. Drive TI's | 0 | 500 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1219 - LG Spine OR | 0 | 214 | 323 | 633 | 2,163 |
| 0908 - NPCR3 Seismic Upgrds | 1,302 | 1,224 | 1,328 | 240 | 342 | 1221 - LG Kitchen Refrig | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1125 - Will Pav Fire Sprinkler | 57 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1248 - LG - CT Upgrades | 0 | 26 | 345 | 197 | 6,669 |
| 1211 - SIS Monitor Install | 215 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1249 - LG Mobile Imaging | 0 | 146 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1216 - New Main Process Imp Office | 19 | 1 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 1328 - LG Ortho Canopy FY14 | 0 | 255 | 209 | 0 | 0 |
| 1217 - MV Campus MEP Upgrades FY13 | 0 | 181 | 274 | 28 | 0 | 1345 - LG Lab HVAC | 0 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1224 - Rehab Bldg HVAC Upgrades | 11 | 202 | 81 | 14 | 6 | 1346 - LG OR 5, 6, and 7 Lights Replace | 0 | 0 | 285 | 53 | 22 |
| 1301 - Desktop Virtual | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1347 - LG Central Sterile Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 181 | 43 | 66 |
| 1304 - Rehab Wander Mgmt | 0 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1421 - LG MOB Improvements | 0 | 0 | 198 | 65 | 303 |
| 1310 - Melchor Cancer Center Expansion | 0 | 44 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1508 - LG NICU 4 Bed Expansion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 207 |
| 1318 - Women's Hospital TI | 0 | 48 | 48 | 29 | 2 | 1600 - 825 Pollard - Aspire Phase II | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 |
| 1327 - Rehab Building Upgrades | 0 | 0 | 15 | 20 | 0 | 1603 - LG MOB Improvements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 285 |
| 1320 - 2500 Hosp Dr Roofing | 0 | 75 | 81 | 0 | 0 | Sub-Total Los Gatos Projects | 1,150 | 5,276 | 6,246 | 6,116 | 14,780 |
| 1340 - New Main ED Exam Room TVs | 0 | 8 | 193 | 0 | 0 | Subtotal Facilities Projects CIP | 9,294 | 13,753 | 38,940 | 24,130 | 82,808 |
| 1341 - New Main Admin | 0 | 32 | 103 | 0 | 0 | | 5,254 | 25,.55 | 20,5 10 | ,_50 | 5=,500 |
| 1344 - New Main AV Upgrd | 0 | 243 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Grand Total | 27,598 | 58,561 | 86,789 | 96,740 | 97,923 |
| 1400 - Oak Pav Cancer Center | 0 | 243 | 5.208 | 666 | 52 | Forecast at Beginning of year | 70,503 | 70,037 | 101,607 | 114,025 | 212,000 |





OPEN SESSION CEO Report March 14, 2018 Dan Woods, CEO

Organizational Goal Update Through January (SIR) and February (Others) 2018

| Organizational Goals FY18 | | Benchmark | 2017 ECH Baseline | Minimum | Target | Maximum | Weight | Performance Timeframe | FY1 | 8 through Feb |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|--------------------------|-----|--|
| г | reshold Goals | | | | | | | | | |
| Bu | dgeted Operating Margin* | 95% Threshold | Achieved Budget | 95% of Budgeted | | | Threshold | FY 18 | | Met |
| Qı | uality, Patient Safety & iCare | | | | | | | | | |
| | Arithmetic Observed LOS Average / Geometric LOS Expected for Medicare Population (ALOS /GMLOS) | External: Expected via Epic Methodology | FY 2016: 1.21 (ALOS 4.86/GMLOS 4.00) FY 2017 YTD April: 1.18 (4.81/4.08) | 1.12 | 1.11 | 1.09 | 34% | 4Q FY18 | | 1.11 |
| | HCHAPS Service Metric: Rate Hospital | External Benchmark | HCAHPs Baseline: 10/2016-12/2016: 75.5% 1/2017-3/2017: 75.1% | 77% | 78% | 79% | 33% | 4Q FY18 | | 77% |
| | Standarized Infection Ratio (SIR)* Observed HAIs/Predicted HAIs (Hospital Acquired Infections) | External Benchmark | July- Dec 2016L CAUTI 1.37, CLABSI 0.25, C.DIFF 0.59 Avg: 0.738 | 0.670 | 0.602 | 0.534 | 33% | FY18 | | CAUTI: 1.459 CLABSI: 0.423 C.Diff: 0.30 Avg: 0.525 |

^{*} These metrics are available through January 2018 only- Updated Infection Data will not available until the end of the Fiscal Year

Quality and Safety

The Joint Commission (TJC) Survey Preparation: Leadership expects the next triennial survey of both hospitals to take place sometime between August 2018 and January 2019. A mock joint commission survey was conducted at both campuses February 6th, 7th, and 8th. A governance structure is in place to provide executive support to the managers, directors and front line staff. Action plans are being executed by members of the Continuous Readiness Team.

A new tele-psychiatry vendor will be used to provide psychiatric consultations in the Emergency Departments at both MV and LG beginning April 1, 2018. ECH has been using a different vendor for tele-psychiatry in the MV ER for a number of years, but the service was not as prompt as we expect, thus a move to a new vendor. In addition, the service will extend to the ECH LG Emergency Department.

Patient Experience

The patient experience roadmap for the final 6 months of FY 18 is being executed. Leader rounding refresher training is occurring the week of March 13 and Nursing Communication Training is kicking of March 1st. The Patient and Family Advisory Council is being re-booted as well to engage more patients and families in the improvement work throughout the organization. As well, performance improvement management initiatives are making a difference with improving patient flow and overall satisfaction in several areas as appropriate, including ongoing average length of stay (ALOS) reductions, reducing the door-to-treatment time in the Emergency Department, reducing 30-day readmission rates in urology and heart failure, and improving pain management and timely intervention in the behavioral medicine department.

We have added some new language to our patient statements to (1) include the new feature in myChart for patients to review their detailed bill and (2) provide information about our new



online Patient Tools as well as Pay-by-phone. We have started to assist patients with enrollment in myChart during the scheduling and registration process in main registration; we will expand this to all registration sites in March. Our implementation plan for MyChart Bedside includes having patients using Apple iPads to access it in their patient rooms by end of 2018.

Operations

The FY19 planning and budgeting process is in full swing as the management team works through department planning, volume projections, revenue and expense estimates, and other resource allocation needs. The service line leaders recently reported on operations from the first half of the fiscal year and plans for the second half of FY18. Leadership efforts have focused on strengthening physician relations, growing market share, and improving efficiency (i.e. removing barriers to timely scheduling of diagnostic testing and surgical procedures) at both the Mountain View and Los Gatos hospital campuses. Los Gatos surgical volumes have increased by 9 percent and Mountain View surgical volumes have increased by nearly 3 percent.

The College of American Pathologist (CAP) survey in the Laboratory in Los Gatos occurred on February 28th. There were several findings. CAP is a very detailed survey with 3000 items on their checklist. The laboratory leadership will await the final report and develop action plans to address the findings.

Workforce

In 2017, Cal-OHSHA enacted to regulations that requires hospitals to report incidents of workplace violence against employees and to develop and implement a workplace violence prevention program. We are in the process of completing our departmental risk assessments and finalizing our prevention plan which includes required training for all hospital staff, with a focus on high risk areas. We began reporting all incidents of unwanted contact between employees and patients on July 1, 2017 and since then there have been 46 reports made to Cal OSHA. Of the 46 reported incidents 14 employees were treated for minor injuries. Compliance with the new regulations will be regularly monitored by the Central Safety Committee for the Environment of Care.

Financial Services

Cash collections for February were \$71,334,693 million and \$7,560,245 over goal. Our front end (self-pay) collections are on track to achieve \$1million above our goal for the year. Denial Recoveries midyear were \$9.8 Million compared to our goal of \$7 Million in recoveries. Our cost initiative reduction goal is proceeding well. As of March 1, 2018, we have implemented \$4,445,671 of our \$4.8 M savings challenge.

Information Services

Four physicians are now live on Community Connect with a 5 physician practice expected to go live by the end of FY18 for a total of 9 physicians using the El Camino Community Connect Epic system in their office by July 2018.

Dashboards (Service Line, Departmental, and Executive) will be activated this week to enable real time operational metrics, including a dashboard for the Nursing Department to track key metrics.



Corporate and Community Health (CONCERN and Community Benefit)

<u>CONCERN: EAP, Digital Transformation</u>: Our top priorities for our new engagement platform will focus on reaching more users for greater well-being and mental wellness, along with personalization to guide employees to the appropriate resources, and easy access to clinical care at precisely the time it is needed.

<u>Community Benefit ECH Operations Report</u>: El Camino Hospital and El Camino Healthcare District's Community Benefit Program received 121 grant applications for FY19 through the new user-friendly online platform that was launched in January. This represents a 21% increase over last year.

Philanthropy

During period 7 of FY18, the Foundation secured \$436,942. The total revenue received for the annual El Camino Heritage Golf Tournament, held in October 2017, was \$333,650, which is 111% of goal. Proceeds benefited the Taft Center for Clinical Research. The total revenue received for the 6th annual Norma's Literary Luncheon (held on 8th February) by end of period 7 was \$162,770, which exceeds the fundraising goal. Thanks to a generous gift from the Melchor family to underwrite all expenses, all ticket sales, sponsorships, and donations have been earmarked for a proposed new patient family residence on the Mountain View campus.

Auxiliary

Our very dedicated Auxiliary contributed 7,154 volunteer hours in January 2018.

El Camino Hospital Auxiliary

Membership Report to the Hospital Board Meeting of March 14, 2018

Combined Data as of January 31, 2017 for Mountain View and Los Gatos Campuses

Membership Data:

Senior Members

| Active Members Dues Paid Inactive Leave of Absence Subtotal | 349 87 11 447 | -7 Net change compared to previous month (Includes Associates & Patrons) |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| Resigned in Month Deceased in Month | 9 0 | |
| | Ū | |
| | | |
| Junior Members | | |
| Active Members | 252 | -3 Net Change compared to previous month |
| Dues Paid Inactive | 0 | |
| Leave of Absence | 0 | |
| Subtotal | 252 | |
| | | |
| | | |

Total Active Members 601

Total Membership 699

Combined Auxiliary Hours from Inception (to January 31, 2018): 5,872,930 Combined Auxiliary Hours for FY2017 (to January 31, 2018): 50,429 Combined Auxiliary Hours for January 31, 2018: 7,154



Memorandum

2500 Grant Road Mountain View, CA 94040-4378 Phone: 650-940-7000 www.elcaminohospital.org

DATE: February 28, 2017

TO: El Camino Hospital Board of Directors

FROM: David Reeder, Hospital Board Liaison to the Foundation Board of

Directors

SUBJECT: Report on Foundation Activities FY 2018 Period 7

ACTION: For Information

El Camino Hospital Foundation advances health care through philanthropy by raising funds that support El Camino Hospital's strategic priorities, foster innovation, and support patient and family-centered care.

During period 7 of FY18, the Foundation secured \$436,942.

Upcoming Events

March 17, 2018 – Scarlet Ball at the Dolce Hayes Mansion, benefiting the South Asian Heart Center. Cost per ticket is \$500 (\$400 tax deductible).

May 5, 2018- Spring Forward, a gala to fulfill the promise, benefiting mental health and addiction services at El Camino Hospital. Attendance will be limited to 225 guests. Cost per ticket is \$1,000 (tax deductible donation still to be determined).



Memorandum

2500 Grant Road Mountain View, CA 94040-4378 Phone: 650-940-7000 www.elcaminohospital.org

DATE: February 28, 2018

TO: El Camino Hospital Board of Directors

FROM: Lane Melchor, Chair, El Camino Hospital Foundation Board of Directors

Jodi Barnard, President, El Camino Hospital Foundation

SUBJECT: Report on Foundation Activities FY 2018 Period 7

ACTION: For Information

During the month of January, El Camino Hospital Foundation secured\$436,942, bringing the total raised by close of period 7 to \$4,466,667, which is 73% of the FY18 goal.

FY 18 Period 7 Fundraising Performance

Major & Planned Gifts

The Foundation secured \$12,194 in January, which included a \$10,000 gift for the South Asian Heart Center. The remaining revenue was from sponsorship payments and ticket purchases for the Allied Professionals Seminar, which was held on February 13.

Special Events

- **Spring Forward** The Foundation is creating a brand new gala, Spring Forward to fulfill the promise, benefiting mental health and addiction services at El Camino Hospital. It will be held at the Morgan Estate, a private mansion in Los Altos Hills, on Saturday evening, May 5, 2018. As we introduce this new concept, and due to the space constraints of the venue, we will be limiting attendance to no more than 225 guests, with a higher per person ticket price. Save the dates were mailed in early February and the invitation will follow in mid-March.
- 22nd Annual El Camino Heritage Golf Tournament During the month of January, the Foundation received the remaining \$2500 sponsorship commitment for the golf tournament, which was held on October 23, 2017. This brings total revenue received for the tournament to \$333,650, which is 111% of goal. Proceeds benefited the Taft Center for Clinical Research.
- Scarlet Ball The annual gala benefit for the South Asian Heart Center will be held on March 17, 2018 at Dolce Hayes Mansion in San Jose. As of January 31, the Foundation received \$118,571 in sponsorships and ticket sales.

- Norma's Literary Luncheon During the month of January, the Foundation received \$60,515 in ticket purchases, table sponsorships, and donations for the 6th annual Norma's Literary Luncheon. This brings total revenue received for the event by end of period 7 to \$162,770, which exceeds the fundraising goal. Two hundred women attended the event, which was held on February 8 at Sharon Heights Golf & Country Club. Thanks to a generous gift from the Melchor family to underwrite all expenses, all other ticket sales, sponsorships, and donations will directly benefit a new patient family residence on the Mountain View campus.
- Allied Professionals Seminar The 26th annual Allied Professionals Seminar was held at Palo Alto Hills Golf & Country Club on February 13. Nearly 100 lawyers, accountants, financial advisors and other allied professionals attended. Clinical bioethicist Viki Kind spoke about guiding clients and their families to meaningful and financially appropriate decisions at the end of life, and how to create documents that medical personnel will understand and honor. In the afternoon, she spoke to 45 Foundation donors at Los Altos Golf & Country Club about how to create a personalized, quality-of-life statement to include with your advance directive to enhance medically appropriate and compassionate health care decisions. Both talks supported the hospital's current focus on teaching caregivers how to have these important conversations with patients and families. In November, the Foundation made an allocation of unrestricted funds to underwrite this work.

Annual Giving

The annual giving line increased \$172,379 in January, primarily due to 2018 employee giving payroll donation commitments, which totaled \$136,336. Although the campaign concluded in December, any new or continuing payroll donation commitments are projected out through the current calendar year and included in the Annual Giving totals beginning in January. The Foundation raised an additional \$36,043 in annual gifts from H2H membership renewals, Path of Hope, Circle of Caring, responses from the calendar year-end direct mail, Healthy Giving Newsletter, and online donations. The Foundation raised a total of \$481,123 through annual giving by January 31, 2018.

FOUNDATION PERFORMANCE

FY18 Fundraising Report through 1/31/18

| ACTIVITY | | FY18 YTD | FY18 | FY18 | Difference | FY17 YTD | FY16 YTD |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | ACIIVIII | (7/1/17 - 1/31/18) | Goals | % of Goal | Period 6 & 7 | (7/1/16 - 1/31/17) | (7/1/15 - 1/31/16) |
| Maj | or & Planned Gifts | \$2,870,202 | \$3,750,000 | 77% | \$12,194 | \$3,929,932 | \$1,801,663 |
| ts | Spring Event | \$1,000 | \$600,000 | 0% | \$0 | \$21,250 | \$40,700 |
| Events | Golf | \$333,650 | \$300,000 | 111% | \$2,500 | \$273,100 | \$326,205 |
| Special E | South Asian Heart Center Event | \$118,571 | \$300,000 | 40% | \$14,700 | \$113,395 | \$68,991 |
| Spe | Norma's Literary Luncheon | \$162,770 | \$150,000 | 109% | \$60,515 | \$94,020 | \$132,259 |
| Ann | ual Gifts | \$481,123 | \$550,000 | 87% | \$172,379 | \$442,083 | \$429,005 |
| Grai | nts* | - | - | - | - | - | \$52,083 |
| Investment Income | | \$499,351 | \$500,000 | 100% | \$174,654 | \$863,336 | \$456,946 |
| TOTALS | | \$4,466,667 | \$6,150,000 | 73% | \$436,942 | \$5,737,116 | \$3,307,852 |

*Beginning in FY17 Grants is no longer an activity line. Any grants received in the future will either be reflected in the Annual Gifts or Major & Planned Gifts activity line pending funding level.

Highlighted Assets through 1/31/18

| Board Designated Allocations | \$1,209,482 |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Donor Endowments | \$3,319,558 |
| Operational Endowments | \$15,762,427 |
| Pledge Receivables | \$4,778,425 |
| Restricted Donations | \$9,537,726 |
| Unrestricted Donations | \$1,031,427 |

6.3% Investment Return looking back over the last 12 months.